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MILITARY LAWS

OF THE

UNITED STATES;

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

6539 M.

Compiled and Published under Authority of the War Department.

BY TRUEMAN CROSS.

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ADVERTISEMENT.

The subjoined letters, whilst they show the authority by which this compilation is offered to the army, indicate the plan on which it was originally designed to be executed. It was soon perceived however, from the mingled character of the legislation, that the arrangement suggested could not be adhered to—a single act often embracing provisions under each of the several heads of division. This indeed, the compiler, from an acquaintance with the few acts which had previously come under his observation, was already aware of and ought to have borne in mind; but at the moment of the suggestion, he was rather looking to what should be, than to what was, the actual state of things.

It was not without reluctance that he undertook the task, of pronouncing upon the repeal of the several laws: First, from a doubt of his ability—amidst a press of current duties which more than shared his attention, to decide accurately upon so many nice and difficult points; and secondly, from a conviction, that the question of repeal is purely a judicial one, belonging to the competent tribunals to determine. It is, indeed, a right which they cannot surrender; one which no other power can legally exercise. With these impressions, the notes of the compiler have been made, and though they may be found expressed in terms somewhat positive, they should only be regarded as references, or passing admonitions, emanating from authority too humble to be taken as conclusive.

SIR:

I have had it in contemplation for some time, and am prompted to the suggestion at this moment by an increased sense of its importance, to propose, for the use of the army, a compilation of the acts of congress relating thereto. It would embrace all laws of that discription, enacted since the formation of the present government, whether relating to organization, discipline, or administration; and if found convenient, would be arranged under those distinct heads, with a view to facilitate reference. The laws relating to the militia, might also be embraced in the shape of an appendix.

The importance and necessity of such a work, are believed to be apparent. That usually denominated the "Blue Book," cannot, with propriety, be called a substitute for the one proposed. Besides being extremely deficient in matter, its arrangement is regarded as defective.

The propriety of rendering all the *penal* laws accessible to those on whom they are to operate, is sufficiently obvious—and it is believed to be an object of some moment, that the laws relating to organization and administration, though repealed or modified, should, also, be placed within the reach of the army. If they answer no other end by assisting in the fair interpretation of subsequent acts, they would, perhaps, be important, as presenting a complete and connected history of the military legislation—a point on which, there is some dearth of information. Scattered as those laws are at present, through six ponderous volumes of the statutes at large, it is scarcely possible that they ever can become sufficiently known.

A copious index, with now and then a note of reference, indicating essential connections between laws of different dates, would be all that I should add to a naked copy of the laws themselves, taken from an authentic source.

Should the proposition meet your approbation, I would, very cheerfully, devote my leisure to its accomplishment.

I have the honor, &c. &c.

T. CROSS.

Hon. John C. Calhoun, Secretary of War. SIR:

I have received and considered your letter of the 24th instant, suggesting a compilation of the acts of congress, relating to the army and the militia.

The proposition meets my entire approbation, and you are authorized to proceed to the execution of the work as early, and with as much despatch, as your other duties will permit. The plan laid down in your letter will be adhered to, should it not be found impracticable, from the nature of the laws, to observe the classification proposed.

As all the laws will be given, it is desirable, for the sake of practical convenience, to distinguish such as have been repealed by subsequent enactments. A remark to that effect where it is obvious, and a note of reference to direct the readers attention where it is matter of doubt, should, therefore, be inserted.

I have the honor, &c. &c.

J. C. CALHOUN.

Maj. T. Cross,
United States Army.



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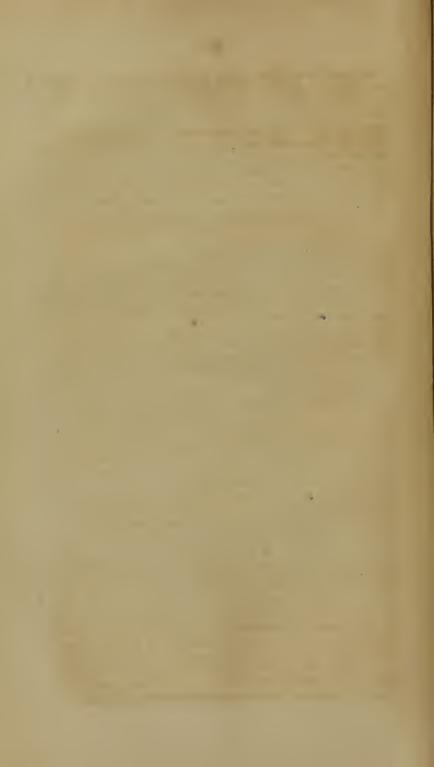
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MILITARY LAWS

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

CHAPTER 1.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1.

1. All legislative powers herein granted, shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECTION 2.

- 1. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.
 - 2. No person shall be a representative who shall not have

attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

- 3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other per-The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three; Massachusetts eight; Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations one; Connecticut five; New York six; New Jersey four; Pennsylvania eight; Delaware one; Maryland six; Virginia ten; North Carolina five; South Carolina five; and Georgia
- 4. When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.
- 5. The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3.

- 1. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.
- 2. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class, shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

3. No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

4. The vice president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be

equally divided.

5. The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president pro tempore, in the absence of the vice president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

6. The senate shall have the sole power totry all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-

thirds of the members present.

7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit, under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to law.

SECTION. 4.

1. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

2. The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION. 5.

1. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications, of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorised to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

2. Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behaviour, and with the

concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

3. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

4. Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two

houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6.

1. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to or returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

2. No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during

his continuance in office.

SECTION. 7.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or

concur with amendments as on other bills.

2. Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law.

But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by year and nays, and the names of the persons

voting for and against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

3. Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary, (except on a question of adjournment,) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8.

The congress shall have power-

1. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises; to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises, shall be uniform throughout the United States:

2. To borrow money on the credit of the United States:

3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes:

4. To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States:

5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures:

6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States:

7. To establish post-offices and post-roads:

8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries:

9. To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court: to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations:

10. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water:

11. To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use, shall be for a longer term than two years:

12. To provide and maintain a navy:

13. To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces:

14. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions:

15. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline

prescribed by congress:

16. To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased, by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings:—and,

17. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9.

1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

2. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the

public safety may require it.

3. No bill of attainder or ex post facto law, shall be passed.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another: nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

6. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money, shall be published from time to time.

7. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United

States, and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.*

SECTION 10.

1. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of

contracts; or grant any title of nobility.

2. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States, and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1.

- 1. The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:
- 2. Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress; but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

3. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they

^{*} See amendments to the constitution, art. 13.

shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives. open all the certificates. and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose, by ballot, one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall, in like manner, choose the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote: a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the vice-president.*

4. The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

5. No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

6. In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

7. The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been

^{*} Superseded—See amendments, art. 12.

elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

8. Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall

take the following oath or affirmation:

9. " I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully " execute the office of president of the United States, and " will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend "the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2.

1. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such interior officers as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the beads of departments.

3. The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next

session.

SECTION 3.

1. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration, such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both bonses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers: he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4.

1. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1.

1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behaviour; and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2.

1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states, between a state and citizens of another state, between citizens of different states, between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects.*

2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the

congress shall make.

3. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

[&]quot;See amendments, art. 11.

SECTION 3.

1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

2. The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of

the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1.

1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings, shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2.

1. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

2. A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

3. No person held to service or labor in one state under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3.

1. New states may be admitted by the congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

2. The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting, the ter-

ritory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECTION 4.

1. The United States shall guaranty to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

1. The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution; or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

- 1. All debts contracted and engagements entered intobefore the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.
- 2. This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby; any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 3. The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and

of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution: but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

1. The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution

between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention, by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America, the twelfth. In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,

President, and deputy from Virginia.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. John Langdon. Nicholas Gilman. MASSACHUSETTS. Nathaniel Gorham, Rufus King. CONNECTICUT. Wm. Samuel Johnson, Roger Sherman. NEW YORK. Alexander Hamilton. NEW JERSEY. William Livingston, David Brearly, William Patterson, Jonathan Dayton. PENNSYLVANIA. Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Mifflin, Robert Morris, George Clymer, Thomas Fitzsimons, Jared Ingersoll, James Wilson, Governeur Morris.

Attest,

DELAWARE. George Read, Gunning Bedford, jun. John Dickinson, Richard Bassett. Jacob Broom. MARYLAND. James M'Henry, Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer. Daniel Carroll. VIRGINIA. John Blair, James Madison, jun. NORTH CAROLINA. William Blount, Richard Dobbs Spaight, Hugh Williamson. SOUTH CAROLINA. John Rutledge, Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, Charles Pinckney, Pierce Butler. GEORGIA. William Few, Abraham Baldwin. WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or probibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.*

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the

*It is not perceived, that the "manner" of quartering soldiers in time of war, without the consent of the owners of houses, has yet been prescribed by law.

right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in confroversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.*

1. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their hallots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice president; and they shall make dis-

^{*}See article 2, section 1, clause 3.

tinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted: the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

2. The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president: a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the

whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

3. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president, shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

If any citizen of the United States shall accept, claim, receive, or retain any title of nohility or honor, or shall, without the consent of congress, accept and retain any present, pension, office, or emolument of any kind whatever, from any emperor, king, prince, or foreign power, such person shall cease to be a citizen of the United States, and shall be incapable of holding any office of trust or profit under them, or either of them.

CHAPTER 2.

In Congress-September 20, 1776.

Resolved. That from and after the publication of the following articles, in the respective armies of the United States, the rules and articles by which the said armies have heretofore been governed,* shall be, and they are, hereby repealed.

+ SECTION I.

ARTICLE 1. That every officer who shall be retained tained, shall sub-in the army of the United States, shall, at the time of soul exceptations his acceptance of his commission, subscribe these rules and regulations.

and regulations.

ART 2. It is earnestly recommended to all officers Divine serviceand soldiers diligently to attend divine service: and all and penalty for officers and soldiers who shall behave indecently, or ir-misbehaviour. reverently, at any place of divine worship, shall, if commissioned officers, be brought before a general courtmartial, there to be publicly and severely reprimanded by the president; if non-commissioned officers or soldiers, every person so offending shall, for his first offence, forfeit one-sixth of a dollar, to be deducted out of his next pay; for the second offence, he shall not only forfeit a like sum, but be confined for twenty-four hours: and, for every like offence, shall suffer and pay in like manner; which money, so forfeited, shall be applied to the use of the sick soldiers of the troop or company to which the offender belongs.

ART. 3 Whatsoever non-commissioned officer or sol-Profane sweardier shall use any profane oath or execuation, shall in therefor, cur the penalties expressed in the foregoing article; and if a commissioned officer be thus guilty of profane cursing or swearing, he shall forfeit and pay, for each

and every such offence, two-thirds of a dollar.

ART. 4 Every chaplain who is commissioned to a re- Chaplain-pegiment, company, troop, or garrison, and shall absent absence, himself from the said regiment, company, troop, or garrison. (excepting in case of sickness or leave of absence) shall be brought to a court martial, and be fined not exceeding one month's pay, besides the loss of his pay

* See resolutions of 30th of June, and 7th of November, 1775-con-

tained in supplement to this volume.

[†] These rules and articles with their supplements, were adopted for the army of the United States, under the constitution, and remained in force till 1806 when they were repealed and supplied-See chap. 11, sec. 4, and chap. 50, sec. 3.

during his absence, or he discharged, as the said courtmartial shall judge most proper.

SECTION II.

Traitorous or disresportal words against congress or state legislatures.

Whatsoever officer or soldier shall presume to use traitorous or disrespectful words against the authority of the United States in Congress assembled, or the legislature of any of the United States in which he may be quartered, if a commissioned officer, he shall be cashiered: if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, he shall suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted upon him by the sentence of a court martial.

Contempt or disrespect towards the general-in-chief.

therefor.

ART. 2. Any officer or soldier who shall behave himself with contempt or disrespect towards the general, or other commander-in-chief of the forces of the United States, or shall speak words tending to his hart or dishonor, shall be punished according to the nature of his offence, by the judgment of a court-martial.

Mutiny-penalty

ART. 3. Any officer or soldier who shall begin, excite, cause or join in any mutiny or sedition, in the troop, company, or regiment to which he belongs, or in any other troop or company in the service of the United States, or in any part, post, detachment, or guard, on any pretence whatsoever, shall suffer death. or such other punishment as by a court martial shall be

Suppression of for uniting ut-

ART. 4. Any officer, non-commissioned officer, or solmuniny-penalty dier, who, being present at any mutiny or sedition, does most endeavors, not use his utmost endeavor to suppress the same, or coming to the knowledge of any intended mutiny, does not, without delay, give information thereof to his commanding officer, shall be punished by a court martial with death, or otherwise, according to the nature of the offence.

Resistance to military supedience of law ful commands.

ART. 5. Any officer or soldier who shall strike his superior officer, or draw, or shall lift up any weapon, or offer any violence against him, being in the execution of his office, on any pretence whatsoever, or shall disobey any lawful command of his superior officer, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall, according to the nature of his offence, be inflicted upon him by the sentence of a court martial.

SECTION III.

ART. 1. Every non-commissioned officer and sol-Articles of war dier, who shall enlist himself in the service of the United oath administered to recruits States, shall at the time of his so enditing, or within six days afterwards, have the articles for the governon enlistment.

ment of the forces of the United States read to him, and shall, by the officer who enlisted him, or by the commanding efficer of the troop or company into which he was enlisted, be taken before the next justice of the peace, or chief magistrate of any city or town corporate, not being an officer of the army, or, where recon se cannot be had to the civil magistrate, before the judge advocate, and, in his presence, shall take the following oath, or affirmation, if conscientiously scrupulous about taking an oath:

I swear, or affirm, (as the case may be,) to be true to oath. the United States of America, and to serve them honestly and faithfully against all their enemies or opposers whatsoever; and to observe and obey the orders of the Continental Congress, and the orders of the generals and officers set over me by them.

Which justice or magistrate is to give the officer a certificate, signifying that the man enlisted, did take the

said oath or affirmation.

ART. 2. After a non-commissioned officer or soldier Discharge of shall have been duly enlisted and sworn, he shall not ed officers and be dismissed the service without a discharge in writing; soldiers. and no discharge, granted to him, shall be allowed of as sufficient, which is not signed by a field officer of the regiment into which he was enlisted, or commanding officer, where no field officer of the regiment is in the same state.

SECTION IV.

ART. 1. Every officer commanding a regiment, Musters. troop, or company, shall, upon the notice given to him by the commissary of musters, or from one of his deputies, assemble the regiment, troop, or company, under his command, in the next convenient place for their being mustered.

ART 2. Every colonel or other field officer com Furloughs to manding the regiment, troop or company, and actually ed officers and residing with it, may give furloughs to non-commission-solders—hintagened officers and soldiers, in such numbers, and for so whom grantes. long a time, as he shall judge to be most consistent with the good of the service; but, no non-commissiqued officer or soldier shall, by leave of his captain, or inferior officer, commanding the troop or company (his field officer not being present) be absent above twenty days in six months, nor shall more than two private men be absent at the same time from their troop or company, excepting some extraordinary occasion shall

require it, of which occasion the field officer, present with, and commanding the regiment, is to be the judge.

Absentces at

ART. 3. At every muster, the commanding officer of musurs—erron each regiment, troop, or company, there present, shall give to the commissary, certificates, signed by himself, signifying how long such officers, who shall not appear at the said muster, have been absent, and the reason of their absence; in like manner, the commanding officer of every troop or company shall give certificates, signifying the reasons of the absence of the non-commissioned officers and private soldiers; which reasons, and time of absence, shall be inserted in the muster rolls opposite to the names of the respective absent officers and soldiers: The said certificates shall, together with the muster rolls, be remitted by the commissary to the Congress, as speedily as the distance of place will admit.

False certificate.

ART. 4 Every officer who shall be convicted before a general court martial of having signed a false certificate, relating to the absence of either officer or private soldier, shall be cashiered.

False musters-

ART. 5. Every officer who shall knowingly make a penalty therefor, false muster of man or horse, and every officer or commissary who shall willingly sign, direct, or allow the signing of the muster rolls, wherein such false muster is contained, shall, upon proof made thereof by two witnesses before a general court martial, be cashiered, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any office or employment in the service of the United States.

Commissary of musters receiv-

ART 6. Any commissary who shall be convicted of having taken money, or any other thing, by way of mg money by way of gratification, on the mustering any regiment, troop, or company, or on the signing the muster rolls, shall be displaced from his office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any office or employment under the United States,

Musters of persons not soldiers.

ART. 7. Any officer who shall presume to muster any person as a soldier, who is, at other times, accustomed to wear a livery, or who does not actually do his duty as a soldier, shall be deemed guilty of having made a false muster, and shall suffer accordingly.

SECTION V.

False returns.

ART. 1. Every officer who shall knowingly make a false return to the Congress, or any committee thereof. to the commander-in-chief of the forces of the United States, or to any, his superior officer, authorized to call for such returns, of the state of the regiment, troop, or company, or garrison, under his command, or of arms, ammunition, clothing, or other stores thereunto

belonging, shall, by a court martial, be cashiered.

ART. 2. The commanding officer of every regiment. Monthly returns troop, or independent company, or garrison of the congress and the commander United States, shall, in the beginning of every month, in chief-penalty remit to the commander-in-chief of the American forces, for failure and to the Congress, an exact return of the state of the regiment, troop, independent company, or garrison under his command, specifying the names of the officers not then residing at their posts, and the reason for, and time of, their absence: Whoever shall be convicted of having, through neglect or design, omitted the sending such returns, shall be punished according to the nature of his crime, by the judgment of a general court martial.

SECTION VI.

ART. 1. All officers and soldiers who, having Desertion-penalty of. received pay, or having been duly enlisted in the service of the United States, shall be convicted of having deserted the same, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a court martial shall be inflicted.

ART. 2. Any non-commissioned officer or soldier. Absence without who shall, without leave from his commanding officer, absent himself from his troop or company, or from any detachment with which he shall be commanded, shall, upon being convicted thereof, be punished, according to the nature of his offence, at the discretion of a court

martial.

ART. 3. No non-commissioned officer or soldier shall Re-enlisting beenlist himself in any other regiment, troop or company, deemed deserwithout a regular discharge from the regiment, troop entertaining deor company, in which he last served, on the penalty of seriers. being reputed a deserter, and suffering accordingly: And in case any officer shall, knowingly, receive and entertain such non-commissioned officer or soldier, or shall not, after his being discovered to be a deserter, immediately confine him, and give notice thereof to the corps in which he last served, he, the said officer so offending, shall, by a court martial, be cashiered.

ART. 4. Whatsoever officer or soldier shall be con-Advising deservicted of having advised or persuaded any other officer tion, or soldier to desert the service of the United States, shall suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted upon

him by the sentence of a court martial.

SECTION VII.

Reproachful or provoking speeches, &c. prohibited.

ART. 1. No officer or soldier shall use any reproachful or provoking speeches or gestures to another. nnon pain, if an officer, of being put in arrest; if a soldier, immrisoned, and of asking pardon of the party offended, in the presence of his commanding officer.

Duelling-challenges to fight prohibited.

ART, 2. No officer or soldier shall presume to send a challenge to any other officer or soldier, to fight a duel, upon pain, if a commissioned officer, of being cashiered, if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, of suffering corporeal punishment, at the discretion of a court martial

Commanders of guards suffering persons to go forth to fight duels, to be pun-ished as challengers.

ART. 3. If any commissioned or non-commissioned officer commanding a gnard, shall, knowingly and willingly, suffer any person whatsoever to go forth to fight a duel, he shall be punished as a challenger: And likewise all seconds, promoters, and carriers of challenges, in order to duels, shall be deemed as principals and be punished accordingly.

Quelling frays and quarrels.

ART. 4. All officers, of what condition soever, have power to part and quell all quarrels, fra s, and disorders, though the persons concerned should belong to another regiment, troop or company; and either to order officers into arrest, or non-commission d officers or soldiers to prison, till their proper superior officers shall be acquainted therewith; and whosoever shall refuse to obey such officer (though of an inferior rank) or shall draw his sword upon him, shall be punished at the discretion of a general court martial.

upbraiding another for refus-

Art. 5. Whatsoever officer or soldier shall upbraid an-Officer or soldier other for refusing a challenge, shall himself be punished other for refusing a challenger; and all officers and soldiers are hereby to be punished as discharged of any disgrace, or opinion of disadvantage, a challenger. which might arise from their having refused to accept of challenges, as they will only have acted in bledience to the orders of Congress, and done their daty as good soldiers, who subject themselves to discipline

SECTION VIII.

Suclers

No sutler shall be permitted to sell any kind of liquors or victuals, or to keep their houses or shops open, for the entertainment of soldiers, after nine at night, or before the beating of the reveilles, or upon Sundays, during divine service, or sermon, on the penalty of being dismissed from all future sutling.

ART. 2. All officers, soldiers, and sutlers, shall have Introduction of provisions, &c. full liberty to bring into any of the forts or garrisons of the United American States, any quantity or species of into garrison or provisions, eatable or drinkable, except where any contract or contracts are, or shall be entered into by Congress, or by their order, for furnishing such provisions, and with respect only to the species of provisions so contracted for.*

ART. 3. All officers commanding in the forts, bar-sutters to supracks, or garrisons of the United States, are hereby wholesome prorequired to see, that the persons permitted to sutle, visious at the market price, shall supply the soldiers with good and wholesome provisions at the warket price, as they shall be answerable

for their neglect

ART. 4. No officers commanding in any of the gar-Commanding of risons, forts, or barracks of the United States, shall act exorbitant either themselves exact exorbitant prices for houses or rent for houses, stalls let out to sutlers, or shall connive at the like ex-lers nor to be actions in others; nor, by their own authority and for sale of supplies, their private advantage, shall they lay any fluty or im-or to lay any position upon, or be interested in the sale of such victuals, their private advantage. liquors, or other necessaries of life, which are brought into the garrison, fort, or barracks, for the use of the soldiers, on the penalty of being discharged from the service.

SECTION IX.

ART. 1. Every officer commanding in quarters, gar-commanding of risons, or on a march, shall keep good order, and, to the good order in utmost of his power, redress all such abuses or disor-quarters, &c. ders which may be committed by any officer or soldier buses to the utumler his command; if, upon complaint made to him of nower. officers or soldiers beating, or otherwise ill-treating any person; of disturbing fairs or markets, or of committing any kind of riots to the disquieting of the good people of the United States; he the said commander, who shall refuse or omit to see justice done on the offender or offenders, and reparation made to the party or parties injured, as far as part of the offender's pay shall enable him or them, shall, upon proof thereof, be punished, by a general court martial, as if he himself had committed the crimes or disorders complained of.

SECTION X.

ART. 1. Whenever any officer or soldier shall be ac-officers and soldiers decided of a capital crime, or of having used violence, or capital crime, or committed any offence against the persons or property cinzens, to be delivered up to of the good people of any of the United American States, the civil magis-

^{*} Repealed and supplied by resolution of 14th April, 1777—See chap. 3 art. 1.

plication duly

trates, upon ap- such as is punishable by the known laws of the land, the commanding officer and officers of every regiment, troop, or party, to which the person or persons so accused shall belong, are hereby required, upon application duly made by or in behalf of the party or parties injured, to use his utmost endeavors to deliver over such accused person or persons to the civil magistrate; and likewise to be aiding and assisting to the officers of justice in apprehending and securing the person or persons so accused, in order to bring them to a trial. If any commanding officer or officers shall wilfully neglect or shall refuse, upon the application aforesaid, to deliver over such accused person or persons to the civil magistrates, or to be aiding and assisting to the officers of justice in apprehending such person or persons, the officer or officers so offending shall be cashiered.

No person to be protected from his creditors on pretence of being a soldier.

ART. 2. No officer shall protect any person from his creditors, on the pretence of his being a soldier, nor any non-commissioned officer or soldier who does not actually do all duties as such, and no farther than is allowed by a resolution of Congress, bearing date the 26th day of December, 1775.* Any officer offending herein, being convicted thereof before a court martial, shall be cashiered.

SECTION XI.

ances of con missioned offi-

ART. 1. If any officer shall think himself to be Redress of griev- wronged by his colonel, or the commanding officer of the regiment, and shall, upon due application made to him, be refused to be redressed, he may complain to the general, commanding in chief the forces of the United States, in order to obtain justice, who is hereby reguired to examine into the said complaint, and, either

Tuesday, December 26, 1775.*

Whereas there is reason to believe, that divers persons, either from inattention to the public good, or with design to retard the recruiting service, have arrested and imprisoned, for very trifling debts, many soldiers, who had engaged to risque their lives in detence of the liberties of America; a d. as it has always been found necessary, in time of war, to regulate and restrain a practice of such pernicious tendency, and in such

cases, to abate the rigour of the law:.

Resolved, therefore, That it be recommended to the several legislatures in these colonies, whether assemblies or conventions, to pass acts or ordinances, prohibiting the arrests of continental soldiers for small debts; and in order that the same rule may pervade all the colonies, that no soldier be arrested at the suit of any of his creditors, unless the said creditor make oath, that the said soldier is justly indebted to him in the sum of thirty five dollars over and above all discounts; and that the es are of no such soldier be liable to attachment at the suit of, or for the benefit of all his creditors, unless their debts in the whole, on being ascertained by their oaths, shall amount to more than one hundred and fifty dollars, \

by himself, or the board of war, to make report to Congress thereupon, in order to receive further directions*.

ART. 2. If any inferior officer or soldier shall think Redress of grievhimself wronged by his captain, or other officer com-rior officers and manding the troop or company to which he belongs, he soldiers. is to complain thereof to the commanding officer of the regiment, who is hereby required to summon a regimental court-martial, for the doing justice to the complainant; from which regimental court-martial either party may, if he think himself still aggrieved, appeal to a general court-martial; but if, upon a second hearing, the appeal shall appear to be vexations and groundless, the person so appealing shall be punished at the discretion of the said general court-martial.

SECTION XII.

ART. 1. Whatsoever commissioned officer, store-Embezzlement keeper, or commissary, shall be convicted at a general application of court-martial of having sold (without a proper order for by officers. that purpose) embezzled, misapplied, or wilfully, or through neglect, suffered any of the provisions, forage, arms, clothing, ammunition, or other military stores belonging to the United States, to be spoiled or damaged, the said officer, store keeper, or commissary so offending, shall, at his own charge, make good the loss or damage, shall moreover forfeit all his pay, and be dismissed from the service.

ART. 2. Whatsoever non-commissioned officer or sol- of amountion dier shall be convicted, at a regimental court-martial. by non-commissioned officers of having sold, or designedly, or through neglect, and soldiers. wasted the ammunition delivered out to him to be employed in the service of the United States, shall, if a non commissioned officer, be reduced to a pricate sentinel, and shall besides suffer corporeal punishment in the same manner as a private sentinel so offending, at the discretion of a regimental court-martial.

ART. 3. Every non-commissioned officer or soldier who horse, and milishall be convicted at a court martial of having sald, lost tary equipments. or spoiled, through neglect, his horse, arms, clothes or accontrements, shall undergo such weekly stoppages (not exceeding the half of his pay) as a court-martial shall judge sufficient for repairing the loss or damage; and shall suffer imprisonment, or such other corporeal punishment, as his crime shall deserve.

*Repealed and supplied by resolution of 14th April, 1777—See chap. 3, art. 2.

Embezziement and misappliention of public money. ART. 4. Every officer who shall be convicted at a court martial, of having embezzled or misapplied any money with which he may have been entrusted for the payment of the men under his command, or for enlisting men into the service, it a commissioned officer, shall be cashiered and compelled to refund the money; if a non-commissioned officer, shall be reduced to serve in the ranks as a private soldier, be put under stoppages until the money be made good, and suffer such corporeal punishment, (not extending to life or limb) as the court-martial shall think fit.

Captains charged with the supplies for their companies.

ART. 5. Every captain of a troop or company is charged with the arms, accouragements, ammunition, clothing, or other warlike stores belonging to the troop or company under his command, which he is to be accountable for to his colonel, in case of their being lest, spoiled, or damaged, not by unavoidable accidents, or on actual service.

SECTION XIII.

Absence from camp without leave.

ART. 1. All non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who shall be found one mile from the camp, without leave, in writing, from their commanding officer, shall suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted upon them by the sentence of a court-martial.

Lying out of quarters, &c. without leave.

ART. 2. No officer or soldier shall lie out of his quarters, garrison, or camp, without leave from his superior officer, upon penalty of being punished according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a courtmartial.

Retiring to quarters at retreat beat. ART. 3. Every non-commissioned officer and soldier shall retire to his quarters or tent at the heating of the retreat; in default of which he shall be punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the commanding officer.

Absence from parade.

ART. 4. No officer, non-commissioned officer, or soldier, shall fail of repairing, at the time fixed, to the place of parade or exercise, or other rendezvous appointed by his commanding officer, if not prevented by sickness, or some other evident necessity; or shall go from the said place of rendezvous, or from his guard, without leave from his commanding officer, before he shall be regularly dismissed or relieved, on the penalty of being punished according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a court-martial.

Arr. 5. Whatever commissioned officer shall be Drunkeuness on found drunk on his guard, party, or other duty under

arms, shall be cashiered for it; any non-commissioned guard or other officer or soldier so offending, shall suffer such carpo-duy. real punishment as shall be inflicted by the sentence of a court-martial.

ART. 6. Whatever sentinel shall be found sleening upon his post, or shall leave it before be shall be regn. Seminels sleeplarly relieved, shall suffer death, or such other punish, ing on postment as shall be inflicted by the sentence of a courtmartial

ART. 7. No soldier belonging to any regiment, troop. or company, shall hire another to do his duty for him, Hiring of duty, or be excused from duty, but in case of sickness, disability, or leave of absence; and every such soldier found guilty of hiring his duty, as also the party so hired to do another's duty, shall be punished at the next regimental court-martial.

ART. 8. And every non-commissioned officer conniving at such hiring of duty as aforesaid, shall he re Commission at the duced for it; and every commissioned officer, knowing and allowing of such ill-practices in the service, shall be punished by the judgment of a general court-martial.

ART. 9. Any person, belonging to the forces employed in the service of the United States, who, by discharging False alarms. of fire-arms, drawing of swords, beating of drums, or by any other means whatsoever, shall occasion false alarms in camp, garrison or quarters, shall suffer death, or such other nunishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ART. 10. Any officer or soldier who shall, without urgent necessity, or without the leave of his superior offi- aming the cer quit his platoon or division, shall be munished, according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a

court-martial ART. 11. No officer or soldier shall do violence to any person who brings provisions or other necessaries violence to trato the camp, garrison or quarters of the forces of the ders. United States employed in parts out of said states, on pain of death, or such other punishment as a court-martial shall direct.

ART. 12. Whatspever officer or soldier shall mishe- cowardice. have himself before the enemy, or shamefully abandon any post committed to his charge, or shall speak words inducing others to do the like, shall suffer death.

ART. 13. Whatsoever officer or soldier shall misbe-Mishehaviour have himself before the enemy, and run away, or before the enemy, and run away, or himself before the enemy. shamefully abandon any fort, post or guard, which he after victory. or they shall be commanded to defend, or speak words

inducing others to do the like; or who, after victory, shall quit his commanding officer, or post, to plunder and pillage; every such offender, being duly convicted thereof, shall be reputed a disobeyer of military orders; and shall suffer death, or such other punishment, as, by a general court-martial, shall be inflicted on him.

Casting away arıns, &c.

ART. 14. Any person, belonging to the forces of the United States, who shall cast away his arms and ammunition, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general courtmartial.

Imparting watch word to perto receive it.

ART. 15. Any person, belonging to the forces of the United States, who shall make known the watch-word to any person who is not entitled to receive it according to the rules and discipline of war, or shall presume to give a parole or watch-word different from what he received, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general courtmartial.

Officers and soldiers to behave orderly in quarters and on marches-not to spoil unless by order of the commander inchief.

ART. 16. All officers and soldiers are to behave themselves orderly in quarters, and on their march; and whosoever shall commit any waste or spoil, either in commit waste or walks of trees, parks, warrens, fish-ponds, houses or gardens, corn-fields, enclosures or meadows, or shall maliciously destroy any property whatsoever belonging to the good people of the United States, unless by order of the then commander-in-chief of the forces of the said states, to annoy rebels or other enemies in arms against said states, he or they that shall be found guilty of offending herein, shall (besides such penalties as they are liable to by law) be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence, by the judgment of a regimental or general court-martial.

Forcing safe guards.

ART. 17. Whosoever, belonging to the forces of the United States, employed in foreign parts, shall force a safe-guard, shall suffer death.

Relieving the enemy.

ART. 18. Whosoever shall relieve the enemy with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbor or protect an enemy, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a court martial shall be inflicted.

Holding correspondence with the enemy.

ART. 19. Whosoever shall be convicted of holding correspondence with, or giving intelligence to the enemy, either directly or indirectly, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a court-martial shall be inflicted.

Public stores captured from the enemy.

ART. 20. All public stores taken in the enemy's camp, towns, forts or magazines, whether of artillery, ammunition, clothing, forage or provisions, shall be secured for the service of the United States; for the neglect of which the commanders-in-chief are to be answerable.

ART. 21. If any officer or soldier shall leave his post Leaving post or or colors to go in search of plunder, he shall upon of plunder, being convicted thereof before a general court-martial, suffer death, or such other punishment as by a courtmartial shall be inflicted.

ART. 22. If any commander of any garrison, fortress Posts, forcibly or post, shall be compelled by the officers or soldiers surrendered by their garrisons. under his command, to give up to the enemy, or to abandon it, the commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers, or soldiers, who shall be convicted of having so offended, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be inflicted upon them by the sentence of a

court-martial.

ART. 23. All sutlers and retainers to a camp, and all Sotters and repersons whatsoever serving with the armies of the orders. United States, in the field, though no enlisted soldier, are to be subject to orders, according to the rules and discipline of war.

ART. 24. Officers having brevets, or commissions of Brevets and for. a prior date to those of the regiment in which they now mer commis-when to serve, may take place in courts-martial and on detach-take effects ments, when composed of different corps, according to the ranks given them in their brevets or dates of their former commissions; but in the regiment, troop, or company to which such brevet officers and those who have commissions of a prior date do belong, they shall do duty and take rank both on court-martial and on detachments which shall be composed only of their own corps, according to the commissions by which they are mustered in the said corps.

ART. 25 If upon marches, guards, or in quarters, Troops joining different corps shall happen to join or do duty together, on angrehes, guards or in the eldest officer by commission there, on duty, or in quarters—close the eldest officer by commission there. quarters, shall command the whole, and give out orders and the whole for what is needful to the service; regard being always and give out orders to what is had to the several ranks of those corps, and the posts needful to the service.

they usually occupy.

ART. 26. And in like manner also, if any regiments. Troops marching or encamped troops, or detachments of horse or foot, shall happen to together—eldest march with, or be encamped or quartered with any bo-respect meorys dies or detachments of other troops in the service of the shall command the whole. United States, the eldest officer, without respect to corps, shall take upon him the command of the whole, and give the necesary orders to the service.

SECTION XIV.*

General courtsmarrial not to consist of less

ART. 1. A general court-martial in the United States shall not consist of less than thirteen commissioned offithan thirteen countissioned of cers. and the president of such court-martial shall not be the commander-in-chief or commandant of the garrison where the offender shall be tried, nor be under the degree of a field officer.

M mbers to take to the composi-

ART. 2. The members both of general and regimental rank according courts-martial shall, when belonging to different corps, to the composiwhen courts-martial shall be composed of officers of one corps, they shall take their ranks according to the dates of the commissions, by which they are mustered in the said corps.

Judge advocate general to proscente in the United States.

ART. 3. The judge advocate general, or some person dennted by him, shall prosecute in the name of the United States of America; and in trials of offenders by general courts-martial, administer to each member the following oaths:

Oaths of membees.

"You shall well and truly try and determine, according to your evidence, the matter now before you, between the United States of America, and the prisoners to be

So help you God.

"You A. B. do swear, that you will duly administer justice according to the rules and articles for the better government of the forces of the United States of America, without partiality, favor, or affection; and if any doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said articles, according to your conscience, the best of your understanding, and the custom of war in the like cases. And you do further swear, that you will not divulge the sentence of the court, until it shall be approved of by the general, or commander-in-chief; neither will you, upon any account, at any time whatever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness by a court of justice, in a due course of law. So help you God."

And as soon as the said oath shall have been administered to the respective members, the president of the court shall administer to the judge-advocate, or person officiating as such, an oath in the following words:

Oath of indge advocate.

"You A. B. do swear, that you will not, upon any ac-

^{*} This section, and such articles as relate to the holding of courtsmartial and confirmation of sentences, were repealed and supplied by resolutions of the 31st of May, 1786-See chap. 8.

count, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the courtmartial, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witness, by a court of justice, in a due course of law. So help you God."

ART. 4. All the members of a court-martial are to Behaviour of hehave with calmness and decency; and in the giving of members, and mode of voting. their votes, are to begin with the youngest in com-

ART. 5. All persons who give evidence before a ge-witnesses to be neval court martial, are to be examined upon oath; and oath—two-thirds no sentence of death shall be given against any offender of the members necessary to a by any general court martial, unless two-thirds of the sentence of death, officers present shall concur therein.

ART. 6. All persons called to give evidence, in any winesses recause, before a court-martial, who shall refuse to give evidence, punevidence, shall be punished for such refusal, at the dis-ishable. cretion of such court-martial: The oath to be administered in the following form, viz.

"You swear the evidence you shall give in the cause Oath of witnesses now in hearing, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and

nothing but the truth. So help you God."

ART. 7. No field-officer shall be tried by any person Field officersunder the degree of a captain; nor shall any proceedings trial of hours of or trials be carried on excepting between the hours of eight in the morning and of three in the afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate example.

ART. 8. No sentence of a general court-martial shall sentences of gebe put in execution, till after a report shall be made of marrial. the whole proceedings to Congress, or to the general or commander-in-chief of the forces of the United States. and their or his directions be signified thereupon *

ART. 9. For the more equitable decision of disputes bewhich may arise between officers and soldiers belonging tween individuals of duferent to different corps, it is hereby directed, that the courts-corps. martial shall be equally composed of officers belonging to the corps in which the parties in question do then serve; and that the presidents shall be taken by turns, beginning with that corps which shall be eldest in rank.

ART. 10. The commissioned officers of every regi- Regimental ment may, by the appointment of their colonel or com-courts martinmanding officer, hold regimental courts-martial for the inquiring into such disputes, or criminal matters, as may come before them, and for the inflicting corporeal punishments for small offences, and shall give judgment by the majority of voices; but no sentence shall be ex-

^{*} Repealed and supplied by resolution of 14th April, 1777—See chap. 3, art. 3.

ecuted till the commanding officer (not being a member of the court-martial) or the commandant of the garrison, shall have confirmed the same.

Organization of Regimental courts martial,

ART. 11. No regimental court-martial shall consist of less than five officers, excepting in cases where that number cannot conveniently be assembled, when three may be sufficient; who are likewise to determine upon the sentence by the majority of voices; which sentence is to be confirmed by the commanding officer of the regiment, not being a member of the court-martial.

Garrison or detachment courtsmartial.

ART. 12. Every officer commanding in any of the forts, barracks, or elsewhere, where the corps under his command consists of detachments from different regiments, or of independent companies, may assemble courts-martial for the trial of offenders in the same manner as if they were regimental, whose sentence is not to be executed until it shall be confirmed by the said commanding officer.

Dismissal of commissioned

ART. 13. No commissioned officer shall be cashiered or dismissed from the service, excepting by an order from the Congress, or by the sentence of a general court martial; but non-commissioned officers may be discharged as private soldiers, and, by the order of the colonel of the regiment, or by the sentence of a regimental court-martial, be reduced to private sentinels.

Conduct in presence of courts martial, &c.

Art. 14. No person whatever shall use menacing words, signs, or gestures, in the presence of a courtmartial then sitting, or shall cause any disorder or riot. so as to disturb their proceedings, on the penalty of being punished at the discretion of the said courtmartial.

Offenders to be arrested and confined,

ART. 15. To the end that offenders may be brought to justice, it is hereby directed, that whenever any officer or soldier shall commit a crime deserving punishment, he shall, by his commanding officer, if an officer, be put in arrest; if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, be imprisoned till be shall be either tried by a court-martial, or shall be lawfully discharged by a proper authority.

Limitation of arment.

Art. 16. No officer or soldier who shall be put in arrest and confine rest or imprisonment, shall continue in his confinement more than eight days, or till such time as a court-martial can be conveniently assembled,

Refusal to reecive prisoners.

ART. 17. No officer commanding a guard, or provostmartial, shall refuse to receive or keep any prisoner committed to his charge, by any officer belonging to the forces of the United States; which officer shall, at the same time, deliver an account in writing, signed by himself, of the crime with which the said prisoner is charged.

ART. 18. No officer commanding a guard, or provost-Release and esemartial, shall presume to release any prisoner commit- ers. ted to his charge without proper authority for so doing: nor shall be suffer any prisoner to escape, on the penalty of being punished for it by the sentence of a courtmartial.

ART. 19. Every officer or provost-martial to whose Provost martial charge prisoners shall be committed, is hereby re-reports of priquired, within twenty-four hours after such commit-soners confined. ment, or as soon as he shall be relieved from his guard, to give in writing to the colonel of the regiment to whom the prisoner belongs (where the prisoner is confined upon the guard belonging to the said regiment, and that his offence only relates to the neglect of duty in his own corps) or to the commander-in-chief, their names, their crimes, and the names of the officers who committed them, on the penalty of his being punished for his disobedience or neglect, at the discretion of a court-martial.

ART. 20. And if any officer under arrest, shall leave Breach of arrest. his confinement before he is set at liberty by the officer who confined him, or by a superior power, he shall be cashiered for it.

ART. 21. Whatsoever commissioned officer shall be conduct unbeconvicted, before a general court-martial, of behaving coming an offiin a scandalous, infamous manner, such as is unbe-man. coming the character of an officer and a gentleman, shall be discharged from the service.

ART. 22. In all cases where a commissioned officer is officers eashiercashiered for cowardice or fraud, it shall be added in ed for coward-the punishment, that the crime, name, place of abode, sentence to be published in and punishment of the delinquent, be published in the newspapers, in and about the camp, and of that particu camp, and of the lar state from which the offender came, or usually re-the offender sides: After which, it shall be deemed scandalous for came. any officer to associate with him.

SECTION XV.

ART. 1. When any commissioned officer shall happen Effects of comto die, or be killed in the service of the United States, missioned offi-the major of the regiment, or the officer doing the ma are killed in ser-journe duty in his absence, shall immediately secure all his vice. jor's duty in his absence, shall immediately secure all his effects, or equipage, then in camp or quarters; and shall, before the next regimental court-martial, make an inventory thereof, and forthwith transmit the same to the

office of the board of war, to the end, that his executors may, after payment of his dehts in quarters and interment, receive the overplus, if any be, to his or their use.

ficers and sol-diers who shall

ART. 2. When any non-commissioned officer or solcommissioned of dier shall happen to die, or to be killed in the service of the United States, the then commanding officer of the happen to die or be killed in ser- troop or company, shall, in the presence of two other commissioned officers, take an account of whatever effects he dies possessed of, above his regimental clothing. arms and accontrements, and transmit the same to the office of the board at war; which said effects are to be accounted for, and paid to the representative of such deceased non-commissioned officer or soldier. case any of the officers, so authorized to take care of the effects of dead officers and soldiers, should, before they shall have accounted to their representatives for the same, have occasion to leave the regiment, by preferment or otherwise, they shall, before they be permitted to quit the same, deposit in the hands of the commanding officer, or of the agent of the regiment, all the effects of such deceased non-commissioned officers and soldiers, in order that the same may be secured for, and paid to, their respective representatives.

SECTION XVI.

Artillery subject to rules and ar-

ART. 1. All officers, conductors, gunners, matrosses, drivers, or any other persons whatsoever, receiving pay or hire in the service of the artillery of the United States, shall be governed by the aforesaid rules and articles, and shall be subject to be tried by courts martial, in like manner with the officers and soldiers of the other troops in the service of the United States.

martial.

ART. 2. For differences arising amongst themselves, Artillery courts or in matters relating solely to their own corps, the courts-martial may be composed of their own officers; but where a number sufficient of such officers cannot be assembled, or in matters wherein other corps are interested, the officers of artillery shall sit in courts-martial with the officers of the other corps, taking their rank according to the dates of their respective commissions, and no otherwise.

SECTION XVII.

ART. 1. The officers and soldiers of any troops, whe-Militia. &c. when in contither minutemen, militia, or others, being mustered and nental pay, sub-ject to these in continental pay, shall, at all times, and in all places, rules and artiwhen joined or acting in conjunction with the regular cles of war.

forces of the United States, be governed by these rules or articles of war, and shall be subject to be tried by courts-martial in like manner with the officers and soldiers in the regular forces, save only that such courtsmartial shall be composed entirely of militia officers of the same provincial corns with the offender.

That such militia and minute-men as are now in service, and have, by particular contract with their respective states, engaged to be governed by particular regulations while in continental service, shall not be subject

to the above articles of war.

ART. 2. For the future, all general officers and co- officers of the lonels, serving by commission from the authority of any regular forces of the U. States, particular state, shall, on all detachments, courts-mar-take rank of those of like tial, or other duty, wherein they may be employed in grades serving by state authoriconjunction with the regular forces of the United States, by state author take rank next after all generals and colonels serving gard to dates. by commissions from Congress, though the commissions of such particular generals and colonels should be of elder date; and in like manner licutenant-colonels, majors, captains, and other inferior officers, serving by commission from any particular state, shall, on all detachments, courts-martial, or other duty, wherein they may be employed in conjunction with the regular forces of the United States, have rank next after all officers of the like rank serving by commissions from Congress, though the commissions of such lieutenant-colonels, majors, captains, and other inferior officers, should be of elder date to those of the like rank from Congress.

SECTION XVIII.

ART. 1. The aforegoing articles are to be read and These articles to published once in every two months, at the head of every two months. regiment, troop or company, mustered, or to be mustered in the service of the United States; and are to be duly observed and exactly obeyed by all officers and soldiers who are or shall be in the said service.

ART. 2. The general, or commander-in-chief for the Mitigation of time being, shall have full power of pardoning or mitigating any of the punishments ordered to be inflicted, for any of the offences mentioned in the foregoing articles; and every offender convicted as aforesaid, by any regimental court martial, may be pardoned, or have his punishment mitigated by the colonel, or officer commanding the regiment.*

* Repealed and supplied by resolution of 14th April, 1777-See chap. 3, art. 4.

Sentence of death-limitapunishmentoriginal proceedings of courts-inartial to be filed in war office.

ART. 3. No person shall be sentenced to suffer death, except in the cases expressly mentioned in the foregoing articles; nor shall more than one hundred lashes be inflicted on any offender, at the discretion of a courtmartial.

That every judge-advocate, or person officiating as such, at any general, court-martial, do, and he is hereby required to transmit, with as much expedition as the opportunity of time and distance of place can admit, the original proceedings and sentence of such court-martial to the secretary at war, which said original proceedings and sentence shall be carefully kept and preserved in the office of said secretary, to the end that persons entitled thereto may be enabled, upon application to the said office, to obtain copies thereof.

That the party tried by any general court-martial, shall be entitled to a copy of the sentence and proceedings of such court-martial, upon demand thereof made by himself, or by any other person or persons, on his behalf, whether such sentence be approved or not.

Fines to be collected and apthe sick.

martial.

ART. 4. The field-officers of each and every regiment, are to appoint some suitable person belonging to such regiment, to receive all such fines as may arise within the same, for any breach of any of the foregoing articles, and shall direct the same to be carefully and properly applied to the relief of such sick, wounded or necessitous soldiers as belong to such regiments; and such person shall account with such officer for all fines received, and the application thereof.

ART. 5. All crimes not capital, and all disorders and Crimes not capi-neglects which officers and soldiers may be guilty of, to tal, &c. pun-ishable at dis-cretion of courtsthe prejudice of good order and military discipline, though not mentioned in the above articles of war, are to be taken cognizance of by a general or regimental court-martial, according to the nature and degree of the

offence, and be punished at their discretion.

CHAPTER III.

In Congress-April 14, 1777.

Resolved, That, from and after the publication hereof. the 2d article of the 8th section, the 1st article of the 11th section, the 8th article of the 14th section, and the 2d article of the 18th section, of the rules and articles for the petter government of the troops raised, or to be raised, and kept in pay by, and at the expense of the United States of America, passed in Congress the 20th day of September, 1776,* shall be, and they are hereby, repealed; and that the four following articles be substi-

tuted in the place and stead thereof.

ART. 1. All officers and soldiers shall have full liber- soldiers at liberty to bring into any of the forts or garrisons of the ty to bring pro-United States of America, any quantity of eatable pro- or garrisons ex-visions, except where any contracts are, or shall be, tracted for by entered into by Cougress, or by their orders, for furnishing such provisions, and with respect only to the

species of provisions so contracted for.

ART. 2. If any officer shall think himself to be wronged by their colonel by his colonel, or the commanding officer of the regi- and refused rement, and shall, upon due application made to him, be plain to the general commanding officer of the region of refused to be redressed, he may complain to the conti-who shall take nental general commanding in the state where such re-measures to re-dress the wrong, giment shall be stationed, in order to obtain justice; and report the who is hereby required to examine into the said complaint, and take proper measures for redressing the wrong complained of, and transmit, as soon as possible, to Congress, a true state of such complaint, with the proceedings had thereon.

ART. 3. No sentence of a general court-martial shall Sentences of general courts-marbe put in execution, till after report shall be made of tial to be reported to Congressor the whole proceedings to Congress, the commander-in-commander-inchief, or the continental general commanding in the before execution, state, where such a general court-martial shall be held, and their or his orders be issued for carrying such sen-

tence into execution.

ART. 4. The continental general, commanding in Continental generals may apeither of the American states, for the time being, shall point general have full power of appointing general courts-mar- and pardon or tial to be held, and of pardoning or mitigating any inhuents authorof the punishments ordered to be inflicted for any ised, except sentence of death, of the offences mentioned in the aforementioned rules which they shall and articles for the better government of the troops; with proceedings except the punishment of offenders, under sentence to the Congress, of death, by a general court-martial, which he may order to be suspended until the pleasure of Congress can be known, which suspension, with the proceedings of the court-martial, the said general shall immediately transmit to Congress for their determination. And every offender, convicted by any regimental courtmartial, may be pardoned, or have his punishment mitigated by the colonel, or officer commanding the regiment.+

*See chapter 2.

† Modified by resolutions of 27 May, and 18 June, 1777-see chaps. 4, 6.

CHAPTER IV.

In Congress - May 27, 1777.

The General or Commander-inchief may pardon or mitigate
any of the puninstended by the rules
and articles of
war.

Resolved, That the general, or commander-in-chief,
chief may parfor the time being, shall have full power of pardoning
part or mitigating any of the punishments ordered to be inrised to be inflicted for any of the offences mentioned in the rules and
ed by the rules
and articles of
war.

or to be raised and kept in pay by, and at the expense
of, the United States of America; the fourth article resolved in Congress the 14th day of April last, notwithstanding.

CHAPTER V.

In Congress-June 14, 1777.

Elag of the United States.

Resolved, That the flag of the thirteen United States, be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white: that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation.*

CHAPTER VI.

In Congress-June 18, 1777.

General officers commandings a separate departments may act upon capital sentences without reference to Congress or the commander inchief.

Resolved, That a general officer commanding a separate department, be empowered to grant pardons to. or approached to suffer death order execution of, persons condemned to suffer death order inchief.

Resolved, That a general officer commanding a separate department, be empowered to grant pardons to. or approached to suffer death order inchief.

CHAPTER VII.

In Congress-April 12, 1785.

Resolved. That the non-commissioned officers and privates to be raised by the resolution of the seventh day of the present month, April, be furnished by the states raised, hereinafter mentioned, in the following proportions:

*Altered by act of 13th January, 1794—see chapter 17.

Connecticut,		-		-		165
New-York,	-		-		-	165
New-Jersey,		-				110
Pennsylvania,	-		-		_	260
						7

That the following commissioned officers be furnished the by the said states, for the said troops, in the following furnished by the proportions:

00

One lieutenant colonel from Pennsylvania.

Two majors, one from Connecticut, and one from

New-York, each to command a company.

Eight captains, ten lieutenants, one to act as adjutant, one as quarter-master, and one as paymaster. Ten ensigns, one surgeon and four mates, to be furnished by the said states in proportion to the number of privates which they respectively furnish.

That the pay of the lieutenant-colonel be fifty dol-Pay of officers, lars per month; that of the major, forty five; captain, ed officers, and thirty five; lieutenant, twenty-six; ensign, twenty; ser-soldiers, geant, six; corporal, five; drum, five; fife, five; pri-

vate, four; surgeon, forty-five; mate, thirty.

That the lieutenants acting as adjutant, quarter-master and pay-master, shall receive, in consideration of the said extra duty, each ten dollars per month.

That each officer and soldier shall receive one month's

pay after they are embodied, before their march.*

That the secretary of war be directed to form the Troops to be or said troops when raised into one regiment, consisting ganized into one of eight companies of infantry, and two of artillery, to sixing of eight appoint their places of rendezvous, direct their subse-infantry and two quent operations, and make all other inferior necessary arrangements not herein particularly mentioned, subject to the order of Congress, and of the committee of the states in the recess of Congress; and that the commissioners of the treasury be instructed to furnish on his warrant, the sums necessary for carrying the same into effect.

That the said troops when embodied, on their march, when embodied, on duty, or in garrison, shall be subject to all the rules shall be subject to the rules and and regulations formed for the government of the late articles of war. army, or such other rules as Congress or a committee of the states may form.

That the secretary at war ascertain the necessary

*The provisions of this resolution in regard to pay, were adopted by a resolution of the 3d of October, 1787, and again by an act of Congress of 29th September, 1789—see chapter 9 and chapter 11, section 2—repealed and supplied by act of 30th April, 1790—see chap. 12.

Glothing.

clothing and rations proper for the troops, and report

the same to Congress.

Rations

That the commissioners of the treasury contract for the supply of rations at such places and in such quantities as the secretary at war shall judge necessary.

CHAPTER VIII.

In Congress-May 31, 1786.

WHEREAS crimes may be committed by officers and soldiers, serving with small detachments of the forces of the United States, and where there may not be a sufficient number of officers to hold a general court-martial, according to the rules and articles of war, in consequence of which criminals may escape punishment, to the great injury of the discipline of the troops and the public service:

Resolved, That the 14th section of the rules and articles for the better government of the troops of the United States, and such other articles as relate to the holding of courts-martial, and the confirmation of the sentences thereof, be, and they are hereby repealed.

Resolved, That the following rules and articles for the administration of justice, and the holding of courtsmartial, and the confirmation of the sentences thereof, be duly observed, and exactly obeyed by all officers and soldiers, who are, or shall be in the armies of the United States.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

General centissioned officers

General courtsmartial shall be tences not to be executed until after the pro-ceedings shall have been laid before him; nor

ART. 1. General courts-martial may consist of any martial may con-number of commissioned officers from five to thirteen insist of any number of commis-clusively; but they shall not consist of less than thirteen. soned officers from five to thir, where that number can be convened without manifest injury to the service.

ART. 2. General courts-martial shall be ordered, as ordered as often as the cases may require, by the general or officer as the cases may commanding the troops. But no sentence of a court-require, by the general, or offi-martial shall be carried into execution until after the the troops. Sen whole proceedings shall have been laid before the said general or officer commanding the troops for the time being; neither shall any sentence of a general courtmartial in time of peace, extending to the loss of life, then, in time of the dismission of a commissioned officer, or which shall

either in time of peace or war respect a general officer, peace if they be carried into execution, until after the whole proceed-life, or dismisings shall have been transmitted to the secretary at war, sioned officers, to be laid before Congress for their confirmation, or peace or war, disapproval, and their orders on the case. All other if they respect general officers, sentences may be confirmed and executed by the officer until laid before ordering the court to assemble, or the commanding officers for cer for the time being, as the case may be.

ART. 3. Every officer commanding a regiment or Officers commanding regicorps, may appoint of his own regiment or corps, mensor correscourts-martial, to consist of three commissioned officers. for the trial of offences, not capital, and the inflicting cide upon their corporeal punishments, and decide upon their sentences. sentences. For the same purpose, all officers commanding any of the garrisons, forts, barracks, or other place where the troops consist of different corps, may assemble courtsmartial, to consist of three commissioned officers, and decide upon their sentences.

ART. 4. No garrison or regimental court-martial Regimentator shall have the power to try capital cases, or commis-martial not to sioned officers; neither shall they inflict a fine exceeding try capital cases, one month's pay, nor imprison, nor put to hard labor, ed officers; nor inflict a fine any non-commissioned officer or soldier, for a longer exceeding a month's pay, nor ne than one month

Art. 5. The members of all courts-martial shall for more than time than one month

when belonging to different corps, take the same rank in one month. court which they hold in the army. But when courts. Members of all courts marting, martial shall be composed of officers of one corps, they take rank according to the shall take rank according to the commissions by which composition of they are mustered in the said corps.

ART. 6. The judge-advocate, or some person deputed Judge advocate by him, or by the general or officer commanding the shill prosecute in the name of the army, detachment or garrison, shall prosecute in the United States but name of the United States of Asnerica; but shall so far the prisoner, consider himself as counsel for the prisoner, after the from self crimisaid prisoner shall have made his plea, as to object to mation by any any leading question to any of the witnesses, or any self or leading questions to witnesses. question to the prisoner, the answer to which might nesses. tend to criminate himself; and administer to each member the following oaths, which shall also be taken by all members of regimental and garrison courts-martial.

. You shall well and truly try and determine, ac- oaths of mencording to evidence, the matter now before you, between bers. the United States of America, and the prisoner to be tried. So help you God."

· You A. B. do swear, that you will duly administer justice, according to the rules and articles for the better government of the forces of the United States of America, without partiality, favor or affection; and if any doubt shall arise, which is not explained by said articles, according to your conscience, the best of your understanding, and the custom of war, in the like cases. And you do further swear, that you will not divulge the sentence of the court, until it shall be published by the commanding officer. Neither will you, upon any account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the courtmartial, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witness, by a court of justice, in a due course of law. So help you God."

And as soon as the said oaths shall have been administered to the respective members, the president of the court shall administer to the judge-advocate, or person officiating as such, an oath in the following words:

Oath of judge advocate.

Members to be-

oath-sentence

mission, Witnesses shall

members.

"You A. B. do swear, that you will not upon any account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the courtmartial, unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness, by a court of justice, in a due course of law. So help you God."

ART. 7. All the members of a court-martial are to have with decen-ey and in voting behave with decency and calmness; and in giving their begin with the youngest in commission.

ART. 8. All persons who give evidence before a be examined on court-martial, are to be examined on oath, or affirmaoath-sentence of death shall of death requires tion as the case may be, and no sentence of death shall concurrence of two-thirds of the be given against any offender by any general courtmartial, unless two thirds of the members of the court shall concur therein.

ART. 9. Whenever an oath or affirmation shall be Oath of witnesses administered by a court-martial, the oath or affirma-

tion shall be in the following form:

"You swear (or affirm, as the case may be) the evidence you shall give in the case now in hearing, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. So help you God"

ART. 10. On the trials of cases not capital, before On trials not on that not depositions of witnesses, not in the tions of wirnesses, not in the tions of wirnesses line or staff of the army, may be taken before some jusmay be taken may be taken and read in evidence, provided the prodence. secutor and person accused are present at the taking the same.

ART. 11. No officer shall be tried but by a general Officers not to be tried but by general courtsmar court-martial, nor by officers of an inferior rank if it can be avoided. Nor shall any proceedings or trials tiat, nor by infebe carried on, excepting between the hours of eight in rior grades if it the morning and three in the afternoon, except in cases ceeding, which, in the opinion of the officer appointing the court require immediate example.

ART. 12. No person whatsoever shall use menacing conduct in pre-words, signs or gestures in the presence of a court-martial. martial, or shall cause any disorder or riot to disturb their proceedings, on the penalty of being punished at

the discretion of the said court-martial.

ART. 13. No commissioned officer shall be cashiered, Dismissal of ofor dismissed from the service, excepting by order of ficers, and dis-Congress, or by the sentence of a general court-mar-commissioned officer or soldier shall diers. be discharged the service, but by the order of Congress, the secretary at war, the commander-in-chief, or commanding officer of a department, or by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ART. 14. Whenever any officer shall be charged with Arrest and con-a crime, he shall be arrested and confined to his bar cers-breach of racks, quarters or tent, and deprived of his sword by arrest. his commanding officer. And any officer, who shall leave his confinement before he shall be set at liberty by his commanding officer, or by a superior power, shall be cashiered for it.

ART. 15. Non-commissioned officers and soldiers. Imprisonment of who shall be charged with crimes, shall be imprisoned, soldiers. until they shall be tried by a court-martial, or released

by proper authority.

ART. 16. No officer or soldier, who shall be put in ar- Limitation of ar rest or imprisonment, shall continue in his confinement ment. more than eight days, or until such time as a courtmartial can be assembled.

ART. 17. No officer commanding a guard, or provost- Refusal to re- 1 marshal, shall refuse to receive or keep any prisoner ceive prisoners, committed to his charge by any officer belonging to the forces of the United States, provided the officer committing shall, at the same time, deliver an account in writing signed by himself, of the crime with which the said prisoner is charged.

ART 18. No officer commanding a guard, or provost- Release and esmarshal, shall presume to release any person commit-cape of prisoners, ted to his charge, without proper authority for so doing: nor shall he suffer any person to escape on penalty of being punished for it by the sentence of a court-martial.

ART. 19. Every officer, or provost-marshal, to whose Prisoners to be charge prisoners shall be committed, shall, within reported daily.

twenty-four hours after such commitment, or soon as he shall be relieved from his gnard, make report in writing, to the commander-in-chief, or commanding officer, of their names, their crimes, and the names of the officers who committed them, on the penalty of his being punished for disobedience or neglect at the discretion of a court-martial.

Scandalous behaviour.

ART, 20. Whatever commissioned officer shall be convicted before a general court-martial, of behaving in a scandalous and infamous manner, such as is unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, shall be dismissed the service.

Suspension.

ART. 21. In cases where a court-martial may think it proper to sentence a commissioned officer to be suspended from command, they shall have power also to suspend his pay and emoluments for the same time, according to the nature and beinousness of the offence.

Officers cashiernewspapers, &c.

ART. 22. In all cases where a commissioned officer is ed for coward-ice-sentence, to be published in the scrittence, that the crime, name, place of abode, and punishment of the delinquent be published in the newspapers, in and about the camp, and of the particular state from which the offender came, or usually resides; after which it shall be deemed scandalous for any officer to associate with him.

Commanders of posts shall re-port the necescours-martial to departments, &c.

ART. 23. The commanding officer of any post or detachment, in which there shall not be a number of offisity for general cers adequate to form a general court-martial, shall, in commanders of cases which require the cognizance of such a court, report to the commanding officer of the department, who shall order a court to be assembled at the nearest post or detachment and the party accused, with the necessary witnesses, to be transported to the place where the said court shall be assembled.

Sentence of of corporal punishment.

ART. 24. No person shall be sentenced to suffer death-limitation death, except in the cases expressly mentioned in the aforegoing articles; nor shall more than one hundred lashes be inflicted on any offender at the discretion of a court-martial.

Proceedings of general courts martial to be filed in war office.

Every judge-advocate, or person officiating as such. at any general court martial, shall transmit, with as much expedition as the opportunity of time and distance of place can admit, the original proceedings and sentence of such court-martial, to the secretary at war, which said original proceedings and sentence, shall be carefully kept and preserved in the office of the said secretary, to the end, that persons entitled thereto, may be enabled, upon application to the said office, to ob-

tain copies thereof.

The party tried by any general court-martial, shall Party tried entibe entitled to a copy of the sentence and proceedings of ted to copy on, such court-martial after a decision on the sentence, upon demand thereof made by himself, or by any person or persons in his behalf, whether such sentence be approved or not.

ART. 25. In such cases, where the general, or com-cours of inquimanding officer may think proper to order a court of ry-organization inquiry, to examine into the nature of any transaction, ceeding, and powers. accusation or imputation against any officer or soldier, the said court shall be conducted conformably to the following regulations: It may consist of one or more officers, not exceeding three, with the judge-advocate, or a suitable person, as a recorder, to reduce the proceedings and evidences to writing, all of whom shall be sworn to the faithful performance of their duty. This court shall have the same power to summon witnesses as a court-martial, and to examine them on oath; but they shall not give their opinion on the merits of the case, excepting they shall be thereto specially required. The parties accused shall also be permitted to cross-examine and interrogate the witnesses, so as to investigate fully the circumstances in question.

ART. 26. The proceedings of a court of inquiry must proceedings may be authenticated by the signature of the recorder and be admitted as the president, and delivered to the commanding officer; courts-marial, and the said proceedings may be admitted as evidence inquiry prohibitably a court-martial, in cases not capital or extending to manded by the the dismission of an officer; provided, that the circum-accused. stances are such that oral testimony cannot be obtained. But as courts of inquiry may be perverted to dishonorable purposes, and may be considered as engines of destruction to military merit, in the hands of weak and envious commandants, they are hereby prohibited, un-

less demanded by the accused.

ART. 27. The judge-advocate, or the recorder, shall Caths of memadminister to the members the following oath:

"You shall well and truly examine and inquire, ac-nesses. cording to your evidence, into the matter now before you, without favor or affection. So help you God."

After which the president shall administer to the

judge-advocate, or recorder, the following oath:

. You A. B. do swear, that you will, according to your best abilities, accurately and impartially record the proceedings of the court, and the evidences to be given in the case in hearing. So help you God,"

bers, judge-ad-

The witnesses shall take the same oath as is directed to be administered to witnesses sworn before a courtmartial.

Resolved, That when any desertion shall happen from Descritions to be the troops of the United States, the officer commanding immediately reported to the commanding of the regiment or corps to which the deserters belonged, shall be responsible, that an immediate report of the same be made to the commanding officer of the forces of the United States present.

in newspapers, and reward of ten dollars offered for the

700 troops shall be stationed on

, the frontiers.

ficer present,

Resolved. That the commanding officer of any of the Deserters to be forces in the service of the United States, shall, upon vigorously pursued, advertised report made to him of any descritions in the troops under his orders, cause the most immediate and vigorous search to be made after the deserter or deserters, apprehension of which may be conducted by a commissioned or non-commissioned officer, as the case shall require. That, if such search should prove ineffectual, the officer commanding the regiment or corps to which the deserter or deserters belonged, shall insert, in the nearest gazette or newspaper, an advertisement, descriptive of the deserter or deserters, and offering a reward, not exceeding ten dollars, for each deserter who shall be apprehended and secured in any of the gaols of the neighboring states. That the charges of advertising deserters, the reasonable extra expenses incurred by the person conducting the pursuit, and the reward, shall be paid by the secretary at war, on the certificate of the commanding officer of the troops.

CHAPTER IX.

In Congress—October 3, 1787.

WHEREAS the time for which the greater part of the troops on the frontiers are engaged, will expire in the

course of the ensuing year,

Resolved, That the interests of the United States require that a corps of 700 troops should be stationed on the frontiers to protect the settlers on the public lands from the depredations of the Indians; to facilitate the surveying and selling of the said lands, in order to reduce the public debt, and to prevent all unwarrantable intrusions thereon.

Resolved, That in order to save the great expense of Re-enlistment of transporting new levies to the distant frontiers of the those in service. United States, and also to avail the public of the discipline and knowledge of the country, acquired by the troops on the frontiers, it is highly expedient to retain as many of them as shall voluntarily re-engage in the service.

*Resolved, That 700 non-commissioned officers and privates be raised for the term of three years, unless be raised for 3 sooner discharged, and that the same be furnished in years. the proportions herein specified, by the states which raised the troops agreeably to the requisitions of Congress, of April, 1785:+

Connecticut.

New-York, 165. New Jersey, 110. Pennsylvania,

That the commissioned officers for the said troops be furnished by the said states, agreeably to the present

proportions.

That the organization of the said troops, together organization with the two companies of artillery raised by virtue of the resolves of Congress of the 20th of October, 1786, be according to the present establishment, to wit: one regiment of infantry of eight companies, each company four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and sixty privates; and one battalion of artillery, of four companies, each company four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and sixty privates.

That the secretary at war make the necessary arrangements, from time to time, to replace the men on

the frontiers whose engagements shall expire.

That the said troops shall be governed by such rules and articles of war as are or shall be established by

Congress, or a committee of the states.

That the pay and allowances of the said troops be the Pay and allowsame as directed by the resolve of Congress of April 12, ances. 1785.†

CHAPTER X.

An act to establish an executive department, to be denominated the Department of War. \$

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress

*The establishment provided for by these resolutions, was recognized and adopted by an act of congress under the constitution-see chapter 11, section 1.

See chapter 7.

Though this act has no direct bearing upon the military service, yet, it was thought, that, as it indicates the relation in which the secretary of the war department stands to the army, it would not be out of place here.

Department of war est: blid d.

Secretary thereof

assembled. That there shall be an executive department. to be denominated the department of war; and that there shall be a principal officer therein, to be called the secce ary for the decartment of war, who shall perform and execute such duties as shall, from time to time, be enjoined on, or entrusted to, him, by the president of the United States, agreeably to the constitution, rela-Duties of the service to military commissions, or to the land or naval include mostly forces, * ships, or warlike stores, of the United States, military affairs. or to such other matters respecting military or naval affairs, as the president of the United States shall assign to the said department, or relative to the granting of lands to persons entitled thereto, for military services rendered to the United States, or relative to Indian affairs: And furthermore, that the said principal Secretary subject officer shall conduct the business of the said department

to the president's

Chief clerk of

the department of war.

His duties.

in such manner as the President of the United States shall, from time to time, order or instruct.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That there shall be in the said department, an inferior officer, to be appointed by the said principal officer, to be employed therein as he shall deem proper, and to be called the chief clerk in the department of war, and who, whenever the said principal officer shall be removed from office by the president of the United States, or in any other case of vacancy, shall, during such vacancy, have the charge and custody of all records, books, and papers, appertaining to the

said department.

clerks.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said printhe serency of cipal officer, and every other person to be appointed or employed in the said department, shall, before he enters on the execution of his office or employment, take an oath or affirmation well and faithfully to execute the trust committed to him.

Secretary to take ment.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary charge of papers, for the department of war, to be appointed in consector of the form of this act, shall, forthwith after his appointment, be entitled to have the custody and charge of all records. books, and papers, in the office of secretary for the department of war, heretofore established by the United States in congress assembled.

[Approved, August 7, 1789.]

^{*}So much of this act as vests in the secretary of war, the administration of naval concerns, is repealed by an act of 30th of April, 1798, establishing the navy department.

CHAPTER XI.

An act to recognise and adapt to the constitution of the United States, the establishment of the troops raised under the resolves of the United States in Congress assembled, and for other purposes therein men-

Sec.1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the establishment contained in the resolve of Establishment of 3d Oct. 1787, rethe late congress, of the third day of October, one thou-cognized, &c. sand seven hundred and eighty-seven, except as to the mode of appointing the officers, and also as is hereinafter provided, be, and the same is hereby recognized to be the establishment for the troops in the service of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay and al- Pay and allowlowances of the said troops, be the same as have been recognized. established by the United States in Congress assembled, by their resolution of the twelfth of April, one

thousand seven hundred and eighty-five. ‡

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all commission- Officers and pried and non-commissioned officers, and privates, who are, oaths. or shall be, in the service of the United States, shall take the following oaths or affirmations, to wit: "I, A. B. do solemnly swear or affirm (as the case may be) that I will support the constitution of the United States." ... I. A. B. do solemnly swear or affirm (as the case may be) Forms of the to bear true allegiance to the United States of America, and to serve them honestly and faithfully, against all their enemies or opposers whatsoever, and to observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States of America, and the orders of the officers appointed over me."

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said troops Troops to be shall be governed by the rules and articles of war, which tablished rules have been established by the United States in Congress and articles of war, &c. assembled, or by such rules and articles of war as may

hereafter by law be established.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose President may of protecting the inhabitants of the frontiers of the Uni-to protect against ted States from the hostile incursions of the Indians, the Indians, &c. president is hereby authorized to call into service, from time to time, such part of the militia of the states, respectively, as he may judge necessary for the purpose aforesaid; and that their pay and subsistence, while in

^{*}Repealed by act of the 30th of April, 1790—see chap. 12, sec. 14.

[†]See chapter 9.

See chapter 7. See chapter 2, with supplements 3, 4, 6, & 8.

Pay, &c. of mili-service, be the same as the pay and subsistence of the tia in service. troops abovementioned.

Limitation of this act

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue, and be in force, until the end of the next session of congress, and no longer.

[Approved, September 29, 1789.]

-CHAPTER XII.

An act for regulating the Military Establishment of the United States*

1,216 non-commissioned officers, privates, &c. for three years.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the commissioned officers bereinafter mentioned, and the number of one thousand two hundred and sixteen non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, shall be raised for the service of the United States, for the period of three years, unless they should previously by law be discharged.

Height and age.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the non-commissioned officers and privates aforesaid, shall, at the time of their enlistments, respectively, be able bodied men, not under five feet six inches in height, without shoes; nor under the age of eighteen, nor above the age of forty-six years.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commis-

5 feet 6 inches,

One regiment of infantry, and a battalion of ar- sioned officers hereinafter mentioned, and the said nontillery.

commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, shall be formed into one regiment of infantry, to consist of three battalions, and one battalion of artillery. The regiment of infantry to be composed of one lientenant-Composition of the regiment of colonel commandant, three majors, three adjutants, infantry. three quartermasters, one paymaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, and twelve companies, each of which shall consist of one captain, one lieutenant, one ensign,

Composition of artillery.

four sergeants, four corporals, sixty-six privates, and two musicians. The battalion of artillery shall be comthe battalion of posed of one major commandant, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one paymaster, one surgeon's mate, and four companies; each of which shall consist of one captain, two lieutenants, four sergeants, four corporals, pointments from ways. That the adjustants

ways, That the adjutants, quartermasters, and pay-*Repealed and supplied by act of 3d of March, 1795; which recognized and continued the then existing establishment—see chapter 24.

masters, shall be appointed from the line, of subalterns

of the aforcsaid corps, respectively.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States may, from time to time, appoint one or two inspectors, as to him shall seem meet, to in-Inspectors: spect the said troops, who shall also muster the same, their duty, &c. and each of whom shall receive the like pay and subsistence as a captain, and be allowed ten dollars per month

for forage.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the troops Pay of the aforesaid shall receive for their services the following troops. enumerated mouthly rates of pay: Lieutenant-colonel commandant, sixty dollars; major commandant of artillery, forty-five dollars; majors, forty dollars; captains, thirty dollars; lieutenants, twenty-two dollars; eusigns, eighteen dollars; surgeons, thirty dollars; surgeon's mates, twenty-four dollars; sergeants, five dollars; corporals, four dollars; privates, three dollars; senior musicians in each battalion of infantry, and in the battalion of artillery, five dollars; musicians, three dollars: Provided always. That the sums hereinafter specified, Proviso; as to deshall be deducted from the pay of the non-com nissioned ductions for clothing & hosofficers, privates, and musicians, stipulated as aforesaid, pital stores. for the purposes of forming a fund for clothing and nospital stores: From the monthly pay of each sergeant and senior musician, there shall be deducted, for uniform clothing, the sum of one dollar and forty cents. and the farther sum of ten cents for hospital stores; and from the mouthly pay of each corporal, for uniform clothing, one dollar and fifteen cents, and the farther sum of ten cents for hospital stores; and from the monthly pay of each private and musician, for uniform clothing, the sum of ninety cents, and the further sum of ten cents for hospital stores.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the subal-Additional pay of terns who may be appointed to act as adjutants, shall subiterns acting each receive for the same, in addition to their regimental pay, ten dollars per month; and quarter and paymasters, so appointed, each five dollars per month.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commis-Rations of comsioned officers aforesaid shall receive, for their daily missioned offisubsistence, the following number of rations of provisions, to wit: Lieutenant-colonel-com nandant, six; a major, four; a captain, three; a lieutenant, two; an eusign, two; a surgeon, three; a surgeon's mate, two; or money in lieu thereof, at the option of the said officers, Money for raat the contract price at the posts, respectively, where the rations shall become due.

Money instead of forage.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted. That the commissioned officers hereinafter described, shall receive. monthly, the following enumerated sums, instead of forage: Lientenant-colonels-commandant, twelve dollars; major-commandant of artillery, majors, and surgeon, each ten dollars; surgeon's mates, each, six dollars.

Uniform elething for non-commissioned officers, privates,

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That every noncommissioned officer, private, and musician, aforesaid, shall receive annually, the following articles of uniform clothing: One hat, or helmet, one coat, one vest, two pair of woollen and linen overalls, four pair of shoes, four shirts, two pair of socks, one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair of buckles.

Rations for noncommissioned of ficers, privates,

Or the value

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted. That every noncommissioned officer, private and musician, aforesaid, shall receive, daily, the following rations of provisions, or the value thereof: One pound of beef, or three quarters of a pound of pork, one pound of bread or flour, half a gill of rum, brandy or whiskey, or the value thereof, at the contract price where the same shall become due, and at the rate of one quart of salt, two quarts of vinegar, two pounds of soap, and one pound of candles, to every hundred rations.

Pensions to inva

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted. That if any commissioned officer, non-commissioned officer, private, or musician, aforesaid, shall be wounded or disabled, while in the line of his duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list of the invalids of the United States, at such rate of pay, and under such regulations as shall be directed by the president of the United States, for the time being: Provided always, That the rate of compensation for such wounds or disabilities, shall never exceed, for the highest disability, half the monthly pay received by any commissioned officer, at the time of being so wounded or disabled; and that the rate of compensation to non-commissioned officers, privates and musicians, shall never exceed five dollars per month: Proviso; as to in And provided also, That all inferior disabilities shall en-

Proviso; as to a. mount of pension.

title the person so disabled, to receive only a sum in

proportion to the highest disability.

Officers, prian oath.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That every commissioned officer, non-commissioned officer, private and musician, aforesaid, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I, A B. do solemnly

Form of the oath swear or affirm. (as the case may be) to bear true allegiance to the United States of America, and to serve them honestly and faithfully, against all their enemies or opposers, whomsoever, and to observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States of America, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the

articles of war."

SEC 13. And be it further enacted. That the commis- Troops to be gosioned officers, non-commissioned officers, privates and verned by the musicians, aforesaid, shall be governed by the rules and cles of war, &c. articles of war, which have been established by the United States in Congress assembled, as far as the same may be applicable to the constitution of the United States, t or by such rules and articles as may hereafter

by law be established.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted. That the fact for Act of the 2013 recognizing, and adapting to the constitution of the Sept. 1789, re-United States, the establishment of the troops raised under the resolves of the United States in congress assembled, and for other purposes therein mentioned," passed the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, be, and the same is, hereby repealed: Provided always, That the non-non-commissioncommissioned officers and privates, continued and en-ed officers and gaged under the aforesaid act of the twenty-ninth day ing to reculis, of September and the second act of the twenty-ninth day ing to reculis, of September, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-charged, &co. nine, and who shall decline to re-enlist under the establishment made by this act, shall be discharged whenever the president of the United States shall direct the same: Provided further, That the whole number of non- Proviso; the commissioned officers, privates and musicians, in the whole number of troops not to service of the United States at any one time, either by exceed 1,216. virtue of this act, or by virtue of the aforesaid act, passed the 29th day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, shall not exceed the number of one thousand two hundred and sixteen.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That for the pur- President may pose of aiding the troops now in service, or to be raised aid of the regnby this act, in protecting the inhabitants of the fron-lar troops, &c. tiers of the United States, the president is hereby authorized to call into service, from time to time, such part of the militia of the states, respectively, as he may judge necessary for the purpose aforesaid; and that their pay and subsistence, while in service, be the same as the pay and subsistence of the troops abovementioned, and they shall be subject to the rules and [Approved, April 30, 1790.] articles of war.

†See chapter 2, with its supplements. 1See chapter 11.

CHAPTER XIII.

An act for raising and adding another regiment to the military establishment of the United States, and for making farther provision for the protection of the frontiers.*

An additional regiment of 912 men.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That there shall be raised an additional regiment of infantry, which, exclusive of the commissioned officers, shall consist of nine hundred and twelve noncommissioned officers, privates, and musicians.

Organization of the regiment. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said regiment shall be organized in the same manner as the regiment of infantry described in the act, entitled "An act for regulating the military establishment of the United States."

Pay, allowances, regulations, term of service, &c.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That the troops aforesaid, by this act to be raised, including the officers, shall receive the same pay and allowances, be subject to the same rules and regulations, and be engaged for the like term, and upon the same conditions, in all respects, excepting the bounty hereinafter mentioned, as are stipulated for the troops of the United States, in the heforementioned act.

Bounty for en-

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That each non-commissioned officer, private, and musician, who has enlisted, or shall enlist, pursuant to the act aforesaid, or who shall enlist pursuant to this act, shall be entitled to receive six dollars as a bounty.

Officers to be ap pointed at the president's discretion. Sec. 5. And he it further enacted. That in case the president of the United States should deem the employment of a major-general, brigadier-general, a quartermaster, and chaplain, or either of them, essential to the public interest, that he be, and he hereby is, empowered, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint the same accordingly. And a major general so appointed, may choose his aid-de-camp, and a brigadier general his brigade-major, from the captains, or subalterns, of the line: Provided always, That the major-general, and brigadier-general, so to be appointed, shall, respectively, continue in pay during such term only, as the president of the United States, in his discretion, shall deem it requisite for the public service.

Proviso; as to term of pay of major and brigadier-generals.

Aids-de-camp,

brigade majors,

Pay and allowior general, brigadier general, quartermaster, aid-de-

^{*}Repealed and supplied by act of 3d March, 1795—see chapter 24. †See chapter 12, section 3.

camp, brigade-major, and chaplain, should be appointed, their pay and allowances shall be, respectively, as herein mentioned: The major-general shall be entitled to to major-geneone hundred and twenty five dollars, monthly pay, cal: twenty dollars allowance for forage, monthly, and for daily subsistence fifteen rations, or money in lieu thereof, at the contract price. The brigadier-general shall to brigadier-gebe entitled to ninety four dollars, monthly pay, with neral sixteen dollars allowance for forage, monthly, and for daily subsistence twelve rations, or money in lieu thereof, at the contract price. That the quartermaster to quartermasshall be entitled to the same pay, rations, and forage, teras the lieutenant-colonel commandant of a regiment. That the aid-de-camp be entitled, including all allow- to aid-de-camp: ances, to the same pay, rations, and forage, as a major of a regiment. That the brigade major be entitled, in- to brigade major: cluding all allowances, to the same pay, rations, and to chaplain. forage, as a major of a regiment. That the chaplain be entitled to fifty dollars per month, including pay, rations, and forage.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That if, in the President may opinion of the president, it shall be conducive to the employ militia good of the service, to engage a body of militia to serve as cavalry, they furnishing their own horses, arms, and provisions, it shall be lawful for him to offer such allowances, to encourage their engaging in the service, for such time, and on such terms, as he shall deem it

expedient to prescribe.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted. That if the presi- President may dent should be of opinion that it will be conducive to the addition, or in public service, to employ troops enlisted under the de
glace of milita, public service, to employ troops enlisted under the de
glace of milita, nomination of levies, in addition to, or in place of, the not exceeding militia which, in virtue of the powers vested in him by law, he is anthorized to call into the service of the United States, it shall be lawful for him to raise, for a term not exceeding six monhts, (to be discharged sooner, if the public service will permit,) a corps, not exceeding two thousand non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, with a suitable number of commissioned officers. And in case it shall appear probable to the pre- In case the regisident, that the regiment directed to be raised by the cannot be comaforesaid act, and by this act, will not be completed in the president time to prosecute such military operations as exigencies may supply the deficiency by lemay require, it shall be lawful for the president to make vies and military operations. a substitute for the deficiency, by raising such farther number of levies, or by calling into the service of the United States, such a body of militia as shall be equal thereto.

Organization. vies.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the president and commission be, and he hereby is, empowered to organize the said levies, and alone to appoint the commissioned officers

thereof, in the manner he may judge proper.

Militia and le-

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the comvies subject to the rules and ar- missioned and non-commissioned officers, privates, and ticles of war, &c. musicians, of the militia, or said corps of levies, shall, during the time of their service, be subject to the rules and articles of war; and they shall be entitled to the same pay, rations, and forage, and, in case of wounds or disability in the line of their duty, to the same compensation as the troops of the United States.

Levies entitled to proportional quantity of clothing, &c.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the noncommissioned officers, privates, and musicians, of the said corps of levies, shall be entitled to receive such proportional quantity of clothing, as their time of service shall hear to the annual allowance of clothing to the troops of the United States. subject, however, to a proportional deduction from their pay.

3 dolls, bounty to each of the le-

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted. That each of the non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, of the said levies, shall be entitled to receive three dollars as a bounty.

President may engage an additional number of nature of the service, upon which the troops of the surgeon's mates. United States may be employed, should require a greater number of surgeon's mates than are provided for in the beforementioned act, the president of the United States may engage, from time to time, such additional number of surgeon's mates as he shall judge necessary.

Two dollars allowed for every recruit.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the commissioned officers, who shall be employed to recruit men for the said regiments, shall be entitled to receive, for every recruit who shall be duly enlisted and mustered, the sum of two dollars.

Appropriation for expenses to be incurred by this uct:

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That for defraying the expense, for one year, of the additional regiment to be raised by virtue of this act; for defraying the expense, for a like term, of the officers mentioned in the seventh section of this act; for defraying the expense of the said militia horse, militia foot, and levies, which may be called into, or engaged for, the service of the United States, pursuant to this act; for defraying the expense of such surgeon's mates as may be appointed pursuant to the fifteenth section of this act; for defraying the expense of recruiting the said two regiments; and for defraying the expense of any military posts which the president shall judge expedient and proper to establish; there be, and hereby is, appropriated, a sum, not exceeding three hundred and twelve thousand six Not exceeding hundred and eighty-six dollars and twenty cents, to be cents. paid out of the moneys which, prior to the first day of January next, shall arise from the duties imposed upon Fund. spirits distilled within the United States, and from stills, by the act, entitled "An act repealing, after the last day of June next, the duties heretofore laid upon distilled spirits imported from abroad, and laying others in their stead; and also upon spirits distilled within the United States, and for appropriating the same;" together with the excess of duties which may arise from the duties imposed by the said act on imported spirits, beyond those which would have arisen by the act, entitled "An act making further provision for the payment of the debts of the United States."

And to the end that the public service may not be im-

peded for want of necessary means:

SEC. 16. Be it further enacted, That it shall be law-President may ful for the president to take on loan, the whole sum by appropriated, at this act appropriated, or so much thereof as he may judge an interest not this act appropriated. requisite, at an interest not exceeding six per centum cent. per annum; and the fund established for the abovementioned appropriation, is hereby pledged for the repay-Pledge of fund: ment of the principal and interest of any loan to be obtained in manner aforesaid; and in case of any deficiency in the said fund, the faith of the United States is And of public hereby also pledged to make good such deficiency. [Approved, March 3, 1791.]

CHAPTER XIV.

An act for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States.*

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The battalion of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress two regiments of assembled, That the battalion of artillery now in ser-completed. vice, be completed according to the establishment, and that the two regiments of infantry now in service, be completed to the number of nine hundred and sixty noncommissioned officers, privates, and musicians, each.

^{*}Repealed and supplied by act of 3d March, 1795-see chap. 24.

Three additional of 960, &c.

One to be orgarized as mentioned.

A squadron of light dragoons,

Organization of the squadron of light dragoons.

President may arm dragoons.

President may organize the troop as he may

to b discharged on peace with the

Term of enlistunless sooner discharged.

8 dells, bounty.

to those already

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be regiments to be raised, for a term not exceeding three years, three advers, &c. difional regiments, each of which, exclusively of the Each to consist commissioned officers, shall consist of nine hundred and sixty non commissioned officers, privates, and musicians; and that one of the said regiments be organized in the following manner, that is to say: two battalions of infantry, each of which, exclusively of the commissioned officers, shall consist of three hundred and twenty non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians; and one squadron of light dragoons, which, exclusively of the commissioned officers, shall consist of three hundred and twenty non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians; and that it shall be a condition in the enlistment of the said dragoons, to serve as dismounted dragoons, whenever they shall be ordered thereto: That the organization of the said squadron of light dragoons shall be as follows, to wit: one major, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one surgeon's mate, and four troops, which shall consist of one captain, one licuone cornet, four sergeants, four corporals, one farmer, one saddler, one trumpeter, and sixty nine dragoons; and the president may arm the said troops, as he shall think proper.

Sec. 3. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United judge expedient, States to organize the said five regiments of infantry, and the said corps of horse and artillery, as he shall judge expedient, diminishing the number of corps, or taking from one corps and adding to another, as shall appear to him proper, so that the whole number of officers and men Three regiments shall not exceed the limits above prescribed: Provided. That the said three regiments shall be discharged as soon as the United States shall be at peace with the Indian tribes.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the non-comment three years, missioned officers, privates, and musicians, of the said three regiments, shall be enlisted for the term of three years, unless previously discharged.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every recruit who shall be enlisted by virtue of this act, shall receive The same honery eight dollars bounty, and that the same shall be made up to the non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, now in service, who have enlisted for three years, since the passing of the act. entitled "An act for

regulating the military establishment of the United

*See chapter 12.

States."*

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the commis- Allowance to resioned officers who shall be employed to recruit for the &c. establishment, shall be entitled to receive for every re-

cruit, duly enlisted and mustered, two dollars.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the monthly monthly pay of pay of the commissioned officers, non-commissioned of- privates. ficers, privates, and musicians, on the military establishment of the United States, and of the three regiments authorized by this act, shall be, in future, as follows, free of all deductions, to wit: General Staff: a major-general, one hundred and sixty six dollars. A brigadier general, one hundred and four dollars. Quartermaster, one hundred dollars. Adjutant, to do also the duty of inspector, seventy-five dollars. Chaplain, fifty dollars. Surgeon, seventy dollars. Deputy quartermaster, fifty dollars. Aid-de-camp, in addition to his pay in the line, twenty-four dollars. Brigademajor, to act also as deputy-inspector, in addition to his pay in the line, twenty-four dollars Principal artificer. forty dollars. Second artificer, twenty-six dollars. Regimental: Lieutenant-colonel commandant, seventyfive dollars. Major-commandant of artillery, and major of dragoons, fifty-five dollars. Paymaster, in addition to his pay in the line, ten dollars. Quartermaster, in addition to his pay in the line, eight dollars. Adjutant, in addition to his pay in the line, ten dollars. Majors of infantry, fifty dollars. Captains, forty dollars. Lieutenants, twenty-six dollars, Ensigns and cornets, twenty dollars. Surgeons, forty five dollars. Mates, thirty dollars. Sergeant-majors and quartermaster sergeants, seven dollars. Senior musicians, six dollars. Sergeants, six dollars. Corporals, five dollars. Privates, three dollars. Musicians, four doldollars. Artificers allowed to the infantry, light dragoons, and artillery, and included as privates, eight dollars. Matrons and nurses in the hospital, eight dollars.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the rations, Rations for offior money in lieu thereof, for the commissioned, non cers and privates, &cc. commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, of the additional troops herein mentioned, shall be the same as described in the aforesaid act, entitled, "An act for regulating the military establishment of the United States,"* and in the act passed in the third session of the first congress, entitled "An act for raising and adding another regiment to the military establishment of

^{*}See chapter 12.

the United States, and for making farther provision for

the protection of the frontiers."*

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the forage, to Forage to additional regiments, be allowed to the officers of the additional regiments authorized by this act, be the same as described by the acts before mentioned.

Clothing for the infantry as by law established.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the allowance of clothing, for non-commissioned officers and privates of the infantry of the said three regiments, shall be the same as is by law established: that suitable clothing be provided for the cavalry, and adapted to the nature of the service, and conformed, as near as may be, to the value of the clothing allowed to the infantry and artillery.

Clothing to be provided for the cavalry, &c.

> SEC. 11. And be it further enacted. That all the commissioned and non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, of the said three regiments, shall take the same oaths, shall be governed by the same rules and regulations, and, in cases of disabilities, shall receive the same compensations as are described in the beforementioned act, entitled "An act for regulating the military establishment of the United States."+

Oaths, regulations, and com pensations, according to the act mentioned.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be forbear to raise, see, any part, or lawful for the president of the United States to forbear the whole, of the to raise, or to discharge after they shall be raised, the three regiments, whole, or any part, of the said three additional regiments, in case events shall, in his judgment, render his so doing consistent with the public safety.

President may &c.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That the president be, and he hereby is, authorized, from time to time, to call into service, and for such periods as he may deem requisite, such number of cavalry as, in his judgment, may be necessary for the protection of the frontiers: Provided, That the non-commissioned officers Pay of cavalry; finding horses, &c. pay in lieu of rations, &c. shall not be allowed more than one dollar per day, nor the privates more than seventy-five cents per day, each person finding his horse, arms, and accoutrements, and at his own risk, and twenty-five cents per day in lieu of rations and forage: Provided he furnish himself there-

President may, from time to time, call cavalry into service,

President alone to appoint commissioned officers; number, rank, pay, &c.

with. Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That the president alone be, and he hereby is, authorized to appoint, for the cavalry so to be engaged, the proper commissioned officers, who shall not exceed, in number and rank, the proportions assigned to the said three regiments, and whose pay and other allowances shall not, exclusively

^{*}See chapter 13.

of fifty cents per day for the use and risk of their horses, exceed those of officers of corresponding rank,

in the said regiments.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That the presi-President may dent of the United States be authorized, in case he shall exc. deem the measure expedient, to employ such number of the Indians, and for such compensations, as he may provise; comthink proper: Provided, The said compensations do not, pensations to ferint the whole, exceed twenty thousand dollars.

[Approved, March 5, 1792.]

CHAPTER XV.

An act supplemental to the act for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The president presentatives of the United States of America in Congress four brigadier ges assembled. That it shall be lawful for the president of nevals. the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint such number of brigadier-generals as may be conducive to the good of the public service. Provided the whole number appointed, or to be appointed, shall not exceed four.

[Approved, March 28, 1792.]

CHAPTER XVI.

An act making alterations in the Treasury and War Departments.

[EXTRACT.]

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be a a paymaster to paymaster, to reside near the head quarters of the troops quarters. of the United States. That it shall be the duty of the His duties; bond; said paymaster to receive, from the treasurer, all the oath, &c. moneys which shall be entrusted to him for the purpose of paying the pay, the arrears of pay, subsistence, or forage, due to the troops of the United States. That he shall receive the pay abstracts of the paymasters of the several regiments or corps, and compare the same with the returns or muster rolls which shall accompany the said pay abstracts. That he shall certify, accurately, to the commanding officer, the sums due to the respec-

*The act of 3d March, 1795, chap 24, recognized and continued the then existing establishment, without enumerating officers. The provisions of this act appear therefore to have been in force till superseded by act of 30th May, 1796, chap. 26.

tive corps, which shall have been examined as aforesaid, who shall thereon issue his warrant on the said deputy paymaster, for the payment accordingly. That copies of all reports to the commanding officer, and the warrants thereon, shall be duly transmitted to the office of the accountant of the war department, in order to be there examined, and finally adjusted at the treasury, That the said paymaster shall give bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, with two sufficient sureties, for the faithful discharge of his duty, and he shall take an oath faithfully to execute the duties of his office. That the compensation to the said paymaster shall be sixty dollars monthly, with the same rations and forage as a major.*

Assignment of pay, invalid, &c.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That no assignment of pay, made after the first day of June next, by a non-commissioned officer or private, shall be valid.

Contracts for supplying the army, &c.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all purchases and contracts, for supplying the army with provisions, clothing, supplies in the quartermaster's department, military stores, Indian goods, and all other supplies, or articles for the use of the department of war, be made by, or under, the direction of the treasury department. [Approved, May 8, 1792.]

CHAPTER XVII.

An act making an alteration in the flag of the United States.‡

After the 1st of May, 1795, the flag of the United States of America in Congress ed States to consist of 15 stripes, assembled. That from and after the first day of May, 8c, 15 stars &c. &c. 15 stars, &c. anno domini one thousand seven hundred and ninetyfive, the flag of the United States be fifteen stripes, alternate red and white. That the Union be fifteen stars, white in a blue field. [Approved, January 13, 1794.]

CHAPTER XVIII.

An act to provide for the defence of certain ports and harbors in the United States.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The harbors mentioned to be presentatives of the United States of America in Congress

> *See chap. 41, sec. 15, and chap. 43, sec. 1; also act of 16th March 1802, chap. 46, sec. 3.

+Modified by act of 16th July, 1798-See chap. 37.

†Altered and established by act of April 4, 1818—See chapter 108.

assembled, That the following ports and harbors be for-fortified under tified, under the direction of the president of the United the direction of States, and at such time or times as he may judge ne- &c. cessary, to wit: Portland, in the district of Maine; Partsmouth, in the state of New-Hampshire; Gloucester, Salem, Marblehead, and Boston, in the state of Massachusetts; Newport, in the state of Rhode Island; New-London, in the state of Connecticut; New York; Philadelphia; Wilmington, in the state of Delaware; Baltimore, in the state of Maryland: Norfolk and Alexandria, in the state of Virginia; Cape Fear river, and Ocracock Inlet, in the state of North Carolina; Charleston and Georgetown, in the state of South Carolina; and Savannah, and Saint Mary's, in the state of Georgia,

Src. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the president lawful for the president of the United States to employ, may employ the as garrisons, in the said fortifications, or any of them, garrisons, &c. such of the troops on the military establishment of the United States as he may judge necessary; and to cause cause cannon, to be provided one hundred cannon, of a caliber, each, to provided, &c. carry a ball of thirty-two pounds weight, and one hundred other cannon, of a caliber, each, to carry a ball of twenty-four pounds weight, together with the carriages and implements necessary for the same, and carriages with the necessary implements for one hundred and fifty other cannon, with two hundred and fifty tons of cannon shot.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be The president to lawful for the president of the United States to receive of, or to pur-from any state (in behalf of the United States) a cession chare lands, &c, of the lands on which any of the fortifications aforesaid, with the necessary buildings, may be erected, or intended to be erected; or, where such cessions shall not be made, to purchase such lands, on behalf of the United States: Provided, That no purchase shall be made where such lands are the property of a state.*

[Approved, March 20, 1794.]

CHAPTER XIX.

An act to provide for the erecting and repairing of arsenals and magagazines, and for other purposes.+

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Three or four presentatives of the United States of America in Congress arsenals, with

*See the constitution, article 1, section 8, clause 16.

†See chapter 32, making further provisions for procuring arms, &c. also chapter 44, and 56.

magazines, to be assembled, That, for the safe keeping of the military &cc.

established, under the direction stores, there shall be established, under the direction of of the president, the president of the United States, three or four arsenals, with magazines, as he shall judge most expedient, in such places as will best accommodate the different parts of the United States. Either, or both, of the arsenals heretofore used at Springfield and Carlisle, to be continued as part of the said number, at his discretion:

purchased. &c.

Proviso: arsenals Provided. That none of the said arsenals be erected. not to be erected until burchases of the land, necessary for their accommodation, be made, with the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same is intended to be erected. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be

A national ar-

mory at each of the arsenals, &c. established, at each of the aforesaid arsenals, a national armory, in which shall be employed one superintendent, and one master armorer, (who shall be appointed by the president of the United States,) and as many workmen as the secretary for the department of war shall, from time to time, deem necessary, so that the whole number, at all the armories, shall not exceed one Compensation to hundred. And the said superintendents shall, each, receive, as a compensation, seventy dollars per month, and the said master armorer, each, fifty dollars per month.*

superintendents and master armorers, &c.

perintend the receiving, &c. of military stores,

His compensapresident.

Not exceeding 59,000 dolls, appropriated for erecting and repairing arsenals, &c. and not execeding 22,865 dolls, for armo

340 000 dolls, to be applied, un-der the presi-dent's direction, in the purchase of arms, &c.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be employed an officer, whose duty it shall be, (under the direction of the department of war,) to superintend the receiving, safe keeping, and distribution, of the military stores of the United States, and to call to account all persons to whom the same may be intrusted; he shall receive, for his compensation, at the rate of one hundred tion; and to be appointed by the and twenty-five dollars per month, and shall be appointed by the president of the United States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding fifty-nine thousand dollars, be appropriated for the erecting and repairing of the arsenals and magazines aforesaid; and a sum, not exceeding twenty-two thousand eight hundred and sixty-five dollars, for defraying the expense of the national armories, for one year; and the further sum of three hundred and forty thousand dollars, to be applied, under the direction of the president of the United States, in the purchase of arms, ammunition, and military stores; which said several sums shall be paid out of the duties on imports and tonnage, to the end of the present year.

^{*}See act of 7th of May, 1800, chap. 44, sec. 1.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That an annual account of the expenses of the national armories be laid armories, &c. to before the legislature of the United States, together congress. with an account of the arms made and repaired therein.

[Approved, April 2, 1794.]

CHAPTER XX.

An act for raising and organizing a Corps of Artillerists and Engineers.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re. 764 non-commispresentatives of the United States of America in Congress sioned officers, privates, &c. to assembled, That the number of seven hundred and six-braised for ty-four non-commissioned officers, privates, and artific Commissioned officers to be apprivated to solve a private and publicious shall be an officer to be apprivated. cers, to serve as privates, and musicians, shall be en-pointed, &c. gaged for the term of three years, by voluntary enlistments; and that the proper proportion of cummissioned officers shall be appointed to command the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid To be incorporated with the commissioned and non-commissioned officers, privates, corps of artificers, and musicians, shall be incorporated with the corps of artillery now in the service of the United States, Entire number and denominated the corps of artillerists and engineers; of the corps of and that the entire number of the said corps, exclusively engineers to be of the commissioned officers, shall be nine hundred and &c. ninety-two.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That the organi-organization of

zation of the said corps be as herein mentioned, to wit: the corps, as one lieutenant-colonel commandant, one adjutant, one surgeon; four battalions, each to consist of one major, one adjutant and paymaster, and one surgeon's mate; and four companies, each to consist of one captain, two lientenants, two cadets, with the pay, clothing, and rations of a sergeant, four sergeants, four corporals, forty-two privates, sappers, and miners, and ten artificers to serve as privates, and two musicians.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, 'That the additional officers and pricommissioned officers, non-commissioned officers, pri- the same pay, vates, artificers, and musicians, by this act directed to &c. as other trops, to be go, be raised, shall receive the same pay and allowances, in verned by the all respects, as the troops already in the service of the United States; and they shall also be governed by the same rules and articles of war, which have been, or may be, by law established.

* Continued by acts of 3d March, 1795, chap 24, and 30th May, 1796, chap 26. An additional regiment provided by act of 27th April, 1798, chap. 30 Repealed and supplied by act of 16th March, 1802, chap. 46, sections 1, 2, 26, 27, 28 and 29.

The secretary of war to provide books, apparatus; &c.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of war to provide, at the public expense, under such regulations as shall be directed by the president of the United States, the necessary books, instruments, and apparatus, for the use and benefit of the said corps.

The president to cause portions of the corps to serve as he may deem consistent, &cc.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the president of the United States shall cause such proportions of the said corps to serve in the field, on the frontiers, or in the fortifications on the sea coast, as he shall deem consistent with the public service.

Approved, May 9, 1794.1

CHAPTER XXI.

An act supplementary to "An act to provide for the defence of certain ports and harbors in the United States."

The president

land, &c.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The port and presentatives of the United States of America in Congress but bor of Anna presentatives of the United States of America in Congress polis, to be forti- assembled. That the port and harbor of the city of Anneld, &c. napolis be fortified, in such manner, and at such time or times, as the president of the United States may direct; and that it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to employ a garrison in the said fortifimay employ a garriou at An. cation, provide cannon and equipments, and receive, garriou at An. napolis, Ke. re- from the state of Maryland, a cession of the lands on ceiv a cession of cation, provide cannon and equipments, and receive, which the said fortification, and its necessary buildings, may be creeted, agreeably to the second and third sections of the act to which this is a supplement *

[Approved, May 9, 1794.]

Marine Comme · CHAPTER XXII.

An act in addition to the "act for making further and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Half pay for five presentatives of the United States of America in Congress dows or orphans assembled. That if any commissioned officer in the officers dying in troops of the United States shall, while in the service

*See original act, chapter 18.

†The 1st and 2d sections of this act were superseded and supplied by act of 16th Murch, 1802—See chap 46, sections 13 & 15 The 3d was continued with some modification by acts of 3d March, 1795, and 30th May, 1796, chap. 24, sec 9, and chap. 26, sec. 11, but formally repealed by act of 3d March, 1797-see chap. 27, sec. 1.

of the United States, die, by reason of wounds received the service from in actual service of the United States, and shall leave a wounds, &c, widow, or if no widow, shall leave a child or children, under age, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to, and receive, the half of the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years: And in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration of the said term of five years, the half pay, for the remainder of the term, shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer, while under the age of sixteen years, and, in like manner, the allowance to the child or children of such deceased, where there is no widow, shall be paid no longer than while there is a Proviso; no child or children under the age aforesaid. Provided That greater allow anec, in any no greater sum shall be allowed, in any case, to the wild and the half pay of fieure down or to the child or children, of any officer, than the tenant colonel.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the army be Arrears of the in future paid in such manner that the arrears shall at ceed 2 months.

no time exceed two months.

half pay of a lientenant colonel.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That to such of the The president may augment the troops as are, or may be, employed on the frontiers, ranous of troops on the frontiers, and under such special circumstances as, in the opinion under special of the president of the United States, may require an &c. angmentation of some parts of their rations, the president be authorized to direct such augmentation as he may judge necessary, not exceeding four ounces of beef, two onnees of floor, and half a gill of rum, or whiskey, in addition to each ration, and half a pint of salt to one hundred rations. [Approved, June 7, 1794.]

CHAPTER XXIII.

An act to establish the office of Purveyor of Public Supplies.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- A purveyor of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress in the departs assembled, That there shall be, in the department of the ment of the weather sury, &c. freasury, an officer, to be denominated "Purveyor of Public Supplies." whose duty snall be, under the direction and supervision of the secretary of the treasury, to

†Altered by act of 16th July, 1790—See chap. 37, sec. 3.

^{*} The office of Purveyor abolished by act of March 28th, 1812-See chap. 64, sec 9

His duty, to con- conduct the procuring and providing of all arms, miliduet the procure tary and naval stores, provisions, clothing, Indian goods, and generally, all articles of supply requisite for the service of the United States, and whose compensa-His salary, 2,000 tion shall be, a salary of two thousand dollars per andollars per annotation.

His letters free nilm. of postage.

And all letters to and from the said officer shall be received and conveyed by post free of postage.

The purveyor

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said offinot to be conor commerce, see, nor purchase terested, in carrying on the business of trade or compublic lands, &c. merce, or be owner, in whole or in part, of any sea vessel, or purchase, by himself or another in trust for him, public lands, or any other public property, or be concerned in the purchase or disposal of any public securities of any state, or of the United States, or take, or apply, to his own use, any emolument or gain, for negotiating or transacting any business in the said department, other than what shall be allowed by law; and if he shall offend against any of the probibitions of this Forfeit of 3,000 act, he shall, upon conviction, forfeit, to the United States, the penalty of three thousand dollars, and may be imprisoned for a term not exceeding five years, and shall be removed from office, and be forever thereafter incapable of holding any office under the United States.

dolls, imprison-ment and disability, for offendprohibitions of this act, &c.

The purveyor to give bond, &c.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said officer shall, before he enters on the duties of his office, give bond, with sufficient surcties, to be approved by the secretary of the treasury and comptroller, in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, payable to the United States, with condition for the faithful performance of todged in the of the duties of his said office; which bond shall be lodged

fice of the comp- in the office of the comptroller. troller.

[Approved, February 23, 1795.]

CHAPTER XXIV.

An act for continuing and regulating the Military Establishment of the United States, and for repealing sundry acts heretofore passed on that subject.*

nued.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Relitary establish-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the present military establishment of the United States, composed of a corps of artillerists and engineers, to consist of nine hundred and ninety-

^{*}Repealed and supplied by act of 30th May, 1796-See chap. 26,

two non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, and of a legion to consist of four thousand eight hundred non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, be, and the same is hereby, continued.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said corps The corps of aroff artillerists and engineers be completed, conformably gineers to be to the act of the eighth of May last, establishing the completed, &c.

same, and prescribing the number and term of enlist-

ments, and the method of organization *

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the legion of the legion of the United States be also completed, to the number of be completed, &c. four thousand eight hundred non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, by voluntary enlistments, for the term of three years; and that the sub-legions com- The sub-legions posing the same be organized in such manner as the as the president president of the United States shall direct. Provi- provise no ended, nevertheless, That no such enlistment shall be made listments after 3 after three years from the passing of this act.

- Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the cavalry to scree as dispulated as a condition in the enlistments for the ca-mounted dispulately, that they shall serve as dismounted dragoons, dered, &c. when ordered so to do, and that in all cases of enlistments of the troops of every description, there be expressly reserved to the government a right to discharge Aright to be returned by the whole, or any part thereof, at such times, and in discharge the such proportions, as may be deemed expedient.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the commissioned sioned officers who shall be employed in the recruiting recruiting service, shall be entitled to receive, for every able-bo-dolls for every died recruit duly enlisted and mustered, of at least five person enlisted feet six inches in height, and not under the age of ton mentioned, eighteen, nor above the age of forty-six years, the sum

of two dollars.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That there shall be A bounty of 16 allowed and paid to each soldier now in the service of soldier reenlist the United States, or discharged therefrom subsequent ing, &c. to the third day of March last, who shall re-enlist, a bounty of sixteen dollars: And to each person not now in the army of the United States, or discharged as above, who shall hereafter enlist, a bounty of fourteen Bounty of four dollars: but the payment of four dollars of the bounty each recruit, not of each and every man so enlisting, shall be deferred part of the bounty of the army. Of each and every man so enlisting, shall be deferred part of the bounty in the bounty leach recruit, not of each and every man so enlisting, shall be deferred part of the bounty each recruit the bounty leach recruit here is to ty deferred, &c.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That every non Non-commission ed officers, pricommissioned officer, private, and musician, of the ar-vates, and musician,

^{*}See chapter 20. There is a discrepance between the date here referred to and that affixed to the act as the date of its approval.

fantry and artillery, to receive the articles of uniterm clothing mentioned.

cavalry and ri-flemen to be sustable, &c.

Daily ration allowed to cach ed officer, private, &c.

cians, of the ing tillery and infantry, shall receive, annually, the follows ing articles of uniform clothing, to wit: one hat or hele met. one coat, one vest, two pair of woollen and two pair of linen overalls, four pair of shoes, four shirts, two pair of socks, one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair And that there be furnished to the cavalry of buckles. clothing for the and riflemen, such clothing as shall be the most snitable and best adapted to the nature of the service, having regard therein, as nearly as may be, to the value of the clothing allowed, as above, to the infantry and artillery.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That every non-comnon-commission-missioned officer, private, and musician, shall receive, daily, the following rations of prevision, to wit: one pound of heef, or three quarters of a pound of pork, one pound of bread or flour, half a gill of run, brandy, or whiskey, and at the rate of one quart of salt, two quarts of vinegar, two pounds of soap, and one pound of candles, to every hundred rations, or the value thereof at the contract price, where the same shall become due; and if. at such post, supplies are not furnished by contract, then such allowance as shall be deemed equitable, having reference to former contracts, and the position of the place in question.

SEC. 9. Provided always, and be it further enacted. lowance of pro-That to those in the military service of the United States, who are, or shall be, employed on the western frontiers, there shall be allowed, during the time of their being so employed, two ounces of flour or bread, and two ounces of beef or pork, in addition to each of their rations, and a half a pint of salt in addition to

every hundred of their rations.

Manthly pay of and pary testion the bilitary esthe U. States.

Additional al-

litary employed on the western

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted. That the monthly officers, not commissioned officers, musificers musicians, lans, and privates, on the military establishment of the United States, be as follows, to wit: General staff: a major general, one hundred and sixty-six dollars; a brigadier general, one hundred and four dollars; a quartermaster general, one hundred dellars: adjutant grueral, to do also the duty of inspector, seventy five dollars; chaplain, fifty dollars; surgeon, seventy dellars; deputy quartermaster, fifty dollars; aid-de camp, in addition to his pay in the line, twenty-four dollars; brigade major, to act also as deputy inspector, in addition to his pay in the line, twenty-four dollars; principal artificer, forty dollars; second artificer, twenty-six dollars. gimental: lientenant-colonel commandant, seventy-five dollars; major of artillery, and major of dragoons, fiftylive dollars: major of infantry, lifty dollars; paymaster, adjutant, and quartermaster, in addition to their pay in the line, ten dollars; captains, forty dollars; lieutenants, twenty six dollars; ensigns and cornets, twenty dollars; surgeons, forty five dollars: surgeon's mates, thirty dollars; sergeant-majors, and quartermaster-sergeants, eight dollars; senior musicians, seven dollars; sergeants, seven dollars; corporals, six dollars; musicians, five dollars: privates, four dollars; artificers allowed to the infantry, light dragoons, and artillery, nine dollars; ma-

trons and nurses in the hospital, eight dollars.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted. That the commis- Hations for commissioned offisioned officers aforesaid shall be entitled to receive, for cers. their daily subsistence, the following number of rations of provisions, to wit: A major-general, fifteen rations; a brigadier general, twelve rations; a lieutenant-colonelcommandant, and quartermaster-general, each, six rations; a major, four rations; brigade-major, and aid-decamp, four rations; a captain, three rations; a lieuteterant, ensign, or cornet, two rations; a surgeon, as well hospital as regimental, three rations; a surgeon's mate, two rations: a deputy quartermaster, two rations; Money in New of a principal, and second, artificer, each, two rations; a rations. chaplain, two rations; or money in lien thereof, at the option of the said officers, at the contract price, at the pasts, respectively, where the rations shall become due.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted. That the officers Monthly rate of hereinafter described shall, whenever forage shall not stead of foreign be fornished by the jublic, receive at the rate of the mentioned. following enumerated sums, per month, instead thereof, to wit: The major general, twenty dollars; the brigadier general, sixteen dollars; lieutenant colonel, twelve dollars: quartermaster general, adjutant-general, and surgeon general, each, twelve dollars; major, ten dollars; aid-de-camp, brigade-major, and surgeon, each, ten dollars; captain of cavalry, eight dellars; chaptain and surgeon's mate, each, six dollars; deputy-quartermaster, and subalterns of cavalry, each, six dollars; principal artificer, paymaster, adjutant, and regimental quartermaster, each, six dollars.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any officers, non-cer, non-commissioned officer, private, or musician, commissioned officer, private, or musician, commissioned of a or esaid, shall be wounded or disabled, while in the ficers, private, fine of his duty, in public service, he shall be placed on disabled, the to the list of the invalids of the United States, at such rate fix of invalids, of pay, and under such regulations, as shall be directed by the president of the United States for the time being:

Proviso; rate of compensation to a commissioned officer not to exceed half pay, &c. that to privates not to exper month.

Proviso; allow-ance for inferior disabilities in proportion.

Officers and soldiers to be governed by the rules and articles of war, &c.

Provided always, That the rate of compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commissioned officer, shall never exceed, for the highest disahility, half the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of his being so disabled or wounded; and that the rate of compensation to non-commissioned officers, privates. shall never exceed five dollars per and musicians. menth: And provided also, That all inferior disabilities shall entitle the person so disabled to receive an allowance proportionate to the highest disability.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted. That the officers, non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians. aforesaid, shall be governed by the rules and articles of war, which have been established by the United States in congress assembled,* as far as the same may be applicable to the constitution of the United States, or by such rules and articles as may hereafter by law be es-

tablished.

Officers and soldiers to take and subscribe and onth.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted. That every officer, non-commissioned officer, private, and musician, aforesaid, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I, A B, do solemnly swear or af-Form of the oath ffirm (as the case may be) to bear true allegiance to the United States of America, and to serve them, honestly and faithfully, against all their enemies or opposers whomsoever, and to observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and articles of war." The president to SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That it shall be armitte troops as lawful for the president of the United States to arm the

troops aforesaid, whether riflemen, artillerists, draproper.

The president may forbear to raise, or discharge the troops, in case,

imprisonment.

goons, or infantry, as he shall think proper; and that it be also lawful for him to forbear to raise, or to discharge after they shall be raised, any part thereof, in case

events shall, in his judgment, render his so doing consistent with public safety, and general convenience and economy. Persons procur-ing soldiers to desert, &c. or captains of ves-sels receiving de-

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That every person who shall procure, or entice, a soldier in the service of the United States to desert, or who shall conceal such serters &c. sub-soldier, knowing him to have described, or who shall puriect to fine or chase from such soldier his arms, or his uniform clothing, or any part thereof, and every captain or commanding officer of any ship or vessel, who shall enter on board such ship or vessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have deserted, or otherwise carry away such

^{*}See chapter 2, with its supplements:

soldier, or shall refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, shall, apon legal conviction, be fined, at the discretion of the court, in any sum not exeeeding three hundred dollars, or be imprisoned, for

any term not exceeding one year.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That the several The acts monacts, entitled " An act for regulating the military estab-tioned, repeated, lishment of the United States;"* " An act for raising and adding another regiment to the military establishment of the United States, and for making further provision for the protection of the frontiers;"+ " An act for making further and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States," t be, and the same are hereby, repealed; and also so much of any act or acts of the present session, as comes within the purview of this act: Provided always, That nothing Proviso; nothing in this section contained shall be so construed as to va-vacate commiscate the commissions which have been issued, or any sions or enlistappointments, or culistments which have been made, in pursuance of the acts herein repealed.

Approved, March 3, 1795.]

Name and Address of the Owner, where CHAPTER XXV.

An act allowing compensation for horses killed in battle belonging to officers of the army of the United States.

SEC 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress officers whose assembled, That every officer in the army of the United duty requires on States, whose duty requires him to be on horseback in horseback in time of action, and whose horse shall be killed in battle. &e allowed 200 dollars for each be allowed a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, as horse killed.

a compensation for each horse so killed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provision The provision in contained in this act shall have retrospective operation, this act to have so far as the fourth day of March, in the year one thou-operation to the sand seven hundred and eighty-nine: Provided, That no person shall receive payment for any horse so killed, Proviso; no peruntil he make satisfactory proof to the secretary of war, payment for any horse killed, unthat the horse, for which he claims compensation, was the make sairs actually killed under such circumstances as to entitle &c. him to this provision, in all cases which have heretofore taken place, within one year after the end of the present session of congress; and in all cases which may take

^{\$}See chapter 14.

place hereafter, within one year after such horse shall

ĥave been killed.

SEC. 3. And he it further enacted, That the proof of Froof of value, the value, of such horse shall be, by the affidavit of the see the affidavit of the the quarter quartermaster of the corps to which the owner may be other credible long, or of two other credible witnesses. [Approved, May 12, 1796.]

CHAPTER XXVI.

An act to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the military establishment of the United States, from and after the last day of October next, be composed of the corps of artillerists and engineers, as established by the act, entitled "An act providing for raising and organizing a corps of artillerists and engineers;"t two companies of light dragoons, who shall do duty on horse or foot, at the discretion of the president of the United States; and four regiments of infantry, of eight companies each; the company of dragoons shall consist of one captain, two lieutenants, one cornet, four sergeants, four corporals, one farrier, one saddler, one trumpeter, and fifty two privates; and shall be armed and accoutred in such manner as the president of the United States may direct.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That each regiment. Organization of of infantry shall consist of one lieutenant colonel coma regiment of in mandant, two majors, one adjutant, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, eight captains, eight lieutenants, eight ensigns, two sergeantmajors, two quartermaster sergeants, two senior musicians, thirty-two sergeants, thirty-two corporals, sixteen musicians, and four hundred and sixteen privates: Provided always, That the president of the United States may, in his discretion, appoint an additional number of surgeon's mates, not exceeding ten, and distribute the same, according to the necessity of the service.

†See chapter 20.

^{*}See act of the 3d March, 1797, chapter 27, and 16th July, 1798, chapter 36; also act of 16th March, 1802, chapter 46, which repealed and supplied this and the abovementioned acts.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be A major-general and two aids; a one major-general, with two aids-de-camp; one briga-brigadier-genedier-general, who may choose his brigade major from ral &c. the captains or subalterns of the line; which brigademajor shall receive the monthly pay of twenty-four dollars, in addition to his pay in the line, be entitled to Additional pay of brigade major, four rations of provisions for his daily subsistence; and, &c. whenever forage shall not be furnished by the public, to ten dollars per month in lien thereof; one quartermaster-general; one inspector, who shall do the duty of adjutant-general; and one paymaster-general; and that the adjutants, quartermasters, and paymasters of regiments, shall be appointed from the subalterns of their respective regiments.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the presi-The president to dent of the United States cause to be arranged, the officers and privates cers, non-commissioned officers, privates, and musi to the legion, the legion of the United States, and light dra-ranged so as to cians, of the legion of the United States, and light dra-ranged so as to the four example. goons, in such manner as to form and complete ont of four regiments, the same the four regiments aforesaid, and two companies of light dragoons: And the supernumerary officers. The supernumeraries to be conprivates, and musicians, shall be considered, from and sidered. &c., disafter the last day of October next, discharged from the charged,

service of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That the corps of The corps of articlerists and enartillerists and engineers be completed, conformably to gineers to be the act of the eighth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, establishing the same, and prescribing the number and term of enlistments, and the method of organization.*

SEC. 6. And he it further enacted, That the commis-commissioned officers employed sioned officers, who shall be employed in the recruiting in recruiting to service, to keep up, by enlistments, the corps of artille-for every person rists, infantry, and dragoons, aforesaid, shall be enti-description mentled to receive, for every able bodied recrait, duly en-tioned listed and mustered, of at least five feet six inches in height, and not under the age of eighteen, nor above the

age of forty-six years, the sum of two dollars.

SEC 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be 16 dollars bounty allowed and paid to each soldier now in the service of listing for five the United States, or discharged therefrom subsequent years, &c. to the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, who shall re-enlist, for the term of five years, unless sooner discharged, a bounty of sixteen dollars; and to each person not now in the army of the A bounty of \$14 United States, or discharged, as above, who shall here, to persons not in the army collisafter enlist for the term aforesaid, a bounty of fourteening.

^{*} See chapter 20.

The payment of dollars; but the payment of four dollars of the bounty 4 dolls, of the bounty deferred, of each and every man so enlisting, shall be deferred. until he shall have joined the corps in which he is to &c. serve.

the articles of mentioned.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That every noned officers, privates, &c. of the commissioned officer, private, and musician, of the arranthery and in tillery and infantry, shall receive, annually, the follow-fantry, to receive annually, ing articles of uniform clothing, to wit: one bat, one uniform clothing coat, one vest, two pair of woollen and two pair of linen overalls, four pair of shoes, four shirts, four pair of socks, one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair of backles.

Suitable clothing Sec.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That suitable clothto be provided for the dragoons, ing be provided for the dragoons, adapted to the nature of the service, and conformed, as near as may be, to the value of the clothing allowed to the infantry and artillerv.

ed officers, privates, &c.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That every non-Daily rations of commissioned officer, private, and musician, shall renon commission- ceive, daily, the following rations of provisions, to wit: one pound of beef, or three quarters of a pound of pork, one pound of bread or flour, half a gill of rum, brandy, or whiskey; and at the rate of one quart of salt, two quarts of vinegar, two pounds of soap, and one pound of candles, to every hundred rations.

Additional allow. tiers, &c.

Sec. 11. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That ance of provisions to those in the military service of the United States, who and the western from shall be, employed on the western frontiers, there the western from shall be allowed during the time of their being and the state of the sta shall be allowed, during the time of their being so employed, two ounces of flour or bread, and two ounces of beef or pork, in addition to each of the rations, and half a pint of salt, in addition to every hundred of their rations.

Monthly pay of

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That the monthly officers and sol- pay of the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the military establishment, be as follows: a major-general, one hundred and sixty-six dollars; a brigadier-general, one bondred and four dollars; quartermaster, inspector, and paymaster generals, each, in addition to their pay in the line, twenty-five dollars; principal artificer, forty-dollars; second artificer, twenty-six dollars; lieutenant-colonel-commandant, seventy-five dollars; major of artillery and of dragoons, fifty-five dollars; major of infantry, fifty dollars; paymaster, adjutant, and regimental quartermaster, in addition to their pay in the line, ten dollars; captain, forty dollars; lieutenants, twenty-six dollars; ensigns and cornets, twenty dollars; surgeons, forty-five dollars; surgeon's mates, thirty dollars; sergeant-majors, and quartermaster sergeants, eight dollars; senior musicians, seven dollars; sergeants, seven dollars; corporals, six dollars; musicians, five dollars; privates, four dollars; artificers allowed to the infantry and artillery, farriers and saddlers to the dragoons, each, nine dollars; ma-

trons and nurses in the hospital, eight dollars.

sioned officers aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive, for officers. their daily subsistence, the following number of rations of provisions: a major-general, fifteen rations; a brigadier-general, twelve rations; a lieutenant-colonel-commandant, six rations; a quartermaster, inspector, and paymaster-generals, each, six rations; and each aidde-camp shall receive the monthly pay of twentyfour dollars, in addition to his pay in the line, be entitled to four rations of provisions for his daily subsistence, and whenever forage shall not be furnished by the public, to ten dollars per month in lieu thereof; a captain, three rations; a lieutenant, ensign, and cornet, each, two rations; a surgeon, three rations; a surgeon's mate, two rations; a principal, and second artificer, each, two rations, or money in lieu thereof, at the option

of the said officers, at the posts, respectively, where the rations shall become due; and if, at such posts, supplies are not furnished by contract, then such allowance as shall be deemed equitable, having reference to former contracts, and the position of the place in question.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the officers Monthly allowance in lieu of hereinafter described shall, whenever forage shall not forage, to the ofbe furnished by the public, receive at the rate of the ficers mentioned following enumerated sums, per month, instead thereof, to wit: a major-general, twenty dollars; a brigadier-general, sixteen dollars; quartermaster, inspector, and paymaster-generals, each, twelve dollars: lieutenantcolonel commandant, twelve dollars; major, ten dollars; captain of dragoons, eight dollars; lieutenant and cornet, each, six dollars; surgeon, ten dollars; surgeon's mate, six dollars; principal artificer, paymaster, adjutant, and regimental quartermaster, each, six

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That every person Not exceeding who shall procure or entice a soldier, in the service of 300 dolls fine or the United States, to desert, or who shall purchase, songart, for inform any soldier, his arms, uniform clothing, or any desert, purchase part thereof; and every captain or commanding officer or for a captain of any ship or vessel, who shall enter on board such of a vessel entering a deserter. s hip or vessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have among his crew,

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the commis- Rations, &c. fur

deserted, or otherwise carry away any such soldier, or shall refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, shall, upon legal conviction, be fined, at the discretion of the court, in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, or be imprisoned, for any term not exceeding one year.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That no non-com-No non commissioned officers & missioned officer, or private, shall be arrested, or subprivates subject to arrest for a ject to arrest, for any debt under the sum of twenty sum under \$20.

dollars.

eral courts-mar-

dent, &ce.

valids, &c.

8-c.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That if any non-Non-commissioncommissioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert ed officers or privates deserting, liable, in ad. from the service of the United States, he shall, in addidition to penaltion to the penalties mentioned in the rules and articles ties, &c. to serve such period as of war, be liable to serve, for and during such a period of war, be liable to serve, for and during such a period will amount to as shall, with the time he may have served previous to the full term of enlistment; and may be tried, all his desertion, amount to the full term of his enlistment, though, &c. and such soldier shall and may be tried and sentenced by a regimental, or garrison court-martial, although the term of his enlistment may have elapsed previous to his

being apprehended or tried.

Sentences of gen-Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That the sential, in time of tences of general courts-martial, in time of peace, expeace, extending to the loss of life, the dismission of a commispeace or war, re- sioned officer; or which shall, either in time of peace or spect a general officer, shall, with the whole of the object the presi-proceedings in such cases, respectively, be laid before the president of the United States; who is hereby authorized to direct the same to be carried into execution, or otherwise, as he shall judge proper.*

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted. That if any offi-

oneers and sor cer, non commissioned officer, private, or musician, the fine of duty, aforesaid, shall be wounded or disabled, while in the kee to be placed on the list of me line of his duty, in public service, he shall be placed on the list of the invalids of the United States, at such rate of pay, and under such regulations, as shall be directed by the president of the United States for the time being; Proviso; the rate of compensation Provided always, That the rate of compensation to be to a commission allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commisexceed half pay, sioned officer, shall never exceed, for the highest disability, half the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of his being so disabled or wounded; and that the rate of compensation to non-commissioned officers, privates, The rate, &c. to and musicians, shall never exceed five dollars ner non-commission month: And provided also, That all inferior disabilties ed officers and privates, not to shall entitle the person so disabled, to receive an allow-

exceed five dolls. ance proportionate to the highest disability. per month. * See chap. 8, art. 2, and rules and articles of war, chap. 50, art. 65. SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the officers, officers and sol non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians, verned by the aforesaid, shall be governed by the rules and articles of rules and articles war which have been established by the United States, &c. in congress assembled,* (except so much of the same as is by this act altered or amended.) as far as the same may be applicable to the constitution of the United States; or by such rules and articles as may hereafter

by law be established.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That every officers and solver, non-commissioned officer, private, and musician. diers to take and subscribe an aforesaid, shall take and subscribe the following oath oath. or affirmation, to wit: "I, A B, do solemnly swear, or affirm, (as the case may be,) to bear true allegiance to Form of the cath the United States of America. and to serve them honestly and faithfully, against their enemies or opposers whomsoever, and to observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and articles of

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That so much of Acts in force, & any act or acts, now in force, as comes within the pur-view of this act, view of this act, shall be, and the same is hereby, re- repealed; saving, pealed: saving, nevertheless, such parts thereof as relate to the enlistments or term of service of any of the troops, which, by this act, are continued on the present military establishment of the United States.

Sec. 23. And be it further enacted. That the general staff seaff, as authorized by this act, shall continue in service the 4th March, until the fourth day of next March. and no longer.

[Approved, May 30, 1796.]

CHAPTER XXVII.

An act to amend and repeal, in part, the act, entitled "An act to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The sections and presentatives of the United States of America in Congress & c. of the act assembled, That the third section of the act, passed the mentioned, repealed. thirtieth of May, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, entitled "An act to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States,"† together with all other parts thereof, which relate to provision made for

[†] See chapter 26. * See chapter 2, and its supplements.

the major-general and his staff, be repealed: and that all such parts of the said act, together with so much of the twenty-third section, as may be construed to affect the brigadier, and the whole of the eleventh section of the said act be, and are hereby repealed.

One brigadier general, &c.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That there shall be one brigadier-general, who may choose his brigade-major and inspector from the captains and subalterns in the line, (to each of whom there shall be allowed the monthly pay of twenty-five dollars, in addition to his pay in the line, and two rations extraordinary per day; and, whenever forage shall not be furnished by the public, to ten dollars per month in lieu thereof.) That there shall be A judgeadvocate, one judge-advocate, who shall be taken from the commissioned officers of the line, and shall be entitled to receive two rations extra per day, and twenty-five dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line; and whenever forage shall not be furnished by the public, to ten dollars per mouth in lieu thereof.

A quartermaster general and pay-master general,

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be one quartermaster-general, and one paymaster-general, who shall receive the same pay and emoluments, respectively, which those officers have heretofore been allowed by law.

Monthly pay of ensigns.

Double rations to the brigadier white commanseparate posts.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and aflieutenants and ter the thirtieth day of June next, the monthly pay of the lieutenants shall be thirty dollars, and that of the ensigns twenty-five dollars: That to the brigadier, while commander-in-chief, and to each officer, while commandderin-chief, and ing a separate post, there shall be allowed twice the the same to affi-cers commanding number of rations to which they would otherwise be entitled.

Majors entitled to four rations perday.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That the majors be entitled to receive four rations per day, for their subsistence.

Each commispay, &c.

SEC 6. And be it further enacted, That to each comsioned officer de- missioned officer, who may have been deranged under ranged, &c. 16 receive 6 months the act "to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States," there shall be paid the amount of six months' pay and subsistence.

[Approved, March 3, 1797.]

CHAPTER XXVIII.

An act to provide for the further defence of the ports and harbors of the United States.*

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress 8115,000 appro assembled, That for fortifying certain ports and harbors fying ports and of the United States, there be appropriated a sum not harbors exceeding one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That the said appropriation shall be paid and discharged out of the sur- Fund for defrayplus of the revenue and income beyond the appropria-

tions heretofore charged thereon.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, empowered States indebted to authorize any of the states which were found indebted States, authorize to the United States, in a settlement of the accounts be-lances due, on tween them and the respective states, to expend, under fortifications, and the respective states, to expend, under to have credit his direction, the sums respectively due from them, in therefor. fortifying their ports and harbors; and the sums which may be so expended, shall be passed to the credit of the said states, on account of the balances found and reported, by the commissioners for settling the accounts between the United States and the individual states, to be due from the said states to the United States: Provided, The said states shall and do cede to the United States, Proviso; as to the lands or places on which such fortifications shall be cession of sites of so erected, in cases where the lands are the property of fortifications. [Approved, June 23, 1797.] such states.+

CHAPTER XXIX.

Anact to provide for the widows and orphans of certain deceased officers.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress revisions of the assembled, That the provisions for widows and orphans act of 7th June, of commissioned officers of troops of the United States, to the widows, contained in the first section of the law passed on the &c. who have seventh day of June, one thousand seven hundred and wounds received ninety-four, entitled "An act in addition to the act interest March, making further and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States,"t be, and

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^{*}See suplemental act, chapter 31. †This proviso repealed by act of 3d May, 1798-see chapter 31, section 3. See chapter 22, section 1.

the same are hereby, extended to the widows and ornhan children of commissioned officers of the troops of the United States, and of the militia, who have died by reason of wounds received since the fourth day of March, one thousand seven bundred and eighty-nine, in

Provided application be made the actual service of the United States: Provided, apwithin two years, plication shall be made within two years after the end of the present session of congress.

[Approved, March 14, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXX.

An act to provide an additional regiment of artillerists and engineers.*

SEC. 1. Be i' enacted by the Senate and House of Re-An additional re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress five years, &c. assembled. That an additional regiment of artillerists and engineers shall and may be engaged, by voluntary enlistments, to serve for the term of five years, unless sooner discharged, and to be organized as fellows, that organization of is to say: there shall be one lieutenant-colonel comthe regiment.

mandant, one adjutant, one surgeon, and three battalions, each to consist of one major, one adjutant and paymaster, one surgeon's mate, and four companies, of one captain, two licutenants, two cadets, with the pay, Organization of Clothing, and rations, of a sergeant, four sergeants, four a company.

corporals, forty-two privates, sappers and miners, ten artificers, to serve as privates, and two musicians, in each company.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the addition-The regiment to be considered as al regiment which shall be raised, pursuant to this act, a part of the mi shall be considered as a part of the military establishment of the United States, for the time being; and the ment. commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers, privates, artificers, and musicians, who shall engage in the said regiment, shall be entitled to the same bounty, pay,

Bounty, pay, at and allowances, respectively, according to their correstowances, &c. nondent works. nondent ranks, as are, or shall be, by law, anthorized and provided for the other parts of the same establishment, and shall be governed by the same rules and articles of war, and shall be armed and accounted in such manner as the president of the United States shall di-

rect, and shall and may be employed by him, in detach-The regiment rect, and shall and may be employed by him, in detachmay be employed ments, or otherwise, in the field, or the fortifications

^{*}Repealed and supplied by act of 16th March, 1802-see chapter 46, sections 1, 2, 26 and 29.

upon the sea coast, as, in his opinion, the public service dent as he may deem the public

shall require.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secreta-quire.

Necessary books, ry of war shall provide, at the public expense, under the ex. to be provide direction of the president of the United States, all ne-expense. cessary books, instruments, and apparatus, for the use and benefit of the said regiment.

[Approved, April 27, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXI.

An act supplementary to the act providing for the further defence of the ports and harbors of the United States.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress additional, and assembled, That a sum not exceeding two hundred and fortificationsfifty thousand dollars, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated, remaining unexpended, shall be, and is hereby, appropriated, and shall and may be paid out of any moneys not before appropriated, to make and complete, at the discretion of the president of the United States, the fortifications heretofore directed for certain ports and harbors, and to erect fortifications in any other place or places, as the public safety shall require, in the opinion of the president of the United States; and which other fortifications he is hereby authorized to cause to be erected, under his direction, from time to time, as he shall judge necessary.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That where any states indebted state which was found indebted to the United States, by to the U.S. fin-the report of the commissioners for settling the accounts credit therefor. between the United States and the individual states. shall, with the approbation of the president of the United States, proceed to finish or complete any fortifications heretofore commenced by such state, for the defence of any port or harbor within the same, or shall, under the direction of the president of the United States, make and erect any additional fortifications, pursuant to the act, entitled "An act to provide for the further defence of the ports and harbors within the United States," † as well the previous expenditures, made since the twentieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which shall be approved by the president of the United

^{*}Original, act of 23d June, 1797, chapter 28. †See chapter 28.

balance due to be allowed, &c.

States, as the expenditures which have been, or which shall be, directed by him, shall be allowed and credited to such state, on account of the balance found and re-Provisomocspen-ported, as aforesaid: Provided, That no expenditure exceeding the balance found and reported against the respective state, shall be allowed as aforesaid; and provided, that the fortifications for which the whole or any part of the expenditures shall be so allowed and credited as aforesaid, with their privileges and appurtenances, shall be, and shall be declared and established as, the property of the United States, while maintained by them.

Proviso of the act of 23d June, 1797, repealed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That these words of the said act, entitled . An act for the further defence of the ports and harbors of the United States,"* that is to say, "provided, the said states shall and do cede to the United States, the lands or places on which such fortifications shall be so erected, in cases where the lands are the property of such states," shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed. [Approved, May 3, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXII.

An act to enable the president of the United States to procure cannon, arms, and ammunition; and for other purposes, †

300,000 dollars appropriated to

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress non, small arms, assembled, That a sum, not exceeding eight hundred thousand dollars, shall be, and hereby is, appropriated, and shall and may be paid out of any moneys not before appropriated, under the direction of the president of the United States, to purchase, as soon as may be, a sufficient number of cannon, also a supply of small arms, and of ammunition and military stores, to be deposited, and used, as will be most conducive to the public safety and defence, at the discretion of the president of the United States.

The president mories, &c.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president may establish foundries and ar. of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in case he shall find it impracticable to procure by purchase, with certainty and despatch proportionate to the necessities of the public service, the cannon and arms hereby required, and any considerable part thereof shall

^{*}See chapter 28, sec. 3.

[†]See act of 2d April, 1794, chapter 19; also chap, 44, and 56.

be likely to be deficient, to take, by lease, for a term of years, or by sale, in fee, to the United States, one or more suitable place or places where cannon or small arms may be advantageously cast and manufactured, and shall and may there establish foundries and armories, for the manufacture of the same, respectively, and shall cause suitable artizans and laborers to be there employed, for account of the United States; and shall and may appoint one or more persons to superintend the said works, under the direction of the department of war. And an account of the expenditures, which shall Account of exbe incurred in forming and employing these establish- aid before conments, and of the cannon and arms which shall be cast gress, annually. and manufactured therein, respectively, shall be laid before the congress of the United States, at their next session, and annually thereafter, so long as the same shall be continued.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one 100,000 dolls, aphundred thousand dollars shall be, and hereby is, appro-the purposes of priated, and shall be paid out of any moneys not before this act. appropriated, for the hire, purchase, and employ, of the said foundries and armories, respectively, in case such establishments shall be found necessary, as hereinbefore provided. [Approved, May 4, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXIII.

An act to amend the act, entitled "An act to amend and repeal, in part, the act, entitled 'An act to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States."*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The brigadier) presentatives of the United States of America in Congress general may assembled, That the brigadier-general who is now, or ade major and may hereafter be, in the service of the United States, be, the commissioned and he hereby is, authorized to choose his brigade, may officers of the and he hereby is, authorized to choose his brigade-ma-line, jor and inspector, or either of them, from the commissioned officers in the line of the army; and that so much of the second section of the act, entitled "An act to amend and repeal, in part, the act, entitled 'An act to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States," as confines the choice of brigade-major and inspector to the captains and subalterns of the line, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

^{*}Repealed by act of 16th March, 1802, chap. 46—For the act amended, see chap. 27.

Pay and allowmajor Cushing, as inspector.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the accounting ances as established by law, to officers of the treasury shall allow to major Cushing the monthly pay, rations, forage, and allowances, for the same, as established by law, for an inspector, during the time he has acted in said capacity by appointment of General Wilkinson. [Approved, May 22, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXIV.

An act authorising the president of the United States to raise a provisional army,*

The president may, on the taking place, raise an army of 10,000 men, for three years.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in the event of a declaration of war against the United States, or, of actual invasian of their territory, by a foreign power; or of imminent danger of such invasion discovered, in his opinion, to exist, before the next session of Congress, to cause to be enlisted, and to call into actual service, a number of troops, not exceeding ten thousand non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, to be enlisted for a term not exceeding three years; each of whom shall be entitled to receive a bounty of ten dollars, one half on enlisting, and the other half on joining the corps to which he may belong.

Bounty of \$10.

The president may organize the troops, and appoint officers, in the recess of the Senate, &c.

Appointment of field officers, to be submitted to the Senate, &c.

The troops to be on the footing of in the other troops of the United States, bounty excepted,

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president be, and he is hereby, authorized to organize, with a suitable number of major-generals, and conformably to the military establishment of the United States, the said troops into corps of artillery, cavalry, and infantry, as the exigencies of the service may require; and, in the recess of the senate, alone, to appoint the commissioned The appointment of the field officers to be submitted to the advice and consent of the senate at their next subsequent meeting. The commissioned, and noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, raised pursuance of this act, shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and regulations for the government of the army, and be entitled to the same pay, clothing, rations, forage, and all other emoluments, bounty excepted, and in case of wounds or disability, received in service, to the same compensation, as the troops of the United States are by law entitled.

* Repealed by act of 16th March, 1802, -See chapter 46. -See also, chapter 41, in connexion with this actSEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition The president may accept of to the aforesaid number of troops, the president is volumeers in addition to the hereby empowered, at any time within three years after troops authorize the passing of this act, if, in his opinion, the public interest shall require, to accept of any company or com-commissioned of-ficers, &c. panies of volunteers, either of artillery, cavalry, or infantry, who may associate and offer themselves for the service, who shall be armed, clothed, and equipped, at their own expense, and whose commissioned officers the president is hereby authorized to appoint; who shall be liable to be called upon to do military duty, at any time The volunteers the president shall judge proper, within two years after may be called he shall accept the same; and, when called into actual duty within two service, and while remaining in the same, shall be under volunteers in act the same rules and regulations, and shall be entitled to tulervice on the same pay, rations, forage, and emoluments of every as other troops, kind, excepting bounty and clothing, as the other troops clothing except. to be raised by this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in case any Allowance to vesuch volunteer, while in actual service, and in the line of horses, &c. of his duty, sustains any damage, by injury done to his horse, arms, or equipage, or by loss of the same, without any fault or negligence on his part, a reasonable sum, to be ascertained in such manner as the president shall direct, shall be allowed for each and every such da-

mage or loss.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever The president the president shall deem it expedient, he is hereby em-heutenant-genepowered to appoint, by and with the advice and consent ralof the Senate, a commander of the army which may be raised by virtue of this act, and who, being commissioned as lieutenant-general,* may be authorized to command the armies of the United States, and shall be entitled to the following pay and emoluments, viz: two His pay and emo hundred and fifty dollars monthly pay, fifty dollars luments. monthly allowance for forage, when the same shall not be provided by the United States, and forty rations per day, or money in lieu thereof, at the current price, who shall have authority to appoint, from time to time, such number of aids, not exceeding four, and secretaries, not Aids and secreexceeding two, as he may judge proper, each to have taries. the rank, pay, and emoluments of a lientenant-colonel.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, whenever the The president president shall deem it expedient, he is hereby empower inspector-generated. ered, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, ratio to appoint an inspector-general, with the rank of major-

^{*}The title of lieutenant general abolished, by act of 3d March, 1799see chap. 41, sec. 9.

They may appoint aids, &c.

The president may appoint an adjutant-general,

corps.

Also, a quartermaster-general, physician gene-ral, and paymaster-general.

Their pay and emoluments.

sident may make

general; and the major-generals and inspector-general shall, each, be entitled to the following pay and emolu-Pay and emolu- ments, viz: one hundred and sixty-six dollars monthly ments of major-generals and in-pay, twenty dollars monthly allowance for forage, when spector-general, the same is not provided by the United States, and fifteen rations per day, or money in lieu thereof, at the current price; and shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to appoint two aids, each of whom shall have the rank, pay, and emoluments of a major. time aforesaid, the president is further empowered, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint an adjutant general, who shall have the rank, pay, and emoluments, of a brigadier-general. And the president is hereby authorized, alone, to appoint, from time to Assistant inspect time, when he shall judge proper, assistant-inspectors parate portion of to every separate portion of the army, consisting of one the army; and in or more divisions, who shall be deputy adjutant-geneinspectors to rals thereof, respectively, and who shall be taken from the line of the army, and allowed, in addition to their pay, eight dollars per month; and, likewise, to appoint inspectors and sub-inspectors to each brigade and corps, of every description, at his discretion, taking them from the line of the army, and they shall each receive, while acting in said capacity, an additional pay of six dollars per month.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That in case the president shall judge the employment of a quartermaster-general, physician-general, and paymaster general, or either of them, essential to the public interest, he is hereby authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint the same accordingly, who shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and emoluments, which follow, viz: quartermaster-general, the rank, pay, and emoluments of a lieutenant-colonel; physician-general, and paymaster-general, each, the pay and emoluments Proviso; the pre- of a lieutenant colonel; Provided, That in case the president shall judge it expedient to appoint a commander ments mentioned of the army, an inspector-general, adjutant-general, quartermastert-general, physician-general, and paymaster-general, or either of them, in the recess of the senate, he is hereby authorized to make any or all of said appointments, and grant commissions thereon, which shall expire at the end of the next session of the senate thereafter.

Former laws re-

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the laws of specting the misthe United States respecting the regulations and emoluments of recruiting officers, punishment of persons who shall procure or entice a soldier to desert, or shall pur-ted States, exchase his arms, uniform, clothing, or any part thereof; persons, matters, and the punishment of every commanding officer of any in the meaning ship or vessel, who shall receive on board his ship or of this act. vessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have deserted, or otherwise carry away, any soldier, or refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, and the law respecting the oath or affirmation to be taken by officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, and respecting the inserting of conditions in the enlistments, and all other laws respecting the military establishment of the United States, excepting in such cases where different and specific regulations are made by this act, shall be in force, and apply to all persons, matters, and things, within the intent and meaning of this act, in the same manner as they would, were they inserted at large in the same.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the commander The president of the army, inspector-general, adjutant-general, quar- the whole, or any termaster-general, physician general, and paymaster-part, of the offi-general, and the general, field, and commissioned offi-raised or accept-cers, who may be appointed by virtue of this act, shall, when consistent respectively, continue in commission during such term safety. only as the president shall judge requisite for the public service; and that it shall be lawful for the president to discharge the whole, or any part, of the troops, which may be raised, or accepted, under the authority of this act, whenever he shall judge the measure consistent

with the public safety.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That no commis- No commissioned or staff officer, who shall be appointed by virtue be entitled to pay of this act, shall be entitled to receive pay or emolu-but for actual ments until he shall be called in actual service, nor for service. any longer time than he shall continue therein: Provided, Proviso; as to renothing in this section shall be construed to prevent captains and subalterns from receiving pay and emoluments while employed in the recruiting service: And Proviso; no enprovided also, That no enlistment shall take place by three years, virtue of this act, after three years from the passing thereof.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That it shall be The president lawful for the president of the United States, at his dis-may loan field cretion, upon the request of any militia corps, estab-tia corps, dispositished by law, in any state, disposed to inform them-themselves in its selves in the use of artillery, or of the executive of any use, &c. state, in behalf of such corps, to suffer to be loaned to them, such pieces, not exceeding two to any one corps,

of the field artillery of the United States, as may be most conveniently spared, to be taken, removed, and returned, at the expense of the party requesting; who are to be accountable for the same, and to give receipts ac-

cordingly.

And, also, field artillery, arms, ments, to miliand engaged in actual services

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, when, under his orders, any portion of the militia, tia or volunteer or any volunteer corps, shall be called forth and engaged in the actual service of the United States, to suffer to be loaned, at the request of the executive of the state from which such militia shall be called forth, or of such volunteer corps, appearing to be unavoidably deficient, a supply of field artillery, arms, and accoutrements, from the arsenals of the United States, as the case may require; proper receipts and security being given to be accountable to return the same, the accidents of the service excepted.

The president for cavalry. which may be likewise loaned.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted. That the president may procure certain equipage of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be purchased and procured a quantity of caps, swords, or sabres, and pistols with holsters, not exceeding what may be sufficient for four thousand cavalry, and to be deposited in the parts of the United States where he shall deem it most convenient for the supply of any corps of cavalry which shall be called into the actual service of the United States, and which the president of the United States may loan, upon the terms. and the like receipts, to be accountable, as hereinbefore provided: and, for this purpose, and towards defraying the expenses which may be necessarily incurred before the next session of congress, in executing the other pur-Appropriation of poses of this act, a sum, not exceeding two hundred \$200,000 for the thousand dollars, shall be, and is hereby, appropriated, and shall and may be paid at the treasury, under the orders of the president of the United States, out of any money not already appropriated.

purposes of this

Privates exempt from arrest for debt or contract, during their term of service.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the private soldiers who are, and who shall be, enlisted and emplayed in the service of the United States, shall be, and they are hereby, exempted, during their term of service. from all personal arrests, for any debt or contract. And whenever any soldier shall be arrested, whether by mesne process, or in execution, contrary to the intent Judges, &c. upon hereof, it shall be the duty of the judge of the district court of the district in which the arrest shall happen, and of any justice of the supreme court of the United

arrest of soldiers for debt, &c-to grant writes of habeas corpus, hear and exaStates, and of any court or judge of a state, who, by the mine the cases, and discharge, laws of such state, are authorized to issue writs of ha- &c. beas corpus, respectively, on application, by any officer of the corps in which such soldier shall be engaged, to grant a writ of habeas corpus, returnable before himself; and, upon due hearing and examination, in a summary manner, to discharge the soldier from such arrest, taking common bail, if required, in any case upon mesne process, and commit him to the applicant, or some other officer of the same corps.

[Approved, May 28, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXV.

An act suppplementary to, and to amend, the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to raise a provisional

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Volunteers to obassembled, That the companies of volunteers, and the serve the rules to members of each company, who shall be duly en-president for gaged and accepted by the president of the United cipling them. States, and organized with proper officers commissioned by him, pursuant to the third section of the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president the United States to raise a provisional army," shall submit to, and observe such rules of training and discipline, as shall be thought necessary to prepare them for actual service; and which rules the president of the United States is hereby authorized to make and establish; and all such companies and volunteers are hereby exempted, until their discharge, or during the time of Exempted from their engagement, as aforesaid, from all militia duty militia duty which is or shall be required by the laws of the United States, or of any state, and from every fine, penalty, or disability, which is or shall be provided to enforce the performance of any duty or service in the militia.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, autho-may appoint their field officers rized, by and with the consent of the senate, or by him. in the recess, of self, in the recess of congress, pursuant to the said act, to appoint and commission, as soon as he shall think it expedient, such and so many field officers as shall be necessary for the organizing and embodying in legions, regiments, or battalions, any volunteer companies who

^{*}For original act, see preceding chapter.

Proviso; no pay from the United States, until cal-led into actual service.

The president may authorize the sale, to volunarms, &c. or may loan the same, &c.

Accounts of the sales or loans to be kept in the &c. other artillery. &c. to be purchased with the money accruing.

The president may proceed to appoint such of the officers for the army of 10,be more imme-

Officers not entitual service.

shall engage, and shall be accepted, as aforesaid; and such field officers shall have anthority, accordingly, to train and discipline such volunteer companies, pursuant to the rules therefor, which shall be established, as aforesaid: Provided, That no officer or volunteer, who shall be appointed, engaged, or employed in any training or discipline, as aforesaid, shall be considered as in the pay of the United States, until called into actual service.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States may authorize the sale, at a reateers, of artillery, sonable rate, sufficient to indemnify the United States, to any company of volunteers who shall be accepted, as aforesaid, of such pieces of artillery, small arms, and accontrements, to be delivered from the public arsenals, as shall be found necessary for the equipment and training of such volunteers; or may loan the same to them, upon the receipts of their respective officers, to be accounted for, or returned, at the expiration of their engagement, or other discharge: and of such sales or loans, the necessary accounts shall be kept in the war department, and the money, accruing by any sale, shall be paid war department, into the treasury of the United States; and the same shall be, and is hereby, appropriated for the purchase of other artillery, arms, and accoutrements, as the president of the United States shall direct.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States may proceed to appoint and commission, in the manner prescribed by the said act, such and so oo men as may many of the officers authorized thereby, for the raising, diately requisite, organizing, and commanding, the provisional army of ten thousand men, as, in his opinion, the public service shall more immediately require; any thing which may be supposed in the said act, to the contrary hereof notwithstanding: Provided, That the officers who shall be ted to pay until so appointed, shall not be entitled to any pay, subsisemployed in actence, or other emolument, by reason of such commission, until they shall be, respectively, employed in the actual service of the United States: And provided, That the further raising of the said army shall not be authorized otherwise than as by the said act is provided.

[Approved, June 22, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXVI.

An act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purposes.* SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress *Repealed by act of 16th March, 1802-See chap. 46.

assembled, That from and after the passing of this act, Organization of each regiment of infantry in the army of the United regiments of infantry. States, shall consist of one lieutenant-colonel-commandant, two majors, one adjutant, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, ten captains, ten lieutenants, ten ensigns, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, two senior musicians, forty sergeants, forty corporals, twenty musicians, and six hundred privates; and that the several regiments of infantry now in the service of the United States, be aug-Additional surmented accordingly: Provided always, That the presi-geon's mates may dent of the United States may, in his discretion, appoint and distribute such additional number of surgeon's mates, and for such length of time, as the exigencies of

the service may require.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president President authorized to raise 12 of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to additional regimaise, in addition to the present military establishment, try and six troops twelve regiments of infantry, and six troops of light dra-oflight dragoons, to be enlisted for and during the continuance of differences, &c. the existing differences between the United States and the French republic, unless sooner discharged; and the said six troops, together with the two troops of dragoons now in service, shall be formed into a regiment, The six troops, and there shall be appointed thereto one lieutenant-co-intoa regiment, lonel-commandant, two majors, one adjutant, one pay- &c. master, one quartermaster, one sergeant-major, and one quartermaster-sergeant, whose pay and emoluments, as well as those of the cornets, respectively, shall be the same as are by law allowed to officers of the same grades in the infantry.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be Major generals; two major-generals, with two aids-de-camp each; one inspector-general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of a major general, and two aids-de-camp; three briga-

dier-generals, in addition to the present establishment; two assistant-inspectors, (who shall be taken from the line of the army,) one adjutant-general, with one or more assistant or assistants, (to be taken from the line of the

army,) and four chaplains.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the major-Pay and subsisgenerals, respectively, shall be entitled to one hundred tence of major and sixty-six dollars monthly pay, with twenty dollars allowance for forage monthly, and for daily subsistence fifteen rations, or money in lieu thereof, at the contract price; the adjutant-general shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and emoluments, of a brigadier-general; each chap-

lain to the pay and emoluments of a major; the aids-decamp and assistant inspectors shall each be entitled to twenty-four dollars monthly, in addition to their pay in the line, and to four rations of provisions, each, for their daily subsistence: and, whenever forage shall not be furnished by the public, to ten dollars per month in licu thereof.

Non commissioned officers, privates, &c. to be able bodied, &c.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That each non-commissioned officer, private, and musician, who shall hereafter be enlisted for the army of the United States, shall be able bodied, and of a size and age suitable for the public service, according to the directions which the president of the United States shall and may establish, and Bounty of g12. shall be entitled to a bounty of twelve dollars, but the payment of four dollars thereof shall be deferred until he shall have joined the army; and each commissioned officer who shall be employed in the recruiting service, Allowance to re-shall be entitled to receive, for each such non-commiscruting officers, sioned officer and private, and for each sufficient musician, duly enlisted and mustered, the sum of two dollars.

Pay of non-commissioned officers privates, &c.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the monthly pay of the non commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, in the army of the United States, from and after the first day of August next, shall be as follows: cadets, ten dollars, and two rations per day; sergeant-majors, and quartermaster-sergeants, ten dollars; senior musicians, eight dollars; sergeants, eight dollars; corporals, seven dollars; musicians, six dollars; privates, five dollars; artificers to the infantry and artillery, and farriers and saddlers to the dragoons, shall be allowed, each, the monthly pay of ten dollars. That every noncommissioned officer, private, and musician, shall receive, daily, the following rations of provisions, to wit: one pound and a quarter of beef, or three quarters of a pound of pork; eighteen ounces of bread, or flour; a gill of rum, brandy, or whiskey; and at the rate of two quarts of salt, four quarts of vinegar, four pounds of soap, and one pound and a half of candles, to every hundred rations.

Subsistence of non-commissioned officers, privates, &c.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to may appoint 4 teachers of the arts and seiences, appoint a number, not exceeding four, teachers of the necessary for ar- arts and sciences, necessary for the instruction of the artillerists and engineers, who shall be entitled to the monthly pay of fifty dollars, and two rations per day.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the officers, Officers, and soldiers to take the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, raised by virtue of this act, shall take and subscribe the gec. oath or affirmation prescribed by the law, entitled "An act to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States,"* and they shall be governed by the rules and articles of war which have been, or may be, established by law, and shall be entitled to the legal emoluments in case of wounds or disabilities, received while in actual service, and in the line of duty. And in recess of senate, the president of the United States is The president hereby authorized to appoint all the regimental officers pointments in the proper to be appointed under this act, and likewise to recess of the Senate. make appointments to fill any vacancies in the army, which may have happened during the present session of

the senate.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That there shall be inspector of ara appointed an inspector of the artillery, taken from the tillery to be appointed, &c. line of artillerists and engineers, who shall be allowed thirty dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line, and four rations of provisions for his daily subsistence; and, whenever forage shall not be furnished by the public, he shall be allowed ten dollars per month in-[Approved, July 16, 1798.] stead thereof.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

An act to alter and amend the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments.

[EXTRACT.]

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That all purchases, Purchases and contracts for supplies or services for the military contracts to be and naval service of the United States. shall be made cretaries of war by or under the direction of the chief officers of the de-navy departments of war and the navy, respectively, and all accounts to be could with the agents or contractors for supplies or services as afore-accountants said, shall render their accounts for settlement to the thereof, accountant of the proper department for which such supplies or services are required; subject, nevertheless, to the inspection and revision of the officers of the treasury in manner before prescribed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be purveyor of pubthe duty of the purveyor of public supplies, to execute lie supplies to exall such orders as he may, from time to time, receive from the secrefrom the secretary of war or secretary of the navy, re-taries of war or lative to the procuring and providing of all kinds of

*See chap. 26.

†The office of purveyor abolished, by act of 28th March, 1812-See chap. 61, sec. 9.

stores and supplies; and shall render his accounts relative thereto, to the accountants of the proper departments, which accounts shall be subject to the inspection and revision of the officers of the treasury as aforesaid.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act, passed on the eighth day of May, one thou-Provison of the acts mentioned, repealed, so far, sand seven hundred and ninety-two, entitled "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments,"* and the act passed on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, entitled "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies," t so far as the same are repugnant to the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all contracts Contracts under this act, &c. such to be made by virtue of this act, or of any law of the vance of money, United States, and requiring the advance of money, or in the comptrol to be in any manner connected with the settlement of public accounts, shall be deposited in the office of the comptroller of the treasury of the United States, within

ninety days after their dates, respectively.

[Approved, July 16, 1798.]

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

An act to regulate the medical establishment.‡

Officers in the medical estab-lishment of the United States.

90 days.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the medical establishment of the United States, there shall be the following officers: A physician general, who shall be charged with the superintendence and direction of all military hospitals, and, generally, of all medical and chirurgical practice or service concerning the army or navy of the United States, and of all persons who shall be employed in and about the same, in camps, garrisons, and hospitals. An apothecary-general, and one or more deputies, who shall be charged with the safe keening and delivery of all medicines, instruments, dressings, and other articles, for the use of the hospital and army. A purveyor, who shall be charged with providing medicines, stores, and whatsoever else may be necessary in relation to the said practice or service. A competent number of hospital

^{*} See chap. 16. † See chap. 23. † Repealed and supplied by act of 16th March, 1802-see chapter 46, sections 3 and 29.

surgeons, who shall be liable to serve in the field, and who shall have the immediate charge and direction of such military hospitals as may be committed to their care, respectively. A suitable number of hospital mates, who are to observe the directions of the hospital surgeons, and shall diligently perform all reasonable duties required of them for the recovery of the sick and wounded.

SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That each mili-Each military tary hospital shall have a steward, with a competent a steward, &c. number of nurses, and other attendants; which steward shall be charged with the procuring of such supplies as may not otherwise be furnished, and with the safe keep-

ing and issning of all supplies.

SEC 3. And be it further enacted. That the said phy-Phsyician general, &c. to be sician-general, hospital surgeons, purveyor, and apothe-appointed as cary and apothecaries, deputy or deputies, shall be appointed as other officers of the United States: that the said mates and stewards shall be appointed by the authority, and at the direction, of the said physician grades and stew ards to be apprecial, subject to the eventual approbation and control pointed by the of the president of the United States, and shall be re al, &c. movable by the authority of the said physician-general; and that the surgeon of each hospital shall appoint, employ, and fix the compensations of, the nurses and other Hospital surattendants of such hospital, subject to the control of the nurses, &c. said physician-general, or the hospital surgeon, of senior appointment, with a separate army, or in a separate district.

SEC. 4. And he it further enacted, That as often as Regimental surthe regimental sick will not suffer by the employing of grous, he with regimental surgeons or mates in the temporary or other general to affect in the hospitals, hospitals of the United States, the physician-general, &c. or the hospital-surgeon, of senior appointment, with a separate army, or in a separate district, with the consent of the general and commander-in-chief, or the officer commanding a separate army, may require the attendance of such surgeons, or surgeon's mates, as, in his opinion, can be with safety so withdrawn from their regiments.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the general, &c to duty of the physician general, with two or more hospital fran directions surgeons, to frame a system of directions relative to the admission of padescription of patients to be admitted into the hospitals; tints, &c. to the means of promoting cleanliness in the hospitals; to the prevention of idleness, skulking, and gambling, in the hospitals; to the prevention of the spread of infec-

tions distempers in the camps and hospitals, and the goa vernment of nurses, and all others charged with the care of the sick in camps or hospitals, subject, in the first instance, to the approbation and revision of the commander-in-chief, the commander of a separate army, or in a separate district, as the case may be, and, eventually, to the approbation and control of the president of the United States: Provided always. That the said directions, having received the sanction of the commanderin chief, or the commander of a separate army, shall be operative, and remain in full force, unless altered or anpulled by the president of the United States.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the compen-

sations of the said several officers shall be as follows:

of the physician-general, one bundred dollars pay per

Proviso; the directions being sanctioned, &c. to be operative, unless, &c.

Compensation & allowance for forage. &c. to the several officers mentioned.

month, and fifty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for ferage, rations, and travelling expenses: of the purveyor, one hundred dollars pay per month, in full compensation for his services, and all expenses; of the apothecary general, eighty dollars pay per month, and thirty dollars per month, in full compensation for forage, rations, and all expenses; of each of bis deputies, fifty dollars pay per month, and sixteen dollars per month, in full compensation for forage, rations, and all expenses: of each hospital surgeon, eighty dollars pay per month, and forty dollars per month, in full compensation for forage, rations, and all expenses: of each mate, thirty dollars pay per month, and twenty dollars per month, in full compensation for forage, rations, and all expenses: of each steward, twenty-five dollars pay per month, and eight dollars per month, in Proviso, none of full compensation for forage, rations, and all expenses: Provided. That none of the officers aforesaid shall be entitled to any part of the pay or emoluments aforesaid, until they shall, respectively, be called into actual service.

the officers entitled to pay. &c. until called into actual service.

Temporary and permanent hospitals may be provided, &c.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That, for the accommodation of the sick of the army and navy of the United States, the physician-general, and hospital surgeon of senior appointment, with the approbation of the general commanding the army within the district where he shall be, shall have power to provide temporary hospitals; and the physician-general, with the approbation of the president of the United States, shall have power to provide and establish permanent hospitals.

The officers of the medical es-

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That all the said table linear to be officers, and others, shall, as touching their several offiand regulations ces and duties, be liable to the rules and regulations for the government and discipline of the army; and shall be for the governbound to obey, in conformity with law and the usages line of the army, and customs of armies, the orders and directions of the &c. chief military officers of the respective armies, and within the respective districts in which they shall re-

spectively serve and be.

SEC 9. And be it further enacted, That the physi- The physician cian-general, or, in his absence, the senior medical offi-general, sec. may cer, with the approbation of the commander-in-chief, or board, &c. commanding officer of a separate army, be, and hereby is, authorized and empowered, as often as may be judged necessary, to call a medical board, which shall consist of the three senior medical officers, then present, whose duty it shall be to examine all candidates for employment or promotion in the hospital department, and certify to the secretary of war the qualifications of each. [Approved, March 2, 1799.]

CHAPTER XXXIX.

An act giving eventual authority to the president of the United States to augment the army.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- In case of war, presentatives of the United States of America in Congress or danger of in assembled. That it shall be lawful for the president of tional military force may be the United States. in case war shall break out be raised tween the United States and a foreign European power, or in case imminent danger of invasion of their territory by any such power, shall, in his opinion, be discovered to exist, to organize and cause to be raised, in addition to the other military force of the United States, twenty four regiments of infantry, a regiment and a battalion of riflemen, a battalion of artillerists and engineers, and three regiments of cavalry, or such part thereof as he shall judge necessary; the non-commissioned officers and privates of which to be enlisted for a term not exceeding three years, and to be entitled each to a bounty of ten dollars; one half to be paid at the time of enlistment, and the remainder at the time of joining the regiment to which they may belong.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the president The president, of the United States be authorized, whenever it shall with the advice of the Seaste, or appear to him expedient, if during the session of the alone, authorized to appoint and senate, with their advice and consent, if in their recess, commission officers, &c.

*The 1st and 2d sections of this act expired by the operation of the 11th section; the powers thereby conferred, not having been continued for a longer time.

to he submitted to the Senate at the next meeting, &ce.

The officers. non-commission-ed officers, privates, &c entiof war, &c.

Proviso; none but recruiting officers entitled to pay, until cal-led into actual service.

The laws of the specting the mithis act; except,

alone, to appoint and commission all officers for the said troops, agreeably to the rules and regulations prescribed by law for the military establishment: Provided, That Provise general the general and field officers who may be appointed in the recess of the senate, shall, at the next meeting thereof, be nominated and submitted to them for their advice

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, of the troops, which may be organized and raised pursuant to this act, pay. clothing, ra-shall be entitled to the like pay, clothing, rations, forage, tions, &c. as other troops &c. and other emoluments, and to the like compensation in support to the rules and articles case of disability by wounds, or otherwise, incurred in the service, as the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, of other troops of correspondent denominations, composing the army of the United States; and, with them, shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and to all other regulations for the discipline and government of the army. Provided, That no officer, except captains and subalterns who may be employed in the recrniting service, shall be entitled to any pay or other emolument until he shall be called into actual service.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the laws of United Staras re- the United States respecting the regulations and emoluments of recruiting officers, punishment of persons to the troops, &c who shall procure or entice a soldier to desert, or shall to be raised by purchase his arms, uniform, clothing, or any part thereof, and the punishment of every commanding officer of every ship or vessel who shall receive on board his ship or vessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have descried, or otherwise carry away any soldier, or refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer; and the law respecting the oath or affirmation to be taken, by officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates; and respecting the inserting of conditions in the enlistments; and all other laws respecting the military establishment of the United States, excepting in such cases where different and specific regulations are made by this act, shall be in force, and apply to all persons, matters, and things, within the intent and meaning of this act, in the same manner as they would were they inserted at large in the same.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, at his discretion, to discharge the whole, or any part, of the troops which may be raised by virtue of this act, whensoever

he shall think fit.

The president may discharge he whole, or any part, of the troops raised un-der this act at discretion.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States he authorized to organize all such authorized to organize all such ganize volunteers companies of volunteers, as have been, or shall be, ac- &c. cepted by him, pursuant to the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to raise a provisional army,"* into regiments, brigades, and divisions, and to appoint all officers thereof, agreeably to the organization prescribed by law for the army of the volunteers not United States: And the said volunteers shall not be com-compelled to serve onger than pelled to serve out of the state in which they reside, a three months, &c. longer time than three months after their arrival at the out of their state. place of rendezvous.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That it shall be The volunteers lawful for the president of the United States to call may be called forth and employ the said volunteers in all the cases, the purposes stated and to effect all the purposes, for which he is authorized tentuce at the mentioned, &c. to call forth and employ the militia, by the act, entitled "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for

these purposes."+

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted. That it shall not be The president lawful for the president of United States to accept a not to accept a greater number greater number of the said volunteers, in any of the of volunteers in states or territories of the United States, than is herein- &c. than is here after apportioned to them, respectfully; that is to say: apportioned, &c. To New Bampshire, three thousand; to Massachusetts, ten thousand; to Rhode Island, one thousand; to Vermont, two thousand; to Connecticut, five thousand; to New York, seven thousand; to New Jersey, five thousand; to Pennsylvania, ten thousand; to Delaware, one thousand; to Maryland, five thousand; to Virginia, ten thousand; to Kentucky, one thousand; to North Carolina, seven thousand; to Tennessee, one thousand; to South Carolina, four thousand; to Georgia, fifteen hundred; to North Western Territory, one thousand; and to Mississippi Territory, five hundred.

SEC. 9 And be it further enacted, That for the exe-g2,000,000 ap-cution of this act, if it shall be found necessary to carry the execution of it, or any part of it, into effect, there be appropriated this act. the sum of two millions of dollars; and that the president be authorized to borrow, on behalf of the United States, The president authorized to the said sum, or so much thereof as he shall deem neces-borrow money, sary, (which the bank of the United States is hereby empowered to lend) and upon such terms and conditions, as he shall judge most advantageous to the United States:

Proviso; the v. Provided, That such terms and conditions, shall not re-States may restrain the United States from paying off the sum which rowed after 15 may be borrowed, after the expiration of fifteen years. vears.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That so much as Surplus of duties may be necessary of the surplus of the duties on imports pledged for payand tonnage, beyond the permanent appropriations hereing the interest and tonnaged upon them by law, shall be, and hereby the loan, &c. is, pledged and appropriated for paying the interest of all such moneys as may be borrowed pursuant to this act, according to the terms and conditions on which the Ioan, or loans, respectively, may be effected; and also for paying, by discharging, the principal sum or sums of any such loan or loans, according to the terms and conditions to be fixed as aforesaid.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the powers, The powers vested in the presi-by the first and second sections of this act vested in the dent by the lst and 2d sections president of the United States, shall cease at the expiraof this act, to cease, &c. unless tion of the session of congress next ensuing the present, continued by unless they shall be, by some future law, continued in Jaw. force for a longer time. [Approved, March 2, 1799.]

CHAPTER XL.

An act authorizing the president of the United States to fill certain vacancies in the army and navy.

The president amhorized to make appoint tain vacancies in the army and navy.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress ments to fill cer-assembled, That the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to make appointments to fill any vacancies in the army and navy, which may have happened during the present session of the senate. [Approved, March 3, 1799.]

CHAPTER XLI.

An act for the better organizing of the troops of the United States, and for other purposes.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Organization of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress the troops. assembled, That the troops heretofore authorized, and which hereafter may be authorized, to be raised, shall be composed and organized as follows, to wit: A regi-

> *Repealed and supplied by act of 16th March, 1802, chapter 46, so far as it conflicts with the provisions of that act. Sections 8, 22 23, and 24, do not appear to come within the operation of the repealing clause.

ment of infantry shall consist of one lieutenant-colonel- A regiment of commandant, two majors, first and second, one adjutant, one quartermaster, and one paymaster, each being a lieutenant, one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates, ten captains, ten first and ten second lieutenants, besides the three lieutenants before mentioned, ten cadets, two sergeant-majors, two quartermaster sergeants, two chief musicians, first and second, twenty other musicians, forty sergeants, forty corporals, and nine hundred and twenty privates, which, together, shall form two battalions, each battalion of five companies: A regiment of A regiment of cacavalry shall consist of one lieutenant-colonel-commandant, two majors, a first and second, one adjutant, one quartermaster, and one paymaster, each being a lieutenant; one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates, ten captains, ten first and ten second lieutenants, besides the three lieutenants before mentioned, ten cadets, two sergeant-majors, two quartermaster-sergeants, two chief musicians, first and second, ten other musicians, forty sergeants, forty corporals, and nine hundred and twenty privates, including ten saddlers, ten blacksmiths, and ten boot makers; which, together, shall form five squadrous, each squadron of two companies: A regiment of A regiment of artillery shall consist of one lieutenant-colonel-com-artillery. mandant, four majors, one adjutant, one quartermaster, and one paymaster, each being a lieutenant; one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates, sixteen captains, thirtytwo lieutenants, besides the three lieutenants before mentioned, thirty-two cadets, four sergeant-majors, four quartermaster-sergeants, sixty-four sergeants, sixtyfour corporals, one chief musician, ten other musicians, eight hundred and ninety-six privates, including one hundred and twenty-eight artificers, which, together, shall form four battalions, each battalion of four companies: Provided abways, That the number of privates proviso; the raised, and to be raised, for the regiment of cavalry, number of privates for eavalry, vates for eavalry, and the regiments of infantry heretofore authorized, &c. not to exshall not exceed the number, respectively, for which pro- eced, &c. vision hath been made by law; nor shall the battalion of riflemen, nor the two additional troops of cavalry riflemen, &c. not authorized by this act, be raised, until further proviless, war shall break out, &c. sion shall be so made, unless war shall break out between the United States and some European prince, potentate, or state, in which case it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, at his discretion, to cause the said regiments, or any of them, to be severally completed to their full establishment.

SEC. 2, And be it further enacted, That every ensign Ensigns and cor

nesstated and cornet, in the regiments heretofore appointed, shall

minated 2d heu- be denominated hereafter second lieutenants.

when in actual service, &c.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted. That the officers, Compensation of non-commissioned officers, and privates, hereinafter the officers, non-non-commissioned of mentioned, who now are, or at any time hereafter may ficers. & privates, in the actual service of the United States, shall be when in actual be, in the actual service of the United States, shall be entitled to, and shall receive the following compensations, to wit: a major-general, one hundred and sixtvsix dollars per month, and fifteen rations of provisions per day, or an equivalent in money; and when forage shall not be furnished by the United States, the further sum of twenty dollars per month. A brigadier general, one hundred and four dollars per month, twelve rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and sixteen dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid, A licutenant-colonel-commandant, seventy-five dollars per month, six rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and twelve dollars for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A major of artillery, or cavalry, each, fifty-five dollars per month. Your rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and ten dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A major of infantry, fifty dollars per month, four rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and ten dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A captain of cavalry, forty dollars per month, three rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and eight dollars per mouth for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A captain of artillery, and infantry, forty dollars per month, and three rations per day, or an equivalent in money. first lieutenant of cavalry, thirty dollars per month, two rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. Lieutenants of artillery, each, thirty dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money. A second lieutenant of cavalry, twenty five dollars per mouth, two rations per day, or an equivatent in money, and six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A first lientenant of infantry, thirty dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money. A second lieutenant of infantry, twenty-five dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money. A regimental surgeon, forty-five dollars per month, three rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and ten dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. mate, thirty dollars per month, two rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and six dollars per month for

forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A regimental paymaster, quartermaster, and adjutant, in addition to their pay in the line, each, ten dollars, and six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. A cadet of cavalry, ten dollars per month, two rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid. other cadets, ten dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money. A sergeant-major, and a quartermaster-sergeant, each, ten dollars per month. A chief musician, eight dollars per month. A sergeant, eight dollars per month. A corporal, seven dollars per month. A musician, six dollars per month. An artificer to the infantry and artillery, a farrier, saddler, and boot maker to the dragoons, each, ten dollars per month. A private soldier, five dollars per month. And to each of the said non-commissioned officers and privates, one

ration of provisions per day.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all non-com-Non-commission dissioned officers, artificers, privates, and musicians, privates, and musicians, privates, and the non-community of the poly-community of the poly-commu who are, and who shall be, enlisted, and the non-com-personal arrest. missioned officers, artificers, privates, and musicians, &c. of the militia, or other corps, who at any time may be in the actual service of the United States, shall be, and they are hereby, exempted. during their term of service, from all personal arrests, for any debt or contract. And whenever any non-commissioned officer, artificer, private, or musician, shall be arrested, whether by mesne process, or in execution, contrary to the intent In case of arrests hereof, it shall be the duty of the judge of the districtioners, &c. to court of the United States, and of any court or judge of pus, examine, a state, who, by the laws of such state, are authorized the party to sonal to issue writs of habeas corpus, respectively, on appli-officers, &c. cation by an officer, to grant a writ of habeas corpus, returnable before himself: and upon due hearing and examination, in a summary manner, to discharge the non-commissioned officer, artificer, private, or musician, from such arrest, taking common bail, if required, in any case upon mesne process, and commit him to the applicant, or some other officer of the same corps.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That each non-non-commissioned officer, private, artificer, and musician, vate, &c. to be who shall hereafter be enlisted for the army of the able hodied, &c. United States, shall be able bodied, and of a size and age suitable for the public service, according to the directions which the president of the United States shall and may establish; and shall be entitled to a bounty of

Bounty of \$12.

twelve dollars: but the payment of four dollars thereof shall be deferred until he shall have joined the army. And each commissioned officer, who shall be employed in the recrniting service, shall be entitled to receive. for each such non-commissioned officer, and private, and artificer, and for each sufficient musician, duly enlisted and mustered, the sum of two dollars, the same being in full compensation for his extra expenses in the execution of this service.

\$2 to the recruiting officer, for each person enlisting, &c.

When officers are detached, to promotions or new appoint nems, &c.

The officer detached to rerain his station nevertheless, &cc.

Officers appointed in pectors, be of higher

mentioned.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted. That when any officer shall be detached from a regiment, to serve as an seric availes.

Re. their places aid to a general officer, or as assistant or other inspect to be supplied by tor, or as an assistant to the quartermaster-general, by tor, or as an assistant to the quartermaster-general, by as an assistant to the adjuwhatsoever name, or tant-general, by whatsoever name, the place of such officer in his regiment shall be supplied, by promotion or new appointment, or both, as may be requisite; but the officer detached shall, nevertheless, retain his station in his regiment, and shall rank and rise therein, in the same manner as if he had not been detached.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That no officer shall be appointed as the inspector of a division, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of major, ranks than these or as the inspector of a brigade, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of captain, or as the aid of a major-general, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of captain, or as the aid of a brigadier-general, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of first lieutenant, or as the quartermaster of a division, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of captain, or as the quartermaster of a brigade, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of first lieutenant, or as an assistant to the adjutant-general, who, when appointed, shall be of a rank higher than that of captain,

Two regiments division, &c. Proviso; the

commanding ge Sec.

Proviso; this act not to render it necessary to ap poin a greater sooner, &c.

Sec. 8. And be it further enected, That, in the ordito abrigade; two beigades to a nary arrangement of the army, (we regiments of infantry, or cavalry, shall constitute a brigade, and shall be commanded by a brigadier general; two brigades, a dineral may vary, vision, and shall be commanded by a major-general, Provided always. That it shall be in the discretion of the commanding general to vary this disposition, whenever he shall judge it proper: And provided also, That number of gene-this act shall not render it necessary to appoint any greater number of general officers than have been heretofore authorized by law, sooner than, in the opinion of the president, the military service of the United States shall require it.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That a commander A commander of the army of the United States shall be appointed, and be appointed. commissioned by the style of "general of the armies of the United States;" and the present office and title of licutenant-general shall thereafter be abolished.

SEC . 10. And be it further enacted, That there shall A quartermaster be a quartermaster-general of the army of the United general of the States, who shall be entitled to the rank, pay, emolu-

ments, and privileges, of a major-general.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That it shall be The president lawful for the president of the United States, at his dis-may rate a batcretion, to organize, officer, and raise, a battalion of ri-men, &c. flemen, to consist of the same number of officers and men. and to be entitled to the same pay and emoluments, whatsoever, as a battalion of infantry of the line.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That to any army Deputy quarters of the United States, other than that in which the quar- masters general division and britermaster-general shall serve, there shall be a deputy gode quorter quartermaster-general, who shall be a field officer, and be chosen by the who, in addition to his other emoluments, shall be en general, &c. titled to fifty dollars per month, which shall be in foll compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses; but the provisions of this act are not to affect the The provision of present quartermaster-general of the army of the United this act not af States, who, in case a quartermaster-general shall be quartermaster appointed by virtue of this act, is to act as deputy quar-general, &c. termaster-general, and shall hereafter have the rank of lieutenant-colonel; and that, to every division of an army, there shall be a division quartermaster, who, in addition to his other emoluments, shall be entitled to thirty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses; and that, to every brigade, there shall he a brigade quartermaster, who, in addition to his other emoluments, shall be entitled to twenty-four dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses; each of which officers shall be chosen by the quartermaster-general, from among the regimental officers.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That, to any army of Deputy inspector the United States, other than that in which the inspectorgeneral shall serve, there shall be a deputy inspectorto be chosen by
general, who shall be a field officer, and who, in addithe inspector ge,
tion to his other emoluments, shall be entitled to fifty. tion to his other emoluments, shall be entitled to fifty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses; and that, to every division of an army, there shall be a division inspector, who, in addition to his other emoluments, shall

be entitled to thirty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses; and that, to every brigade, there shall be a brigade inspector, who, in addition to his other emoluments, shall be entitled to twenty-four dollars per month, which shall be in fall compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses; each of which officers shall be chosen by the inspector-general, from among The deputy inspector-general the regimental officers. to be, in every case, approved by the general commanding the army to which be shall be annexed.

The adjutant goeral to be, ex-ofspector general,

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the adjutantficio, assistant in-general of the army shall be, ex-officio, assistant inspector-general, and that every deputy inspector-general shall be, ex-officio, deputy adjutant-general, and shall perform the duties of adjutant-general in the army to which he shall be annexed.

The phymaster general to quarter at or near appoint deputies,

ters to give secu-

rity, &c.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted. That the paymaster-general of the armies of the United States, shall alheadquarters, &c ways quarter at or near the head-quarters of the main army, or at such place as the commander-in-chief shall deem proper; and that, to the army on the western frontiers, and to detachments from the main army, intended to act separately for a time, he shall appoint deputy pay-Deputy paymas- masters, who shall account to him for the money advanced to them, and shall each give a bond, in the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, with sufficient sureties, for the faithful discharge of their duties, respectively, and take an oath faithfully to execute the duties of their offices; Regimental pay bond, in the sum of five thousand dollars, with one or bond, &c. for the faithful discharge of the duties of their offices, respectively; and that the paymaster-general shall receive Compensation of eighty dollars per month, with the rations and forage, the paymaster general, deputy, of a major, in full compensation for his services and travelling expenses; and the deputy, in addition to his pay, and other emoluments, thirty dollars per month, in full compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses.

Major general cu-

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That every majorunled to two aids, general of the army of the United States shall be entitled to two aids, to be chosen by himself, each of whom, in addition to his pay and other emoluments, in his re-Brigadier generation to his pay and other emoluments, in his real emitted to one giment, shall receive twenty-four dollars per month, and shall see the dollars per month for foregon when ten dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; and that every brigadier-general of the said

army shall be entitled to one aid, to be chosen by himself, who, in addition to his pay and other emoluments in his regiment, shall receive twenty-four dollars per month, and ten dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, 'That the president The president authorized to appoint two engineers of the United States be authorized to engage and appoint two engineers. point, distinct from the officers of the corps of artillerists from the officers and engineers, two engineers, with the rank of lieute-artillerists, &c. nant-colonel, and to stipulate and allow to them, respectively, such compensations as he shall find necessa-

ry and expedient.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That an inspector An inspector of fortifications to of fortifications shall be appointed, whose duties shall be appointed, &c. be assigned by the secretary of war, under the direction of the president of the United States; that the compensation to be allowed to the said inspector, if selected from the corps of artillerists and engineers, in full for his extra services and travelling expenses, shall, besides his pay and emoluments in the corps, be thirty-five dollars per month, and if he shall not be an officer in the artillery or army, he shall, in full compensation for his tion, &c. services and expenses, be allowed the sum of seventyfive dollars monthly, and be entitled to the rank of major in the army of the United States; and in case the said In case the ininspector shall be chosen from the corps of artillerists spector, &c. be and engineers, or army of the United States, his place corps of artiller-ists, &c. his place therein shall be supplied by promotion, or a new ap- to be supplied by pointment, or both, as may be requisite; but be shall, ec. nevertheless, retain his station in the said corps, or Inspector to rearmy, and shall rank and rise therein, in the same man-tain his station networks network army, and shall rank and rise therein, in the same man-tain his station ner as if he had never been appointed to the said office vertheless, &c. of inspector.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That a ration of Component parts provisions shall henceforth consist of eighteen ounces of provision, &c. bread, or flour; or, when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and an half pound of sifted, or bolted, Indian meal; one pound and a quarter of fresh beef, or one pound of salted beef, or three quarters of a pound of salted pork; and, when fresh meat is issued, salt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations; soap. at the rate of four pounds, and candles, at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations: Provided Provise; no dim. always, That there shall be no diminution of the ration tions to which troops in service

tled by the terms of their enlistment.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That every non- Articles of unicommissioned officer, private, artificer, and musician, form clothing for

to which any of the troops now in service may be enti- are entitled, &c.

infantry, &c.

the artillery and infantry, shall receive, annually, the following articles of uniform clothing, to wit: one hat, one coat, one vest, two pair of woollen, and two pair of linen, overalls, four pair of shoes, four shirts, four pair of socks, one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair of buckles.

Suitable clothing Sec.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That suitable clothfor the dragoons, ing be provided for the dragoons, adapted to the nature of the service, and conformed, as near as may be, to the value of the clothing allowed to the infantry and artillery.

Commanding of not exceeding, &c. except, &c.

Sec. 22. And be it further enacted. That it shall be feers, see may lawful for the commander-in-chief of the army, or the cause rum, whis lawful for the commander-in-chief of the army, or the cause rum, whis commanding officer of any separate detachment, or garsud to the troops vicen the reof, at his discretion, to cause to be issued, lawful for the commander-in-chief of the army, or the from time to time, to the troops under his command, out of such supplies as shall have been provided for the purpose, rum, whiskey, or other ardent spirits, in quantities not exceeding half a gill to each man per day, excepting in cases of fatigue service, or other extraordinary occasions; and that, whensoever supplies thereof shall be on Vinegar to be is hand, there shall be issued to the troops vinegar, at the

sned whenever, & C.

rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That it shall be

tered, so as to fit, &c.

Commanding of lawful for the commanding officer of each regiment, ficers may cause clothes to be al- whenever it may be necessary, to cause the coats, vests, and overalls, or breeches, which may, from time to time, be issued to and for his regiment, to be altered and new made, so as the better to fit them to the persons, respectively, for whose use they shall be delivered, and for defraying the expense of such alteration, to cause to be deducted and applied, out of the pay of such persons, a sum or sums, not exceeding twenty-five cents for each pense of altering coat, eight cents for each vest, and for each pair of overalls or breeches.

Deduction from pay for the ex-

Clothing, camp mensils, &c. to be provided by

Sec. 24. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the secretary of war to cause to be provided, the secretary of in each and every year, all clothing, camp utensils, and war, by purchase, equipage, medicines, and hospital stores, necessary for the troops and armies of the United States for the succeeding year, and for this purpose to make purchases, and enter, or cause to be entered, into, all necessary contracts or obligations for effecting the same.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, 'That whenever any officers and soldier or soldier shall be discharged from the service, except by way of punishment for an offence, he shall be except, &c. allowed pay and rations sufficient allowed his play and rations, or an equivalent in money,

for such term of time as shall be sufficient to travel from to travel to their the place where he receives his discharge to the place dence, &c. of his residence, computing at the rate of twenty miles to a day.

Sec. 26. And be it further enacted, That there shall Additional albe allowed to the inspector-general, in addition to his lowance to the allowance as major-general, and in full compensation inspectorgeneral, for extra services and expenses in the execution of his office, the sum of fifty dollars per month, and that he The inspector shall be allowed a secretary, to be appointed by himself, general allowed a secretary, to with the pay and emoluments of a captain.

[Approved, March 3, 1799.]

CHAPTER XLIL

An act to suspend, in part, an act, entitled "An act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purposes"

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Enlistments suspended until the assembled, 'That all further enlistments under the second further order of Congress, unless, section of an act, entitled "An act to augment the army &co of the United States, and for other purposes," shall be suspended until the further order of congress, unless, in the recess of congress, and during the continuance of the existing differences between the United States and the French republic, war shall break out between the United States and the French republic, or imminent danger of invasion of their territory, by the said republic, shall, in the opinion of the president of the United States, be discovered to exist.

[Approved, February 20, 1800.]

CHAPTER XLIII.

An act to fix the compensation of the paymaster-general, and assistant to the adjutant general. †

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The paymaster presentatives of the United States of America in Congress \$4.20 per housing assembled, That the paymaster-general of the army of forage of a major. the United States, shall receive one hundred and twenty dollars per month, with the rations and forage of a major, in full compensation for his services and travelling expenses, to be computed from the commencement of the time of his actual residence at the seat of government,

See the act here partially suspended, chap. 36. †Repealed by act of 16th March, 1802-See chap. 46, any thing in the "Act for the better organizing of the troops of the United States, and for other purposes,"

to the contrary notwithstanding.

al. &c.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the assistant of the adjutant-general, in addition to his pay to be \$40 per and other ampluments in the second to be \$10 per and other emoluments in the line of the army, shall be forty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services and travelling expenses, to be computed from the time of his entering upon actual [Approved, April 22, 1800.] service.

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL CHAPTER XLIV.

An act for the regulation of public arsenals and magazines.†

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Additional com pensation to offi-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress eers of the armoassembled. That the several officers who now are, or ries,&c. bereafter may be, employed in the armories of the United States, shall be entitled to, and shall receive, the following compensations, in addition to their pay as es-Three rations tablished by law, to wit: A superintendent of such arpermendent; two rations to a mory, three rations per day, or an equivalent in money;

valent in money.

per day to a superintendent; master armourer and a master armorer, two rations per day, or an equi-

Fine or imprisooment for en-

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That if any person shall procure, or entice, any artificer, or workman, reneing artificers shall procure, or entice, any artificer, or workman, re-or workmen to tained or employed in any arsenal, or armory, of the leavethe areals tained or or armories of the United States, to depart from the same during the continnance of his engagement, or avoid or break his contract with the United States, or who, after due notice of the engagement of any such workman or armorer, in any arsenal or armory, shall, during the continuance of such engagement, retain, bire, or in any wise employ. harbor, or conceal, such artificer or workman, the person so offending shall, upon conviction, be fined, at the discretion of the court, not exceeding fifty dollars, or be imprisoned, for any term not exceeding three months.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any artificer, or workman, hired, retained, or employed, in any public arsenal or armory, shall, wantonly and carelessly, break, impair, or destroy, any implements, tools, or the services law utensils, or any stock, or materials for making guns. the property of the United States; or shall, wilfully and obstinately, refuse to perform the services lawfully assigned to him, pursuant to his contract, every such per-

*See chap. 41.

Artificers or workmen forfeit not exceeding \$20 for breaking or destroying implements, or re-fusing to perform fully assigned,

[†]See act of 2d April, 1791, chapter 19.

son shall forfeit a sum, not exceeding twenty dollars, for every such act of disobedience or breach of contract, to be recovered in any court having competent jurisdiction thereof.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That all artificers, Artificers and and workinen, who are or shall be employed in the said workinen in the armories, shall be, and they are hereby, exempted, ed from nilitary armoring their term of service, from all military service, serving as jurors, and service as jurors, in any count. and service as jurors in any court.

[Approved, May 7, 1800.]

CHAPTER XLV.

An act supplementary to the act to suspend part of an act, entitled "An act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purposes."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The president presentatives of the United States of America in Congress may suspend mis assembled. That it shall be lawful for the president of ments under the the United States to suspend any further military ap- &c. pointments under the act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purposes;* and under the ninth section of the act for the better organizing of the troops of the United States, and for other purposes, t according to his discretion, having reference to economy

and the good of the service.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States shall be, and hereby is, authorized authorized officers, and empowered to discharge, on or before the fifteenth privates, &c. ap day of June next, all such officers. non commissioned pointed or raised officers, and privates, as have heretofore been appointed, mentioned, &c. commissioned, or raised, under and by virtue of the said neers, &c. acts, or either of them, except the engineers, inspector of artillery, and inspector of fortifications: Provided al- Proviso; nothing ways. That nothing in this act contained shall be con-in this act to austruce to authorize any reduction of the first four regionments neutraned. ments of infantry, the two regiments of artillerists and engineers, the two troops of light dragoons, or of the general and other staff, authorized by the several laws for the establishing and organizing of the aforesaid corps.±

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That to each officer. Three months non-commissioned officer, and private, who shall be to be allowed to

^{*}See chapter 36. †See chapter 41.

This proviso superseded by the provisions of the act of 16th March. 1802-See chapter 46.

8:c.

officers and pri-discharged from service by virtue of this act, there shall vates discharged, be allowed and paid, in addition to the pay and allowances to which they are now entitled by law, a sum of money equal to three months' pay of such officer, noncommissioned officer and private, respectively.

[Approved, May 14, 1800.]

CHAPTER XLVI.

An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States.*

The military peace establish-ment to be composed of one regiment of artillerists and two regiments of infantry, &c.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the military peace establishment of the United States, from and after the first of June next, shall be composed of one regiment of artillerists, and two regiments of infantry, with such officers, military agents, and engineers, as are hereinafter mentioned

Organization of a regiment of artillerists.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. I hat the regiment of artillerists shall consist of one colon 1, one lieutenantcolonel, four majors, one adjutant, and twenty companies, each company to consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, four musicians, eight artificers, and fifty-six privates; to be formed into five battalions; Proviso: the pre- Provided always. That it shall be lawful for the presisiden may retain deut of the United States to retain, with their present first homenants, grade, as many of the first lieu enants, now in service, as shall amount to the whole number of lieutenants required; but that, in proportion as vacancies happen therein, new appointments he made to the grade of second lieuterants, until their number amount to twenty: and each regiment of infantry shall consist of one colonel. one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one adjutant, one spra geant major, two teachers of music, and ten companies; each company to consist of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, four corporals, four musicians, and sixty four privates.

Organization of a regiment of infantry

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That there shall be One brigadier general, with an one brigadier-general, with one aid-de camp, who shall be taken from the captains or subalterns of the line;

> *The provisions of this act in regard to pay, subsistence, clothing, allowances for wounds and disabilities, and bench s and allowances generally, are adopted by act of March 3d, 1815. The residue may be considered as repealed and sup hed by that act, and those herein refe red to—See chapter 95, sections 4 and 7; see also acts additional to this act, chapters 47, 49, 54, and 60.

one adjutant and inspector of the army, to be taken Adjutant and inspector, to be taken Adjutant and inspector of the army, to be taken Adjutant and inspector of the army, to be taken Adjutant and inspector of the army, to be taken Adjutant and inspector. seven paymasters, and two assistants, to be attached to of the arm, &c. such districts as the president of the United States shall direct, to be taken from the line of commissioned offi-Paymasters to cers, who, in addition to their other duties, shall have there charge of clothing, xe, charge of the clothing of the troops; three military agents, and such number of assistant military agents. Mintary agents, &cc. as the president of the United States shall deem expedient, not exceeding one to each military post; which assistants shall be taken from the line; two surgeons, Surgeons, &c. twenty-five surgeon's mates, to be attached to the gar-

risons or posts, and not to corps. Sec. 4. And he it further enacted, That the monthly Monthly pay to pay of the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, commissioned officers, privates, fixers, privates, and privates, be as follows, to wit: to the brigadier-ge- &c, neral, two hundred and twenty-five dollars, which shall be his full and entire compensation, without a right to demand or receive any rations, forage, travelling expenses, or other perquisite or emolument whatsoever, except such stationary as may be requisite for the use of his department; to the adjutant and inspector of the army, thirty-eight dollars, in addition to his pay in the line, and such stationary as shall be requisite for his department; to the paymaster of the army, one hundred and twenty dollars, without any other emolument, except such stationary as may be requisite in his department, and the use of the public office now occupied by him; to the aid de-camp, in addition to his pay in the line, thirty dollars; to each paymaster attached to districts, thirty dollars, and each assistant to such paymaster, ten dollars, in addition to his pay in the line; to each military agent, seventy six dollars, and no other emolument; to each assistant military agent, eight dollars, in addition to his pay in the line; except the assistant military agents at Pittsburg and Niagara, who shall receive sixteen dollars, each, in addition to their pay in the line; to each colonel, seventy-five dollars; to each lieutenant-colonel, sixty dollars; to each major, fifty dollars; to each surgeon, forty-five dollars; to each surgeon's mate, thirty dollars; to each adjutant, ten dollars, in addition to his pay in the line; to each captain, forty dollars; to each first lieutenant, thurty dollars; to each second lieutenant, twenty-five dollars; to each ensign, twenty dollars; to each cadet, ten dollars; to each sergeaut major, nine dollars; to each sergeant, eight dollars; to each corporal, seven dollars; to

each teacher of music, eight dollars; to each musician, six dollars; to each artificer, ten dollars; and to each

private, five dollars.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That the commis-Rations for com- sinned officers aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive, for missioned officers their daily subsistence, the following number of rations of provisions: a colonel six rations; a lieutenant-colonel, five rations; a major, four rations; a captain, three rations; a lieutenant, two rations; an ensign, two rations; a surgeon, three rations; a surgeon's mate, two rations; a cadet, two rations; or money in lieu thereof, at the option of the said officers and cadets, at the posts, respectively, where the rations shall become due; and if at such posts supplies are not furnished by contract, then such allowance as shall be deemed equitable, having reference to former contracts, and the position of the Rations for non-place in question: And each non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, one ration; to the commanding Recand addition officers of each separate post, such additional number of manding officers rations as the president of the United States shall, from time to time, direct, having respect to the special circumstances of each post; to the women who may be allowed to any particular corps, not exceeding the proportion of four to a company, one ration each; to such matrons and nurses as may be necessarily employed in the hospital, one ration, each; and to every commissioned officer who shall keep one servant, not a soldier of the line, one additional ration.

commissioned offieers, privates, &c. and additionof separate posts,

Rations for women allowed to any corps, &c

Rations to matrons and nurses, &c.

Each ration to consist of the articles, and the quantities mentioned.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That each ration shall consist of one pound and a quarter of beef, or three quarters of a pound of pork, eighteen ounces of bread or flour, one gill of rum, whiskey, or brandy, and at the rate of two quarts of salt, four quarts of vinegar, four nounds of soap, and one pound and an half of caudles, to every hundred rations.

Allowance in lieu of forage.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the following officers shall, whenever forage is not furnished by the public, receive at the rate of the following sums per month in lieu thereof: each colonel, twelve dollars; each lieutenant-colonel, eleven dollars; cach dollars; each adjutant, six dollars; each surgeon, ten dollars; and each surgeon's mate, six dollars,

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That every non-Uniform clothing commissioned officer, musician, and private, of the avmissioned officers tillery and infantry, shall receive, annually, the followthe art. hery and ing articles of uniform clothing, to wit: one hat, one coat, one vest, two pair of woollen, and two pair of linen, overalls, one coarse linen frack and trowsers for fatigue clothing, four pair of shoes, four shirts, two pair of socks, two pair of short stockings; one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair of half gaithers: and the The secretary of secretary of war is hereby authorized to cause to be war to cause furnished to the paymasters of the respective districts, furnished with such surplus of clothing as he may deem expedient, for the solders, which clothing shall, under his direction, be furnished at contract prices, &c to the soldiers, when necessary, at the contract prices, and accounted for by them out of their arrears of month-

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the president The president to of the United States cause to be arranged the officers, form the copy pon-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of authorized by the several corps of troops now in the service of the the troops in service, &c. United States, in such manner as to form and complete, out of the same, the corps aforesaid; and cause the su-supernumerary pernumerary officers, non-commissioned officers, musi-officers and privates to be discharged from the service charged, &c. of the United States, from and after the first day of April next, or as soon thereafter as circumstances may

permit.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the officers, The officers and non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of privates to be go the said corps, shall be governed by the rules and arti-rules and articles of war, which have been established by the United do not be established, &c. States in congress assembled,* or by such rules and articles as may be hereafter by law established: † Provided, nevertheless. That the sentence of general courts-mar-of general courts tial, extending to the loss of life, the dismission of a martial extending to the loss of commissioned officer, or which shall respect the general life &c. to be officer, shall, with the whole of the proceedings of such president, &c. cases, respectively, be laid before the president of the United States, who is hereby authorized to direct the same to be carried into execution, or otherwise, as he

shall judge proper.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the commis- Recruiting offisioned officers who shall be employed in the recruiting two dollars for service, to keep up, by voluntary enlistment, the corps every person they as aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive, for every el-description menfective, able bodied citizen of the United States, who tioned shall be doly enlisted by him, for the term of five years, and mustered, of at least five feet six inches high, and between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five years, the sum of two dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That this re-Proviso; regulation, so far as respects the height and age of the re- and age not to green to must cruit, shall not extend to musicians, or to those soldiers cians, &c.

^{*}See chapter 2, with its supplements. †See chapter 50.

be enlisted with-Officers enlisting to this act to for feit the bounty and clothing, &c

who may re-enlist into the service: And provided, also, son under 21 to That no person under the age of twenty-one years shall our consent of his be enlisted by any officer, or held in the service of the United States, without the consent of his parent, guarpersons contrary dian, or master, first had and obtained, if any he have; and if any officer shall enlist any person contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, for every such offence he shall forfeit and pay the amount of the bounty and clothing which the person so recruited may have received from the public, to be deducted out of the pay and emoluments of such officer. SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That there shall

Bounty of \$12 to each recruit.

ferred, &c.

be allowed and paid to each effective able bodied citizen, recrnited as aforesaid, to serve for the term of five years, a bounty of twelve dollars; but the payment of six Payment of \$6 wollars of the said bonnty shall be deferred, until he of the bounty deshall be unstered and have joined the corps in which he is to serve.

Arrears of pay SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the said corps not to exceed 2 shall be paid in such manner that the arrears shall, at months. SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the said corps no time, exceed two months, unless the circumstances of the case shall render it unavoidable.

a rate of pay to be directed by the president.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That if any offi-Omeers and pra-vates disabled by Cer, non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, in wounds, &c. to the corps composing the peace establishment, shall be be placed on the list of invalids, at disabled by wounds or otherwise, while in the line of his duty, in public service, he shall be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pay, and under such regulations, as may be directed by the president of the United States, for the time being: Provided always, That the compensation to be allowed for such Proviso; compen-wounds or disabilities, to a commissioned officer, shall sation for wounds &c. not to exceed not exceed, for the highest rate of disability, half the half pay of offimonthly pay of such officer at the time of his being disabled or wounded; and that no officer shall receive more Rate of compen than the half pay of a lieutenant-colonel; and that the sation for wounds &c. to non-commissioned officers, muand privates, not sicians, and privates, shall not exceed five dollars per month: And provided, also, That all inferior disabilities ance in propor-tion for interior shall entitle the person so disabled to receive an allowance proportionate to the highest disability.

to exceed, &c. Proviso; allowance in propordisabilities.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That if any comyears to the wi- missioned officer in the military peace establishment of of commissioned the United States, shall, while in the service of the from wounds re- United States, die, by reason of any wound received in actual service of the United States, and leave a widow, or, if no widow, a child or children under sixteen years

Half pay for five officers dying ceived in actual service, &c.

of age, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to and receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years. But In ease of the in in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow, the widow, the half pay, &c. the half pay, &c. the half pay, &c. the control of the said term of five years, the togo to the children of the said term of the years. half pay, for the remainder of the time, shall go to the dren. child or children of such deceased officer: Provided al- Proviso; the half ways, That such balf pay shall cease on the decease of the death of the such child or children.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted. That the paymas- The paymaster ter shall perform the duties of his office agreeably to the to perform the duries of his office agreeably to the to perform the duries of his office direction of the president of the United States for the agreeably to the time heing; and, before he enters on the duties of the president give same, shall give bonds, with good and sufficient sureties, bonds, take an in such sums as the president shall direct, for the faith-tric paymanter, ful discharge of his said office; and shall take an oath to execute the duties thereof with fidelity; and it shall, moreover, be his duty to appoint from the line, with the approbation of the president of the United States, the several paymasters to districts, and assistants, prescribed by this act; and he is hereby authorized to require the said paymaster to districts, and assistants, to enter into bond, with good and sufficient surety, for the faithful discharge of their respective duties.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted. That it shall be Military agents the duty of the military agents, designated by this act. to perchase and to purchase, receive, and forward, to their proper des stores, goods for Indians, &cc. tination, all military stores, and other articles for the troops in their respective departments, and all goods and annuities for the Indians, which they may be directed to purchase, or which shall be ordered into their care by the department of war. They shall account with the department of war, annually, for all the public property Military agents which may pass through their hands, and all the mo-ally, give bonds, neys which they may expend in discharge of the duties take an oath, &c. of their offices respectively; previous to their entering

fully to perform the duties of their respective offices. SEC. 18. And be it further enacted. That if any non-non-commissions commissioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert el officers and commissioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert en orders and the service of the United States, he shall, in addition to ing. See liable to serve out the full the penalties mentioned in the unless and articles of war, term of their enhancements besides be liable to serve, for and during such a period, as shall the penalties, &c.

on the duties of their offices, they shall give bonds, with sufficient sureties, in such sums as the president of the United States shall direct, for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them; and shall take an oath fuith-

term of enlistment may have elapsed, &c.

Deserters may be with the time he may have served previous to his detried and pun-ished-thoughthe sertion, amount to the full term of his enlistment; and such soldier shall and may be tried by a court-martial, and punished, although the term of his enlistment may have clapsed previous to his being apprehended or tried.

soldi rs to desert, arn s. &c. or masters of vesels entering a

SEC 19. And be it further enacted. That every person Persons enticing who shall procure, or entice, a soldier in the service of purchasing their the United States to desert, or who shall purchase from any soldier his arms, uniform clothing, or any part wis entering a dieserter on board the reof; and every captain or commanding officer of any among their erws, Ke, may ship or vessel, who shall enter on board such ship or he fired or in-vessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have devessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have deserted, or otherwise carry away any such soldier, or shall refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, shall, upon legal conviction, be fined, at the discretion of any court baving cognizance of the same, in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, or be imprisoned, any term not exceeding one year. Sec 20. And be it further enacted, That every officer.

Officers and pri-non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, shall

vates to take an take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I. A B. do solemnly swear, or affirm, (as the case may be) that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America, and that I will serve them Form of the oath, honestly and faithfully, against their enemies or opposers whomsoever; and that I will observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and ar-

ticles of war."

tional pay, &c.

eral, &c. may.

Sec. 21. And be it further enacted, That whenever a When a general general court-martial shall be ordered, the president of orde ed, the pre- the United States may appoint some fit person to act as point a judge ad-judge advocate, who shall be allowed, in addition to his vecate with addi-other pay, one dollar and twenty-five cents for every day he shall be necessarily employed in the duties of the the president day he shall be necessarily employed in the duties of the does not appoint, said court, and in cases where the president shall not the brigadier ge have made such appointment the brigadier general have made such appointment, the brigadier-general, or

the president of the court may make the same.

SEC 22. And be it further enacted, That where any Reasonable com- commissioned officer shall be obliged to incur any extra pensation for ex-tra expenses in expense in travelling, and sitting on general courtscorredby effects prartial, he shall be allowed a reasonable compensation siting on courts for such extra expense, actually incurred, not exceeding one dollar and twenty five cents per day to officers who are not entitled to forage, and not exceeding one dollar per day to such as shall be entitled to forage.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That no

commissioned officer, musician, or private, shall be arrested, or subject to arrest, or to be taken in execution, for any debt under the sum of twenty dollars, contracted before enlistment, nor for any debt contracted after enlistment.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That, whenever officers and soldiers bound of the ser-distance to be any officer or soldier shall be discharged from the ser-distance to be vice, except by way of punishment for any offence, he rations for the shall be allowed his pay and rations, or an equivalent time of traveling in money, for such term of time as shall be sufficient for tive residences, him to travel from the place of discharge to the place of his residence, computing at the rate of twenty miles to

a day.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That to each com-Additional pay missioned officer, who shall be deranged by virtue of deranged by this this act, there shall be allowed and paid, in addition to act. the pay and emoluments to which they will be entitled by law at the time of their discharge, to each officer whose term of service in any military corps of the United States shall not have exceeded three years. three months' pay; to all other officers, so deranged, one months' pay of their grades, respectively, for each year of past service in the army of the United States, or in any regiment or corps now or formerly in the service thereof.

SEC. 26. And be it further enacted. That the presi- The president dent of the United States is hereby authorized and em-may oreanio a powered, when he shall deem it expedient, to organize neers, &c. and establish a corps of engineers, to consist of one engineer, with the pay, rank, and emoluments of a major; ners to be continuous stant engineers, with the pay, rank, and emolu ever mentioned ments of captains; two other assistant engineers, with the pay, rank, and emoluments, of first lieutenants; two other assistant engineers, with the pay, rank, and emoluments, of second lientenants; and ten cadets, with the Cadets and their pay of sixteen dollars per month, and two rations per pay. &c. day: and the president of the United States is, in like manner, authorized, when he shall deem it proper, to make in se promake such promotions in the said corps, with a view to units sin the particular merit, and without regard to rank, so as not necessarily a sew to construct the said corps. to exceed one colonel, one lieut-naut-colonel, two ma ricks, so as not jors, four captains, four first lieutenants, four second to exceed, &c. lieutenants, and so as that the number of the whole corps shall, at no time, exceed twenty officers and cadets.

SEC. 27. And be it further enacted. That the said The corps of encorps, when so organized, shall be stationed at West given West Point, in the state of New York, and shall constitute a Point, constitute

an academy, and military academy; and the engineers, assistant engineers, and cadets of the said corps, shall be subject, at subject to duty as all times, to do duty in such places, and on such service, may direct.

as the president of the United States shall direct.

SEC 28. And be it further enacted. That the principal engineer, and, in his absence, the next in rank, shall The principal engineer to suengineer to su-perintend themis have the superintendence of the said military academy, under the direction of the president of the United States; litary academy, 8:c. and the secretary of war is hereby authorized, at

saving, &c.

the public expense, under such regulations as shall be The secretary of directed by the president of the United States, to pracure the necessary books, implements, and apparatus, war to procure for the use and benefit of the said institution.

the necessary books, &c.

SEC. 29. And be it further enacted. That so much of Acts, &c. within any act or acts, now in force, as comes within the parthe purview of this act, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed; saving, nevertheless, such parts thereof as relate to the enlistments, or term of service, of any of the troops which by this act are continued on the present military establishment of the United States.

[Aproved, March 16, 1802.]

CHAPTER XLVII.

STATE OF THE OWNER, TH

An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Two teachers of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress music to be added assembled. That there be added to the regiment of artilto the artillerists, lerists, two teachers of music, whose pay, rations, and clothing, shall be the same as is by law allowed to the teachers of music in the regiments of infantry in the service of the United States.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president The president to of the U. ited States be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint tacher appoint one teacher of the French language, and one language, and a teacher of drawing, to be attached to the corps of engiing to the corps neers, whose compensation shall not exceed the pay and emolument of a captain in the line of the army.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the command-The command- ing officer of the corps of engineers be authorized to enin officer of the Lst. for a term not less than three years, one artificer, mers authorized and eighteen men, to aid in making practical experiyears one aris- ments, and for other purposes; to receive the same pay, rations, and clothing, as are allowed to the artificers and men, &c.

privates in the army of the United States; and the same bounty when enlisted for five years, and to be subject to the rules and articles of war.*

SEC. 4 † And be it further enacted. That the president The president authorized to also of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to low to the officers allow to the paymaster of the army, the adjutant and exceeding 3,000 inspector of the army, and the military agent at Phila-dolls for clerk delphia, such sums, not exceeding, in the whole, three thousand dollars, for clerk hire, as their respective duties may, in his opinion, reasonably require.

[Approved, February 28, 1803.]

CHAPTER XLVIII.

An act directing a detachment from the militia of the United States, and for erecting certain arsenals.

[EXTRACT.]

SEC 5.1 And be it further enacted, That twenty-five \$25,000 approthousand dollars be appropriated for erecting, at such ing one or more place or places, on the western waters, as the president arsenals on the western waters, may judge most proper, one or more arsenals; and that &c. the president cause the same to be furnished with such arms, ammunition, and military stores, as he may deem [Approved, March 3, 1803.] necessary.

CHAPTER XLIX.

An act in addition to "An act for fixing the military peace establishment of the United States "§

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Not exceeding six surgious presentatives of the United States of America in Congress mass may be appointed, in addition to tached to ga rithe surgeon's mates provided for by the "Act fixing the sons or posts, &c. military peace establishment of the United States," as many surgeon's mates, not exceeding six, as the president of the United States may judge necessary, to be attached to garrisons or posts, agreeably to the provision of the said act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That an equivalent

*See chapter 67, section 1.

†Superseded by subsequent provisions in the civil list.

†The residue of this act relates exclusively to detaching a body of militia, and is, therefore, not inserted here.

SOriginal act, chapter 46.

An equivalent in in malt liquor, or low wines, may be supplied the troops man liquor.or of the United States, instead of the rum, whiskey, or troops, instead of the rum, whiskey, or troops, instead of the rum, whiskey, or troops, instead of part of a ration, at such part. seasons of the year, as, in the opinion of the president of the United States, may be necessary for the preservation of their health. [Approved, March 26, 1804.]

CHAPTER L.

An act for establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States."

States are to be governed, after the passing of this act.

Every officer to tions.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reeles by which the presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That, from and after the passing of this act, the following shall be the rules and articles by which the armies of the United States shall be governed:

ARTICLE 1. Every officer now in the army of the subscribe these united States shall, in six months from the passing of this act, and every officer who shall hereafter be appointed shall, before he enters on the duties of his office,

subscribe these rules and regulations.

Officers and soldiers diligently to attend divine service and beand reverently, under pain of reprimand, fine,

Art. 2. It is carnestly recommended to all officers and soldiers diligently to attend divine service, and all officers who shall behave indecently or irreverently at any place of divine worship shall, if commissioned officers, be brought before a general court-martial, there to be publicly and severely reprimanded by the president; if non-commissioned officers or soldiers, every person so offending shall, for his first offence, torfeit one sixth of a dollar, to be deducted out of his next pay; for the second offence, he shall not only forfeit a like sum. but be confined twenty-four hours; and for every like offence, shall suffer and pay in like manner; which money, so forfeited, shall be applied, by the captain or senior officer of the troop or company, to the use of the sick soldiers of the company or troop to which the offender belongs.

Reprimand, fine-

ART. 3. Any non-commissioned officer or soldier &e for using profane oath, or who shall use any profane oath or execuation, shall inexecutions, &cc cur the penalties expressed in the foregoing article; and a commissioned officer shall forfeit and pay, for each and every such offence, one dollar, to be applied as in the preceding article.

> *These rules and articles, with the exception indicated by the note annexed to article bi, remain unaltered and in force at present.

ART. 4. Every chaplain, commissioned in the army chaptains, abor armies of the United States, who shall absent himself serves, except, from the duties assigned him, (excepting in cases of see liable to fine sickness or leave of absence) about the duties assigned him. sickness or leave of absence) shall, on conviction thereof before a court martial, be fined not exceeding one month's pay, besides the loss of his pay during his absence; or be discharged, as the said court-martial shall

judge proper.

ART. 5. Any officer or soldier who shall use con-officers using temptuous or disrespectful words against the president comeanium against of the United States, against the vice president thereof, the president, against the congress of the Unit d States, or against congress &c. to the chief magistrate or legislature o any of the United and non-commis-States in which he may be quartered, if a commissioned and soldiers to officer, shall be cashiered, or otherwise punished, as a smar punish-ment by sentence court-ma tial shall direct; if a non commissioned officer of a court-maror soldier, he shall suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted on him by the sentence of a court-martial.

Agr. 6. Any officer or soldier who shall behave him diers behaving self with contempt or disrespect towards his command-towards coming officer, shall be punished, according to the nature of to be punished his offence, by the judgment of a court-martial.

App. 7. 4. Officers, according to the nature of to be judgment of by judgment of court martial.

ART. 7. Any officer or soldier who shall begin, excite, Dead, &c. for cause, or join in, any mutiny or sedition in any troop coing mutiny, or company in the service of the United States, or in &c. any party, post, detachment, or guard, shall suffer death. or such other punishment as by a court-martial shall be

Any officer, non-commissioned officer, or officers or soldiers, present at soldier, who, being present at any mutiny or sedition, a mutiny, and does not use his ut nost endeavor to suppress the same to suppress it. or coming to the knowledge of any intended mutiny. Ect to be punished ath, or does not, without delay, give information thereof to his otherwise, &c. commanding officer, shall be punished by the sentence of a court-martial, with death, or otherwise, according to the nature of his offence.

Art. 9. Any officer or soldier who shall strike his officers or soldier striking a superior officer, or draw or lift up any weapon or offer superior, e.g. to any violence against him, being in the execution of his other pumshoffice, on any pretence whatsoever, or shall disobey any ment, &c. lawful command of his superior officer, shall suffer death. or such other punishment as shall, according to the nature of his offence, be inflicted upon him by the sentence of a court-martial.

ART. 10. Every non-commissioned officer or sol-Non-commissiondier, who shall enlist himself in the service of the United soulies to have States, shall, at the time of his so enlisting, or within the articles for

beginning or ex-

of the armars read to them, &c.

Form of the

oath.

the government six days afterwards, have the articles for the government of the armies of the United States read to him, and take an oath, and shall, by the officer who enlisted him, or by the commanding officer of the troop or company into which he was enlisted, be taken before the next instice of the peace, or chief magistrate of any city or town corporate, not being an officer of the army, or, where recourse cannot be had to the civil magistrate, before the judge advocate, and, in his presence, shall take the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear. or affirm, (as the case may be) that I will bear true allegiance to the United States of America, and that I will serve them, honestly and faithfully, against all their enemies or opposers whatsoever, and observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States:" The justice, &c. Which justice, magistrate, or judge advocate, is to give to give a cerufithe the officer a certificate, signifying that the man enlisted the officer a certificate, signifying that the man enlisted

eath was taken.

did take the said oath or affirmation. ART. 11. After a non commissioned officer or sol-Non-commissioned officers and soldiers not to be dier shall have been duly enlisted and sworn, he shall dismissed the service without a discharge in writing; and no discharge granted to him shall be suffi-No discharge suf-cient, which is not signed by a field officer of the regisigned by a field ment to which he belongs, or commanding officer where no field officer of the regiment is present; and no discharge shall be given to a non-commissioned officer, or soldier, before his term of service has expired, but by order of the president, the secretary of war, the commanding officer of a department, or the sentence of a general court-martial; nor shall a commissioned officer be disorder of the pres charged the service but by order of the president of the United States, or by sentence of a general court martial.

discharge in wir ing. ficient unless officer, &c. No discharge, &c. before he term of service his expired, but by order of the president, &c. Commissioned of ficers not to be discharged the sident, &c.

Colone)s, &c. quartered with &c. may give furloughs to non-&c.

Captains, &c. commanding, &c. may give furloughs to non-

ART. 12. Every colonel, or other officer, commandtheir regiments, ing a regiment, troop, or company, and actually quartered with it, may give furloughs to non commissioned commissioned of officers or soldiers, in such numbers, and for so long a time, as he shall judge to be most consistent with the good of the service; and a captain, or other inferior officer, commanding a troop or company, or in any garricommissioned of Son, fort, or barrack, of the United States, (his field offeers or soldiers, cer being absent) may give for loughs to non-commissix months, but sioned officers or soldiers, for a time not exceeding twenty days in six months, but not to more than two persons to be absent at the same time, excepting some extraordinary occasion should require it.

ART. 13. At every muster, the commanding officer at every muster of each regiment, troop, or company, there present, shall the commanding officer. See to give to the commissary of musters, or other officer who give to the commusters the said regiment, troop, or company, certifi-ters, certifi area, cates signed by himself, signifying how long such offi-how long officers cers, as shall not appear at the said muster, have been have been ababsent, and the reason of their absence. In like man sent, and the reason of it. ner, the commanding officer of every troop, or company, Commanding of ficers of troops shall give certificates, signifying the reasons of the ab- or companies to sence of the non-commissioned officers and private sol- of the absence of diers, which reasons, and time of absence, shall be in-privates, &c. serted in the muster rolls, opposite the name of the respective absent officers and soldiers. The certificates The certifishall, together with the muster rolls, be remitted, by the care, &c, to be remitted to the commissary of musters, or other officer mustering, to department of the department of war, as speedily as the distance of war, &c. the place will admit.

ART. 14. Every officer who shall be convicted, be-officers convictfore a general court-martial. of having signed a false signed false cercertificate, relating to the absence of either officer or tificate, Sec. to private soldier, or relative to his or their pay, shall be

cashiered.

ART. 15. Every officer who shall knowingly make officers making a false muster of man or horse, and every officer or com-signing false missary of musters who shall willingly sign, direct, or mister rolls allow, the signing of muster rolls, wherein such false and disabled to muster is contained, shall, upon proof grade the roof by hold any office, muster is contained, shall, upon proof made thereof by &c. two witnesses, before a general court martial, be cashjered, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any office or employment in the service of the United States.

ART. 16. Any commissary of musters, or other offi- commissaries of cer, who shall be convicted of having taken money, or victed of taking other thing, by way of gratification, on mustering any money, or other regiment, troop, or company, or on signing muster rolls, mustering, or shall be displaced from his office, and shall be thereby rolls, to be disutterly disabled to have or hold any office or employ-placed, &c. ment in the service of the United States.

ART. 17. Any officer who shall presume to muster officers mustera person as a soldier, who is not a soldier, shall be soldiers who are deemed guilty of having made a false muster, and shall not soldiers, deemed guilty of a false muster, suffer accordingly.

ART. 18. Every officer who shall knowingly make Officers making a false return to the department of war, or to any of his false returns of the department superior officers, authorized to call for such returns, of of war, &c. to the state of the weighted. the state of the regiment, troop, or company, or garrison, under his command; or of the arms, ammunition, cloth-

ing, or other stores, thereunto belonging, shall, on conviction thereof before a court martial, be cashiered,

Commanding ofpartment of war

19. The commanding officer of every regificers of regiments, Sectors, ment, troop, or independent company, or garrison, of mit is the begin the United States, shall, in the beginning of every month to the de-month, remit, through the proper channels, to the dean exact return partment of war, an exact return of the regiment, troop, of the regiment, independent company, or garrison, under his command, the names of off specifying the names of the officers then absent from their posts, with the reasons for, and the time of, their

ished, &c.

Officers neglect-absence. And any officer who shall be convicted of turns, to be pun-having, through neglect or design, omitted sending such returns, shall be punished, according to the nature of his crime, by the judgment of a general court martial.

Officers and soldiers convicted of suffer death, or other punishment, &c.

ART. 20. All officers and soldiers who have redesertion, &c. to ceived pay, or have been duly enlisted, in the service of the United States, and shall be convicted of having deserted the same, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as, by sentence of a court-martial, shall be inflicted.

ed officers or soldiers absenting themselves without leave, to be

ART. 21. Any non-commissioned officer or soldier who shall, without leave from his commanding officer. absent himself from his troop, company, or detachment, shall, upon being convicted thereof, be punished, according to the nature of his offence, at the discretion of a court-martial.

ed officers or solin any other regiment, &c. without a regue bar discharge, Officers knowingly receiving deseiters, &c. or Kee to be eash-

iered.

Non-commission-ART. 22. No non-commissioned officer or soldier dura not to enlist shall enlist himself in any other regiment, troop, or company, without a regular discharge from the regiment, troop, or company, in which he last served, on the penalty of being reputed a deserter, and suffering accordingly. And in case any officer shall knowingly not giving notice, receive and entertain such non-commissioned officer or soldier, or shall not, after his being discovered to be a deserter, immediately confine him, and give notice thereof to the corps in which he last served, the said officer shall, by a court-martial, be cashiered.

Officers or soldiers persuading others to desert, to suffer death, or other punish. ment, &c.

ART. 23. Any officer or soldier who shall be convicted of having advised or persuaded any other officer or soldier to desert the service of the United States. shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be inflicted upon him by the sentence of a court-martial.

ART. 24. No officer or soldier shall use any re-Officers or soldiers using reproached or proachful or provoking speeches or gestures to another, voking speeches, upon pain, if an officer, of being put in arrest; if a soldier, confined, and of asking pardon of the party ofarrest, or confended, in the presence of his commanding officer.

ART. 25. No officer or soldier shall send a chal- officers and sollenge to another officer or soldier, to fight a duel, or ac-diers acider to cept a challenge, if sent, upon pain, if a commissioned challenge, on officer, of being cashiered; if a non-commissioned officer cashiered, or or soldier, of suffering corporeal panishment, at the dis-real punishment, cretion of a court-martial.

ART. 26. If any commissioned or non-commis-officers comsioned officer, commanding a guard, shall knowingly knowingly sufferor willingly soffer any person whatsoever to go forth to ing persons to go fight a duel, he shall be punished as a challenger; and duels, to be punished as tablen all seconds, promoters, and carriers, of challenges, in or-gers and seconds, der to duels, shall be deemed principals, and be pun- &c. to be deemed principals, &c. ished accordingly. And it shall be the duty of every of-Every officer, commanding an army, regiment, company, post, commanding an or detachment, who is knowing to a challenge being army, reginent, given, or accepted, by any officer, non-commissioned of a challenge being given. ficer, or soldier, under his command, or has reason to reach and bring officers to a believe the same to be the case, immediately to arrest trial, &c. and bring to trial such offenders.

ART. 27. All officers, of what condition soever, have All officers have power to part and quell all quarrels, frays, and disor-power to quell quarrels, frays, ders, though the persons concerned should belong to kee another regiment, troop, or company; and either to order officers into arrest, or non-commissioned officers or soldiers into confinement, antil their proper superior officers small be acquainted therewith; and whosever shall whoever refuses refuse to obey such officer, (though of an interior rank, to be punished, &c. or shall draw his sword upon hin, shall be punished at the discretion of a general court-martial.

ART 28. Any officer or soldier who shall upbraid officers or solanother for relosing a challenge, shall minself be pon-another to resisted as a challenger; and all officers and soldiers are fusing a challenger; and all officers and soldiers are fusing a challenger be ponhereby discharged from any disgrace, or opinion of dissilied as challengers, which might arise from their having refused to account of the function of the func to accept of challenges, as they will only have acted in obedience to the laws, and done their duty as good soldiers, who subject t emselves to discipline.

ART. 29. No sotier shall be permitted to sell any suders not perkind of liquors or victuals, or to keep their houses or mitted to sell be shops open for the entertainment of soldiers, after nine une at night, nor before ocatat mgnt, or before the beating of the reveille, or up at log of test he, nor us sundays during divine service or sermon, on the penal-during divine service, &c. ty of being dismissed from all future sattling.

ART. 30. All officers commanding in the field, forts, commanding of barracks, or garrisons, of the United States, are here-successfully by required to see that the persons permitted to softly who who were proshall supply the soldiers with good and wholesome pro-visious, &c.

visions, or other articles, at a reasonable price, as they

shall be answerable for their neglect.

ART. 31. No officer commanding in any of the garrisons, forts, or barracks, of the United States, shall risons, forts, Kc. exact exorbitant prices for houses or stalls let out to suttlers, or connive at the like exactions in others; nor, not to exact exfor houses, &c. by his own anthority, and for his private advantage, orbitant prices nor be interested lay any duty or imposition upon, or be interested in, the in the sale of vicmals, liquors, &c. sale of any victuals, liquors, or other necessaries of life, on penalty of he brought into the garrison, fort, or barracks, for the use of the soldiers, on the penalty of being discharged from the service.

Commanding officers, to keep

ART. 32. Every officer commanding in quarters, garrisons, or on the march, shall keep good order, and, good order, redress all abuses or disorse reparation ders, which may be committed by any officer or soldier resingured, &c. under his command. If, upon complaint made to him, of officers or soldiers beating, or otherwise ill treating, any person, of disturbing fairs or markets, or of committing any kinds of riots, to the disquieting of the citizens of the United States, he, the said commander, who shall refuse or omit to see justice done to the offender or offenders, and reparation made to the party or parties injured, as far as part of the offender's pay shall enable him or them, shall, upon proof thereof, be cashiered, or otherwise punished, as a general court-martial shall direct. ART. 33. When any commissioned officer or soldier

violence, or committed any offence, against the persons

or property of any citizen of any of the United States,

missioned officer shall be accused of a capital crime, or of having used cused of a capital crime, or of having com-mitted any of mutted any of fence against the such as is punishable by the known laws of the land, the to deliver the ac magistrate, &c.

persons or pro-commanding officer, and officers of every regiment, perty of clizans, troop, or company, to which the person or persons so manding officers, accused shall belong, are hereby required, upon appliupon application, cation duly made by, or in behalf of, the party or parutmost endeavors ties injured, to use their utmost endeavors to deliver cused to the civil over such accused person or persons, to the civil magistrate, and likewise to be aiding and assisting to the officers of justice in apprehending and securing the person or persons so accused, in order to bring him or them to If any command-trial. If any commanding officer or officers shall wilfully neglect, or shall refuse, upon the application aforeover the accused, said, to deliver over such accused person or persons to the civil magistrates, or to be aiding and assisting to the officers of justice in apprehending such person or persons, the officer or officers, so offending, shall be

ing officer, &c. neglects or te-fuses to deliver &c. he is to be cashiered.

cashiered.

ART. 34. If any officer shall think himself wronged by his colonel, or the commanding officer of the registink himself ment, and shall, upon due application being made to wronged by his colonel, ke, and, him, be refused redress, he may complain to the general, upon applien in commanding in the state or territory where such regi-he hay complain ment shall be stationed, in order to obtain justice; who who is to evais hereby required to examine into the said complaint, mine into the and take proper measures for redressing the wrong complained of, and transmit, as soon as possible, to the department of war, a true state of such complaint, with the proceedings had thereon.

ART. 35. If any inferior officer or soldier shall If any inferior think himself wronged by his captain, or other officer, officer or soldier he is to complain thereof to the commanding officer of wronged by his the regiment, who is hereby required to summon a regi- is to complain to mental court-martial, for the doing justice to the combined officer of the replainant; from which regimental court martial, either giner, who is party may, if he thinks bimself still aggrieved, appeal moon recinentate a general court-martial. But if, upon a second hear-appeal, see ing, the appeal shall appear vexations and groundless, It the appeal apthe person, so appealing, shall be punished at the discre-the person aption of the said court-martial.

ART. 36. Any commissioned officer, storekeeper, commissioned of or commissary, who shall be convicted, at a general ficers, store keep court-martial, of baving sold, without a proper order for of baving sold that purpose, embezzled, misapplied, or wilfully, or order for or having soid without a proper order for o dismissed from the service.

ART. 37. Any non-commissioned officer or soldier Non commissionwho shall be convicted, at a regimental court-martial of officers or solvented of of having sold, or designedly, or through neglect having sold or wisted a runni-wasted the amountation delivered out to him, to be ent-time free to be ployed in the service of the United States, shall be pun-punished. ished, at the discretion of such court.

ART. 38. Every non-commissioned officer or soldier non-commissioned who shall be convicted, before a court-martial, of having soldiers convicted sold, lost, or spoiled, through neglect, his horse, arms, or having old, lost, or accourrements, shall undergo such weekly their basedoms, stoppages (not exceeding the half of his pay as such undergo we kly court-martial shall judge sufficient for repairing the stoppages of pay, loss or damage; and shall suffer confinement, or such other corporeal punishment as his crime shall deserve.

ART. 39. Every officer who shall be convicted, be-

punished, &c.

ed to them for &c to be

Officers convicted fore a court-martial, of having embezzled or misapplied of embezzlement any money, with which he may have been intrusted for of money intrust the payment of the men under his command, or for enthe payment of listing men into the service, or for other purposes, if a commissioned officer, shall be cashiered, and compelled compelled to return the money; if a non-commissioned officer, shall commissioned of the reduced to the ranks, be put under stoppages until duced, &c. the money he made read as the reduced to the ranks. ishment as such court-martial shall direct.

Every captain of company or troop, &c.

Arr. 40. Every captain of a troop, or company, is a troop or com charged with the arms, accoutrements, ammunition, pany accountable clothing, or other warlike stores, belonging to the troop contrements, &c. or company under his command, which he is to be accountable for to his colonel, in case of their being lost, spoiled, or damaged, not by unavoidable accidents, or on actual service.

ART. 41. All non-commissioned officers and ed officers and soldiers who shall be found one mile from the camp without mile from camp leave, in writing, from their commanding officer, shall without leave in writing, &c. to suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted upon them suffer punish-ment, &c. by the sentence of a court martial.

No officer or solquarters, &c. without leave,

ART. 42. No officer or soldier shall lie out of his dier to lie out of quarters, garrison, or camp, without leave from his superior officer, upon penalty of being punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a courtmartial.

ART. 43. Every non-commissioned officer and soled officers and soldiers to retire dier shall retire to his quarters or tent at the beating of the beating of the retreat; in default of which he shall be punished active beating of the retreat. &c. cording to the nature of his offence.

larly dismissed,

ABT. 44. No officer, non-commissioned officer, or No officer or sol. ABT. 44. No one of the direct of the fixed, to the spin to the soldier, shall fail in repairing, at the time fixed, to the place of parde, place of parade, of exercise, or other rendezvous, apby sickness, &c. pointed by his commanding officer, if not prevented by fore being regulations, or some other evident necessity; or shall go from the said place of rendezvous, without leave from his commanding officer, before he shall be regularly dismissed or relieved, on the penalty of being punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a court-martial. ART. 45. Any commissioned officer who shall be

Any commissiondrunken guard, found drunk on his guard, party, or other duty, shall be &c., to be cashier cashiered. Any non-commissioned officer or soldier so ed; and sodiers, effending, shall suffer such corporeal punishment as

ART. 46. Any centinel who shall be found sleeping Centinels sleep upon his post, or shall leave it before he shall be regular-

to suffer corporate jumishment, shall be inflicted by the sentence of a court-martial.

ly relieved, shall suffer death, or such other punishment posts, &c. to sufas shall be inflicted by the sentence of a court-martial. fordeath, &c.

ART. 47. No soldier belonging to any regiment. No soldier to hire another to do his troop, or company, shall hire another to do his duty for duty for him, or him, or be excused from duty, but in cases of sickness, in cases of sickdisability, or leave of absence: and every such soldier ness, &c. found guilty of hiring his duty, as also the party so hired to do another's duty, shall be punished, at the discretion of a regimental court-martial.

Non-commission-ART. 48. And every non-commissioned afficer con-ed officers con-iving at biring niving at such hiring of duty aforesaid, shall be reduced: of duty, to be reand every commissioned officer, knowing and allowing duced, and comsuch ill practices in the service, shall be punished by errs, knowing it, the judgment of a general court-martial.

to be punished, &c.

ART. 49. Any officer belonging to the service of Any officer who the United States, who, by discharging of fire arms, occasions false drawing of swords, beating of drums, or by any other &c. to suffer means whatsoever, shall occasion false alarms in camp, punishment. garrison, or quarters, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ART. 50. Any officer or soldier who shall, without officers or solurgent necessity, or without the leave of his superior diers, without urgent necessity or officer, quit his guard, platoon, or division, shall be level equiting punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the punished, &c. sentence of a court martial.

ART. 51. No officer or soldier shall do violence to Officers and solany person who brings provisions or other necessaries dier not to do violence to perto the camp. garrison, or quarters, of the forces of the provisions to United States. employed in any parts out of the said camp. &c. ont of states, upon pain of death, or such other punishment as a pain of death, &c. court-martial shall direct.

ART. 52. Any officer or soldier, who shall misbe-officers or solhave himself before the enemy, run away, or shamefully have before the abandon any fort, post, or guard, which he or they may enemy run abbe commanded to defend, or speak words inducing fer death or others to do the like; or shall cast away his arms and ment, &c. ammunition, or who shall quit his post or colors to plunder and pillage, every such offender, being duly convicted thereof, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ART. 53. Any person belonging to the armies of Persons belong-the United States, who shall make known the watch making known word to any person who is not entitled to receive it, ac-the watch word, cording to the rules and discipline of war, or shall pre-test, or other punishment, sume to give a parole or watch word, different from

what he received, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

Officers and soldiers to behave orderly in quar-ters. &c. and such as commit waste, &c. unless by order of the commander-inchief. &c. to be punished, &c.

ART. 54. All officers and soldiers are to behave themselves orderly in quarters, and on their march: and whosoever shall commit any waste or spoil, either in walks of trees, parks, warrens, fish ponds, houses, or gardens, cornfields, enclosures of meadows, or shall maliciously destroy any property whatsoever, belonging to the inhabitants, of the United States, unless by order of the then commander-in chief of the armies of the said states, shall (besides such penalties as they are liable to by law) be punished, according to the nature and degree of the offence, by the judgment of a regimental or general court-martial.

ART. 55. Whosoever, belonging to the armies of the United States, employed in foreign parts, shall force

quard, is to suffer a safe guard, shall suffer death.

ART. 56. Whosoever shall relieve the enemy with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbor or protect an enemy, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a court-martial.

57. Whosoever shall be convicted of holding ART punishment, &c. correspondence with, or giving intelligence to, the enemy, either directly or indirectly, shall suffer death, or respondence with, or giving such other punishment as shall be ordered by the senthe enemy, &c. tence of a court-martial.

ART. 58. All public stores taken in the enemy's camp, towns, forts, or magazines, whether of artillery, ammunition, clothing, forage, or provisions, shall be sethe U. States, &c. cured for the service of the United States; for the negleet of which the commanding officer is to be answerable.

Death. &c for the officers and soldiers of any garrison, &c. commander to give up to the enemy, &c.

ART. 59. If any commander of any garrison, fortress, or post, shall be compelled, by the officers and soldiers under his command, to give up to the enemy, or to ahandon it, the commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers or soldiers, who shall be convicted of having so offended, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be inflicted upon them by the sentence of a court-martial.

ART. 60. All sutlers and retainers to the camp, and timers sebject to all persons whatsoever, serving with the armies of the United States in the field, though not enlisted soldiers, are to be subject to orders, according to the rules and discipline of war.

forcign parts, forces a safe Whosoever re-

lieves the enemy with money, victuals, Kee, is to suffer death, or other punish-ment. &c. Death, or other

Public stores taken in the ene-my's camp, &c to be secured for the service of

intelligence to,

Sutlers, and re-

ART. 61. Officers having brevets or commissions Officers having of a prior date to those of the regiment in which they missions of a serve, may take place in courts-martial and on detach-prior date to ments, when composed of different corps, according to ment in which they serve, may the ranks given them in their brevets, or dates of their take place 8c. according to the former commissions; but in the regiment, troop, or make given them. See company, to which such officers belong, they shall do them, &c. duty and take rank, both in courts-martial and on detachments, which shall be composed only of their own corps, according to the commissions by which they are mustered in the said corps.

ART. 62. If, upon marches, guards, or in quarters, If, upon marches, es, &c different different corps of the army shall happen to join, or do corps happen to duty together, the officer highest in rank of the line of corp highest in the army, marine corps, or militia, by commission there, mand, unless, &co. on duty, or in quarters, shall command the whole, and give orders for what is needful to the service, unless otherwise specially directed by the president of the

United States, according to the nature of the case.

ART. 63. The functions of the engineers being ge-Engineers not to assume, nor be nevally confined to the most elevated branch of unlitary subject to, any science, they are not to assume, nor are they subject to line of their in be ordered on, any duty beyond the line of their imme- sion, except, &c. diate profession, except by the special order of the president of the United States; but they are to receive every mark of respect to which their rank in the army may entitle them, respectively, and are liable to be transferred, at the discretion of the president, from one corps to another, regard being paid to rank.

ART. 64. General courts-martial may consist of any sast of any number of commissioned officers, from five to thirteen, soned officers, soned officers, inclusively; but they shall not consist of less than thir. from 5 to 13, &c teen, where that number can be convened, without ma-

nitest injury to the service.

ART, 65. Any general officer commanding an army, mancing, &c. may appoint geor colonel commanding a separate department, may appoint georespoint general courts martial, whenever necessary. But No sentence of a no sentence of a court-martial shall be carried into exe-court-martial to cution until after the whole proceedings shall have been execution until laid before the officer ordering the same, or the officer have been laid commanding the troops for the time being; neither shall ordering it. See. any sentence of a general court-martial, in time of No sentence of a peace, extending to the loss of life, or the dismission of a martial, in time of peace, extendcommissioned officer, or which shall, either in time of ing to loss of life, &c. or which, in peace or war, respect a general officer, be carried into peace or war, reexecution, until after the whole proceedings shall have officer, to be carbeen transmitted to the secretary of war, to be laid be-ried into execu-

General officers, or colonels, comtion until the the president,

fore the president of the United States, for his confirmaproceedings have tion or disapproval, and orders, in the case. All other sentences may be confirmed and executed by the officer ordering the court to assemble, or the commanding officer, for the time being, as the case may be.

Officers commanding regiments or corps, тау арроіні courts, martial, &c. for offences not capital.

ART. 66. Every officer commanding a regiment or corps, may appoint, for his own regiment or corps, courts-martial, to consist of three commissioned officers. for the trial and punishment of offences not capital, and decide upon their sentences. For the same purpose, all officers commanding any of the garrisons, forts, barracks, or other places, where the troops consist of difterent corps, may assemble courts-martial, to consist of three commissioned officers, and decide upon their sentences.

Officers commanding garrisous, &c. may assemble courts martial,&c.

ART. 67. No garrison or regimental court-martial regimental court shall have the power to try capital cases, or commisered to try capi- Stoned officers; neither shall they inflict a fine exceeding one month's pay, nor imprison nor put to bard labor, any non-commissioned officer or soldier, for a longer time than one month.

No garrison or martial empowtal cases, & c.

ART. 68. Whenever it may be found convenient and necessary to the public service, the officers of the marunes shall be associated with the officers of the land forces, for the purpose of holding courts-martial and trying offenders belonging to either; and in such cases the orders of the senior officer of either corns, who pray be present and duly authorized, shall be received and obeyed.

Whenever convement, &c. the officerof macers of the land force, for holding courts mar-

ART. 69. The judge advocate, or some person de-The judge advopoted by him, or by the general, or officer commanding the army, detachment, or garrison, shall prosecute in the name of the United States, but shall so far consider himself as counser for the prisoner, after the said prisoner shall have made his plea, as to object to any leading question to any of the witnesses, or any question to the prisoner, the answer to which might tenu to The judge advo-criminate humself; and administer, to each member of cate to administhe court, before they proceed upon any trial, the tolter an eath to each member of lowing oath, which shall also be taken by all members the court, &c.

care, &c. to prosecure in the name of the U. States, but shall consider himself coursel for the prisoner, so far,

of the regimental and garrison courts-martial;

Form of the oath.

"Ion, A B, do swear that you will wett and truly try and determine, according to evidence, the matter now before you, between the United States of America and the prisoner to be tried; and that you will duly aunimister justice, according to the provisions of An act establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the

United States,' without partiality, favor, or affection: and if any doubt shall arise, not explained by said articles, according to your conscience, the best of your understanding, and the custom of war in like cases: and you do further swear, that you will not divulge the sentence of the court until it shall be published by the proper authority: neither will you disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witness, by a court of justice, in a due course of law. So help you God."

And as soon as the said oath shall have been adminis- The president of the court to adtered to the respective members, the president of the minister an oath court shall administer to the judge advocate, or person vocate,

officiating as such, an oath in the following words:

"You, A B, do swear, that you will not disclose or dis- Form of the cover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the judge advocate's conrt-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness, by a court of justice, in duc course of law; nor divulge the sentence of the court to any but the proper authority, until it shall be duly disclosed by the same. So help you God."

ART. 70. When a prisoner arraigned before a gene-When a prisoner, ral court-martial shall, from obstinacy and deliberate &c. stands mate, design stand mate, or answer foreign to the nurnose are regardless. design, stand mute, or answer foreign to the purpose. 8.c. the court the court may proceed to trial and judgment as if the wial, &c.

prisoner had regularly pleaded not guilty.

ART. 71. When a member shall be challenged by a When a member prisoner, he must state his cause of challenge, of which a prisoner he the court shall, after due deliberation, determine the relevancy or validity, and decide accordingly; and no challenge to more than one member at a time shall be received by the court.

ART. 72. All the members of a court-martial are to hence with decembeliave with decency and calmness; and, in giving their cy; and the youngest in comparing to the votes, are to begin with the youngest in commission.

ART. 73. All persons who give evidence before a court-martial, are to be examined on oath or affirma- witnesses to tion, in the following form:

. You swear, or affirm, (as the case may be) the evi- Form of the early dence you shall give in the cause now in hearing, shall be of a witness. the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. help you God."

ART. 74. On the trials of cases not capital, before Incases not capital, Rec. deposition of witnesses, not in the tions may be taken before some jusken, and read,
Rec. provided, the tice of the peace, and read in evidence: Provided, the prosecutor and

raissions to vote

accused are pre-prosecutor and the person accused are present at the taking the same, or are duly notified thereof. sent, &c.

ART. 75. No officer shall be tried but by a general No officer to be court martial, nor by officers of an inferior rank, if it can be avoided: nor shall any proceedings or trials be carried on excepting between the honrs of eight in the No proceedings except between morning, and three in the afternoon, excepting in cases which, in the opinion of the officer appointing the court-

martial, require immediate example.

ART 70. No person whatsoever shall use any me-No person to use nacing words, signs, or gestures, in presence of a courtor gestures. &c. martial, or shall cause any disorder or riot, or disturb their proceedings, on the penalty of being punished, at the discretion of the said court-martial.

ART. 77. Whenever any officer shall be charged with When an officer is charged with a a crime, he shall be arrested and confined in his barerine he is to be racks, quarters, or tent, and deprived of his sword, by ed of his sword, the commanding officer. And any officer who shall leave his confinement, before he shall be set at liberty by his commanding officer, or by a superior officer, shall be cashiered.

ART. 78. Non-commissioned officers and soldiers, charged with crimes, shall be confined, until tried by a somers charged court-martial, or released by proper authority.

Art. 79. No officer or soldier who shall be put in arrest, shall continue in confinement more than eight days, or until such time as a court-martial can be assem-

ART. 80. No officer commanding a guard, or provost No officer commanding a guard marshal, shall refuse to receive or keep any prisoner &c. to refuse to committed to his charge, by an officer belonging to the forces of the United States; provided the officer committing shall, at the same time, deliver an account in writing, signed by himself, of the crime with which the said prisoner is charged.

Art. 81. No officer commanding a guard, or provost manding a guard marshal, shall presume to release any person committed to his charge, without proper authority for so doing, nor shall he suffer any person to escape, on the penalty of being punished for it by the sentence of a courtmartial.

ART. 82. Every officer or provest marshal, to whose Officers to whom charge prisoners shall be committed, shall, within twenprisoners are committed, to ty-four hours after such commitment, or as soon as he make report, &c. shall be relieved from his guard, make report in ty-four hours after such commitment, or as soon as he of their names, writing, to the commanding officer, of their names, erimes, &c. their crimes, and the names of the officers who com-

menacing words m presence of a court martial,

general court martiat, &c.

unless, &c.

Non-commissioned officers and soldiers charged confined until tried, &c Officers and sol diers in arrest in confinement more than eight bled.

No officer comreceive a prisoner, provided,

days, &c.

No officer com-&c. to release any person com-mitted to his charge, &c.

mitted them, on the penalty of being punished for disobedience or neglect, at the discretion of a court-martial.

ART. 83 Any commissioned officer, convicted before commissioned of a general court-martial, of conduct unbecoming an offi- &ce, of conduct cer and a gentleman, shall be dismissed the service.

ART. 84. In cases where a court-martial may think dismissed, &c. it proper to sentence a commissioned officer to be sus In cases where a pended from command, they shall have power also to pends an officer from command, suspend his pay and emoluments for the same time, ac cording to the nature and heinousness of the offence.

ART. 85. In all cases where a commissioned officer is emoluments, &c. cashiered for cowardice or fraud, it shall be added, in missioned officer the sentence, that the crime, name, and place of abode is cashiered for and punishment, of the delinquent, be published in the fraud, the crime, name, &c of the newspapers in and about the camp, and of the particular delinquent, to be state from which the offender came, or where he usually newspapers, &c. resides, after which it shall be deemed scandalous for an officer to associate with him.

ART 86. The commanding officer of any post or de-Where the number of officers is tachment, in which there shall not be a number of offi-not adequate to cers adequate to form a general court-martial, shall, in court martial, the cases which require the cognizance of such a court, re-commanding officers which require the cognizance of such a court, re-commanding officers which require the cognizance of such a court, report to the commanding officer of the department, who ment, &c. to re shall order a court to be assembled at the nearest post manding officer or detachment, and the party accused, with necessary ment, &c. witnesses, to be transported to the place where the said court shall be assembled.

ART 87.* No person shall be sentenced to suffer No person to be death, but by the concurrence of two thirds of the mem-death, but by the bers of a general court-martial, nor except in the cases concurrence of two thirds of the herein expressly mentioned; nor shall more than fifty members of age lashes be inflicted on any offender, at the discretion of a tial, &e nor more than fifty court-martial; and no officer, non-commissioned officer, lashes to be insoldier, or follower of the army, shall be tried a second fixed. time for the same offence.

ART. 88. No person shall be liable to be tried and to be tried and punished by a general court-martial for any offence punished by a which shall appear to have been committed more than martial for any two years before the issuing of the order for such trial, ted more than unless the person, by reason of having absented himself, unless, &c. or some other manifest impediment, shall not have been amenable to justice within that period.

ART. 89. Every officer authorized to order a general Every officer authorized to order court-martial, shall have power to pardon or mitigate a general court

*So much of these rules and articles as authorises the infliction of corporeal punishment by stripes or lashes, is specially repealed by act of 16th May, 1812. See chapter 70, section 7.

unbecoming an officer, &c.

they are empowered to suspend his pay and

martial, empow any punishment ordered by such court, except the senered to pardon tence of death, or of cashiering an officer; which, in the punishment, &c. cases where he has authority (by article 65) to carry except, &c. them into execution, he may suspend, until the pleasure

of the president of the United States can be known; which suspension, together with copies of the proceedings of the court-martial, the said officer shall immediate-The colonel, &c. of a regiment or ly transmit to the president, for his determination. the colonel or commanding officer of the regiment or garrison, where any regimental or garrison court martial shall be held, may pardon or mitigate any punishment

ordered by such court to be inflicted.

ART. 90. Every judge advocate, or person officiating &c. to transmit, as such, at any general court-martial, shall transmit, aspossible, the ori- with as much expedition as the opportunity of time and gnal proceedings and septences of distance of place can admit, the original proceedings and sentence of such court-martial to the secretary of Secretary of war, war, which said original proceedings and sentence shall in whose office they shall be pre- be carefully kept and preserved in the office of said secretary, to the end that the persons entitled thereto may be enabled, upon application to the said office, to obtain copies thereof.

The party tried by any general court-martial snan, by a general court-martial snan, by a general court martial en-upon demand thereof, made by himself or by any person The party tried by any general court-martial shall, or persons in his behalf, be entitled to a copy of the sen-

tence and proceedings of such court-martial.

Art. 91. In cases where the general, or commanding al, &c. may order officer, may order a court of inquiry, to examine into the nature of any transaction, accusation, or imputation, of not exceeding against any officer or soldier, the said court shall consist of one or more officers, not exceeding three, and a &c., to be sworn, judge advocate, or other suitable person, as a recorder. to reduce the proceedings and evidence to writing, all of whom shall be sworn to the faithful performance of their courts of in-quiry to have the same power witnesses as a court-martial, and to examine them on This court shall have the same power to summon as courts martial oath; but they shall not give their opinion on the menesses, &c. but are rits of the case, excepting they shall be thereto specially The parties accused shall also be permitted to cross examine and interrogate the witnesses, so as to investigate fully the circumstances in the question.

ART. 92. The proceedings of a court of inquiry must be authenticated by the signature of the recorder and the president, and delivered to the commanding officer: the signatures of and the said proceedings may be admitted as evidence by a court-martial, in cases not capital, or extending to the dismission of an officer: Provided, That the cir-

Judge advocates, as expeditiously ginal proceedings general courts martial to the

garrison, &c. may pardon or

mitigate, &c.

tirled to a copy, of the sentence, &c.

Where the generquiry, &c. the court to consist three, and a judge advocate, &c.

to summons witnot to give an opinion unless specially required, &c.

Proceedings of courts of inquiry to be authenticated by the recorder and president. &c. and may be admitted as evicumstances are such that oral testimony cannot be ob-dence by courts tained. But as courts of inquiry may be perverted to not capital, &c. dishonorable purposes, and may be considered as en-provided, &c. gines of destruction to military merit, in the hands of Courts of inquiry weak and envious commandants, they are hereby pro-less directed by hibited, unless directed by the president, hibited, unless directed by the president of the United &c. States, or demanded by the accused.

ART. 93. The judge advocate, or recorder, shall ad- The judge advo-

minister to the members the following oath:

"You shall well and truly examine and inquire, ac- to the members. cording to your evidence, into the matter now before you, without partiality, favor, affection, prejudice, or hope of reward: So help you God."

cate, &c to ad-minister an oath

Form of the oath

After which, the president shall administer to the the court to add dge advocate, or recorder, the following oath:

"You, A B, do swear that you will, according to your vocate."

judge advocate, or recorder, the following oath:

best abilities. accurately and impartially record the pro- advocate's oath, ceedings of the court, and the evidence to be given in the case in hearing: So help you God."

The witnesses shall take the same oath as witnesses witnesses to take sworn before a court-martial.

ART. 94. When any commissioned officer shall die, when a commissioned officer shall die, sionedofficer dies, or be killed, in the service of the United States, the &c. the major of the regiment, or, the officer doing the major's is immediately to duty in his absence, or, in any post or garrison, the se-fects, &c. make cond officer in command, or the assistant military agent, aninventory, and transmit it to the shall immediately secure all his effects or equipage, then war department, in camp or quarters, and shall make an inventory thereof, and forthwith transmit the same to the office of the department of war, to the end that his executors or administrators may receive the same.

ART. 95. When any non-commissioned officer or when a non comsoldier shall die, or be killed, in the service of the ar soldier dies, United States, the then commanding officer of the troop, manding officer or company, shall, in the presence of two other commission to take an assioned officers, take an account of what effects he died effects he died possessed of, above his arms and accourtements, and possessed of, &c. transmit the same to the office of the department of war; to the department of war; to the department of war, and possessed of, &c. which said effects are to be accounted for, and paid, to and the effects to the representatives of such deceased non-commissioned &c. officer or soldier. And in case any of the officers, so au-In case officers authorized to take care of the effects of deceased officers thorized to take and soldiers, should, before they have accounted to their of deceased offirepresentatives for the same, have occasion to leave the eers and soldiers, regiment, or post, by preferment, or otherwise, they leave the regiment, keethey shall, before they be permitted to quit the same, depo- are to deposite site, in the hands of the commanding officer, or of the hands of the

assistant military agent, all the effects of such deceased

commanding officient non-commissioned officers and soldiers, in order that cer, &c. the same may be secured for, and paid to, their respec-

tive representatives.

Art. 96. All officers, conductors, gunners, matrosses, officers, &c. in drivers, or other persons whatsoever, receiving pay, or the corps of engineers, &c. to hire, in the service of the artillery, or corps of engibe governed by the proceding rules, &c. neers, of the United States, shall be governed by the aforesaid rules and articles, and shall be subject to be tried by courts-martial, in like manner with the officers and soldiers of the other troops in the service of the United States.

ART. 97. The officers and soldiers of any troops, officers and sol. ART. 97. The officers and soldiers of any troops, dies of any militia or whether militia or others, being mustered and in pay of the United States, shall, at all times, and in all places, when acting with when joined, or acting in conjunction, with the regular regular forces to be governed by forces of the United States, be governed by these rules articles, subject and articles of war, and shall be subject to be tried by courts-martial, in like manner with the officers and sol-&c. save that the diers in the regular forces, save only that such courtscomposed of mi- martial shall be composed entirely of militia officers. litia officers.

ART. 98. All officers serving by commission from the authority of any particular state, shall, on all detachments, courts-martial, or other duty, wherein they may be employed in conjunction with the regular forces of the United States, take rank next after all officers of the like grade in said regular forces, notwithstanding the commissions of such militia or state officers may be elder than the commissions of the officers of the regular forces of the United States.

ART. 99. All crimes not capital, and all disorders and neglects which officers and soldiers may be guilty gleets, &c. though of, to the prejudice of good order and military discipbot mentioned in line, though not mentioned in the foregoing articles of ticks, to be taken war, are to be taken cognizance of by a general or regimental court-martial, according to the nature and degree of the offence, and be punished at their discretion.

ART. 100. The president of the United States shall prescribe the uniform of the army.

ART. 101. The foregoing articles are to be read and published once in every six months, to every garrison, read and publish-regiment, troop, or company, mustered, or to be mustered, in the service of the United States, and are to be duly observed and obeyed by all officers and soldiers who are, or shall be, in said service.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in time of war, all persons not citizens of, or owing allegiance to, the United States of America, who shall be found lurk-

others, being mustered, &c. these rules and to be tried by courts martial. courts are to be

Officers serving by commission from the authority of any particular state. when employed in conjunction with the regular forces, to take rank next after rank next a like grade in the regular forces, &c.

All crimes not capital, and all disorders, and necourts martial. Scc.

The president

The foregoing articles to be six months, to every garrison or regiment, &c.

In time of war aliens found lurking about fortifications or ing, as spies, in or about the fortifications or encamp- the encampments ments of the armies of the United States, or any of of the armies, to them, shall suffer death, according to the law and usage

of nations, by sentence of a general court-martial.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the rules and The rules and regulations by which the armies of the United States which the armies have heretofore been governed, and the resolves of con-fore governed, gress thereunto annexed, and respecting the same, shall to be henceforth void, &c. except, henceforth be void and of no effect, except so far as may &c. relate to any transactions under them prior to the promulgation of this act, at the several posts and garrisons, respectively, occupied by any part of the army of the United States. [Approved, April 10, 1806.

CHAPTER LL.

An act authorizing the employment of the land and naval forces of the United States, in cases of insurrection,

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-In all cases of in-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress struction of the laws &c. where it assembled, That, in all cases of insurrection, or ob-is lawful for the struction to the laws, either of the United States, or of president to call any individual state or territory, where it is lawful for ach he is authorized to employ the president of the United States to call forth the mili-the land or naval tia for the purpose of suppressing such insurrection, or pressing or en-of causing the laws to be duly executed, it shall be lawful for him to employ, for the same purposes, such part of the land or naval force of the United States as shall he judged necessary, having first observed all the prerequisites of the law in that respect.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAPTER LII.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for fortifying the ports and harbors of the United States, and for building gun boats"

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and Honse of Re-The president authorized to presentatives of the United States of America in Congress cause fortificaassembled, That the president of the United States is tions heretofore

*The act to which this is supplementary, relates chiefly to the building and equipping of gun boats, and is, therefore, not comprised in this vobuilt or commenced, &c. to be repaired or completed and other works to be erected, &c.

hereby authorized to cause such of the fortifications heretofore built or commenced, as he may deem necessary, to be repaired or completed, and such other fortifications and works to be erected as will afford more effectual protection to our ports and harbors, and preserve therein the respect due to the constituted authorities of the nation; and that the sum of one million of dol-\$1,000,000 addi- lars, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated, tional appropriated for that purpose, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, January 8, 1808.]

pose, &c.

CHAPTER LIII.

An act authorizing the sale of public arms.

The president be sold to indivi-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress authorized to cause arms own-assembled. That the president of the United States be, edby the U.S. to and he is hereby, authorized to cause to he sold to indidual states, &c. vidual states who may wish to purchase, any arms now owned by the United States, and which may be parted Accounts of sales with without injury to the public: Accounts of such

to be laid before congress, and the sales shall be laid before congress, and the money money appropriated to the pue arising therefrom be, and the same is hereby, approachase of other priated, under the direction of the president of the United States, to the purchase or manufacture of other Proviso; the arms arms for the use of the United States: Provided, That

ed to any state

not to be deliver such arms be not delivered to any state or their agents, until the pay- until the payment of the purchase money be first made the purchase money, see, into the treasury of the United States, in money, or in the stock of the United States, at its value, as established by an act, entitled, "An act to repeal so much of

any act or acts as authorize the receipt of evidences of the public debt in payment for the lands of the United States, and for other purposes relative to the public Proviso; the pre- debt:" Provided also, That this provision shall not exeding proviso not to extend to any purchase, not exceeding five thousand stand

U.S. are bound to pay a sum of money, &c.

sny purchase, of arms, which shall be made by a state to which the state to which the United States, by existing engagements, are bound to pay a sum of money, equal to the amount of such purchase. [Approved, April 2, 1808.]

CHAPTER LIV.

An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-rive regiments of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress infantry, one of assembled, That, in addition to the present military es-light dratablishment of the United States, there be raised five regiments of infantry, one regiment of riflemen, one regiment of light artillery, and one regiment of light draestablishment. goons, to be enlisted for the term of five years, unless

sooner discharged.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said regi- Organization of ments of infantry, riflemen, and artillery, shall consist of regiments, ten companies each, and the regiment of light dragoons of eight troops; and the field and staff officers of each regiment, of one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one paymaster, one surgeon, one surgeon's mate, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, two principal musicians, and, for the regiment of light dragoons, one riding master; each company of infantry and riflemen to consist of one companies and captain, one first and one second lientenant, one ensign, troops. two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and sixty-eight privates; each company of artillery, of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, eight artificers, and fifty-eight matrosses; and each troop of light dragoons, of one captain, one first and one second licatebant, one cornet, two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, one saddler, one farrier, and sixty-four privates.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That when, in the when, assist opision of the president of the United States, a suitable of the proportion proportion of the troops authorized by this act shall be been raised, two raised, there may be appointed two additional briga diergenerals may be appointed, &c dier-generals, who shall be entitled to one aid-de-camp each, to be taken from the subafterns of the line; two brigade inspectors, and two brigade quartermasters; and such number of hospital surgeons, and surgeon's mates, as the service may require, but not exceeding five surgeons and fifteen mates, with one steward, and

^{*}The provisions of this act regarding the organization of the regiment of light artillery, the compensation, subsistence and clothing, of the officers and troops, and those respecting wounds and disabilities, widows and children, and allowances generally, are adopted by acr of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95, sections 2, 4, and 7. The residue may be considered as superseded by that act.

one wardmaster to each hospital; the brigade inspectors appointed under this act shall be taken from the line; and the brigade quartermasters, the adjutants, regimental quartermasters, and paymasters, from the subalterns of the line

Compens tion of the officers, eaders, more ommers and officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, &c.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That the compensation of the efficers, cadets, non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, authorized by this act, shall be, viz: to each brigadier-general, one hundred and four dollars per month, twelve rations per day. or an equivalent in money, and sixteen dollars per month for forage, when not furnished by the public; each brigade inspector, thirty dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line; each brigade quartermaster and aid de-camp, twenty dollars, and each adjutant, regimental quartermaster, and paymaster, ten dollars per month, in addition to their pay in the line, and to each six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; each hospital surgeon, seventy-five dollars per month, six rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and twelve dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; each hospital surgeon's mate, forty dollars per month, two rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; each hospital steward, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money; each wardmaster, sixteen dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money; to the colonel of light dragoons, ninety dollars per month, six rations per day, and forage for five horses; to the lieutenant-colonel of light dragoons. seventy-five dollars per month, five rations per day, and forage for four horses; to the major of light dragoons. sixty dollars per month, four rations per day, and forage for four horses; to each captain of light dragoous, fifty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for three horses; to each lieutenant of light dragoons, thirty-three and one third dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for two horses; to each cornet of light dragoons, twenty-six and two thirds dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for two horses; to the riding master, twenty-six and two thirds dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for two horses; each saddler and farrier, ten dollars per month, one ration per day, and a suit of uniform clothing annually; and all other officers, cadets, non commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, authorized by this act, shall receive the like pay, clothing, rations, forage, and other emoluments, as the officers, cadets, non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, of the present military establishment: Pro cers and riding master, furnish their own master to lungth their own ish their own horses and accoutrements, and actually keep in service horses, &c. the aforesaid number of horses, to entitle them to the aforegoing allowance for forage, or its equivalent in money: And provided also. That the whole, or any part, Proviso; the region of the regiment of light dragoons, shall be liable to dragoons able serve on foot, as light infantry, until, by order of the as high infantry, president of the United States, horses and accoutre- &c. ments shall be provided to equip the whole, or any part thereof, as mounted dragoons.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the officers, the officers, ca cadets, non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, mission dofficers, and privates, raised pursuant to this act, shall be enti musicians areas tled to the like compensation, in case of disability by rased pursuant wounds, and otherwise, incurred in the service, as the det to like constant. officers, eadets, non-commissioned officers, musicians pensation in artificers, and privates, in the present military estab &c. as officers lishment, and with them, shall be subject to the rules set military establishment, and articles of war, which have been established, or may subject to the be hereafter by law established: And that the provisions of war, &c. of the act, entitled "An act fixing the military peace The provisions of establishment of the United States," relative to the with act fixing the dow, child, or children, of any commissioned officer exhibitions, who shall die, while in the service of the United States, the person, matby reason of any wound received in actual service of the test and diogs, United States, to courts-martial, the regulation and and making of compensation of recruiting officers, the age, size, qualifications, and bounties, of recruits, arrears of pay, the bonds and duties of paymasters, penalties for desertion, punishment of persons who shall procare or entice any s ldier to desert, or shall purchase from any soldier his arms, uniform clothing, or any part thereof; and the punishment of any commanding officer of any ship or vessel who shall receive on board his ship or vessel, as one of his crew, knowing bim to have deserted, or otherwise carry away, any such soldier, or shall refuse to

deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, to the oath or affirmation to be taken and subscribed by officers, non commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, to the allowance for extra expense to any commissioned officer in travelling and sitting on general courts-martial, to arrests of non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, for debts, to the allowance to

soldiers discharged from service, except by way of panishment, shall be in force, and applied to all persons, matters, and things, within the intent and meaning of this act, in the same manner as if they were inserted at large in the same.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the subsistence of the officers of the army, when not received in kind,

officers, esti-mated at twenty cents per ration, shall be estimated at twenty cents per ration.

Sec. 7. And be it forther enacted. That there shall be One captain to each brigade, with the pay and appointed to each brigade, one chaplain, who shall be with the payand entitled to the same pay and emoluments as a major in

the infantry.

Subsistence of

major, &c.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That, in the re-The president may appoint the cess of the senate, the president of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint all or any of the officers, officers in the recess of the see hereby authorized to appoint at the proper to be appointed nate, except the other than the general officers, proper to be appointed to under this act; which appointments shall be submitted to the senate, at the next session, for their advice and con-

Every commissioned and staff officer, to be appointed in virtue of citizen, &c. this act, shall be a citizen of the United States, or some one of the territories thereof.

[Approved, April 12, 1808.]

SHEET SHEET SHEET SHEET CHAPTER LV.

An act concerning public contracts.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-

concress, either due thy or indi-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress retty to under-take, in white or assembled, That, from and after the passage of this

in part, any con- act, no member of congress shall, directly or indirectly, the United States, himself, or by any other person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his use or benefit, or on his account, under-Any member of take, execute, hold or enjoy, in the whole or in part, congressed crist any contract or agreement hereafter to be made or encongressed cross any contract or agreement hereafter to be made or entire on the contract, and the contract at the provisions of the United States, in their this act, liable to behalf, or with any person authorized to make contracts a fine of \$3.000, on the part of the United States; and if any member of and he contract void, &c. congress shall, directly or indirectly, himself, or by any other person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his use or benefit, or on his account, enter into, accept of, agree for, undertake or execute, any such contract or agreement, in the whole or in part, every member so offending shall, for every such offence, upon conviction thereof. before any court of the United States, or of the territories thereof, having cognizance of such offence, be adjudged gailty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be fined three thousand dollars; and every such contract or agreement as aforesaid shall, moreover, be absolutely void and of no effect: Provided, nevertheless, That in all Proviso; sums of money advanced cases where any sum or sums of money shall have been onthe part of the United States, to advanced on the part of the United States, in considera- be repaid or tion of any such contract or agreement, the same shall prosecuted for, be forthwith repaid; and in case of refusal or delay to repay the same, when demanded, by the proper officer of the department under whose authority such contract or agreement shall have been made or entered into, every person so refusing or delaying, together with his surety or sureties, shall be forthwith prosecuted at law for the recovery of any such sum or sums of money advanced as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That nothing herein Nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to to extend to any any contract or agreement, made, or entered into, or tered into way accepted, by any incorporated company, where such company, for the contract or agreement shall be made for the general general benefit of such incorporation or company; nor to the purchase or sale of bills of exchange, or other property, change for the general sense. purchase or sale of bills of exchange, or other property, change, &c. by any member of congress, where the same shall be ready for delivery, and for which payment shall be made at the time of making or entering into the contract or agreement.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That in every such in everycontract. contract or agreement, to be made, or entered into, or see, an expression to be accepted, as aforesaid, there shall be inserted an express inserted that no condition that no member of congress shall be admitted eress shall be admitted eress shall be admitted. to any share or part of such contract or agreement, or mitted, &c. to any benefit to arise thereupon.

SEC. 4. And be it further enucted, That if any officer of Anyofficer of the the United States, on hehalf of the United States, shall, United States, in their behalf, endirectly or indirectly, make or enter into any contract, tering into a contract with a bargain, or agreement, in writing or otherwise, other member of conthan such as are herein excepted, with any member of to the provision congress, such officer so offending, on conviction thereof of this act. libble to a fine of \$3000 before any court having jurisdiction thereof, shall be &c. deemed and taken to be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and he fined in a sum of three thousand dollars.

SEC. 5. And be it further enucted, That, from and The secretaries after the passing of this act, it shall be the duty of the war, and pary, & secretary of the treasury, secretary of war, secretary of the powmaster general, to lay the navy, and the postmaster-general, annually, to lay

before congress, before congress a statement of all the contracts which annually, here have been made in their respective departments, during after, a state ment of all conthe year preceding such report, exhibiting in such statetheirdepartments ment the name of the contractor, the article or thing during the pre-eding year, &c, contracted for, the place where the article was to be delivered, or the thing performed, the sum to be paid for its performance or delivery, the date and duration of [Approved, April 21, 1808.] the contract.

CHAPTER LVI.

An act making provision for arming and equipping the whole body of the militia of the United States.'

propriated to body of the mi-litia, &c.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The annual sum of \$200,000 ap presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the annual sum of two hundred thouprovide arms. assembled. That the arms hereby is, appropriated for the purpose of providing arms and military equipments for the whole body of the militia of the United States, either by purchase or manufacture, by and on account of the United States.

The president authorized to purchase sites and creet additional arsenals and manufactorestricting the number of workmen in the armories to 100,

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States he, and he hereby is, authorized to purchase sites for, and erect, such additional arsenals and manufactories of arms as he may deem expedient, and manufactories of arms, &c. under the limitations and restrictions now provided by Privise any law law: Provided also, That so much of any law as restricts the number of workmen in the armories of the United States to one hundred men, be, and the same hereby is, repealed.

The arms procured in victue and territories, in propertion effective militia,

repealed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the arms procored in virtue of this act shall be transmitted to the of this act to be several states composing this union, and territories the several states thereof, to each state and territory, respectively, in proportion to the number of the effective militia in each to the number of state and territory, and by each state and territory to be distributed to the militia in such state and territory, under such rules and regulations as shall be by law prescribed by the legislature of each state and territory.

[Approved, April 23, 1808.]

^{*}This act is inserted here instead of the appendix, because it relates chiefly, to matters of administration, confided to a department of the staff of the regular army. †See chapter 19, section 2.

CHAPTER LVII.

An act further to amend the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments.

[EXTRACT.]

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, exclusively exclusively of of the purveyor of public supplies, paymasters of the purveyor, purveyor, see no army, pursers of the navy, military agents, and other other permanent officers already authorized by law, no other permanent pointed for making contracts, or for the purpose of &c. for the military contracts, or for the purchase of supplies, or for tablishments, unthe disbursement in any other manner, of moneys for less by the presithe use of the military establishment, or of the navy of the United States, but such as shall be appointed by the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate: Provided, That the president may, Proviso; the president may appeared he is hereby authorized, in the recess of the se-point such agents pate, to appoint all or any of such agents, which apinthe senate, and pointments shall be submitted to the senate, at their may fix their number and companies. next session, for their advice and consent; and the presi-pensation. dent of the United States is hereby authorized, until otherwise provided by law, to fix the number and compensation of such agents: Provided. That the compen-Proviso: the compensation allowed to either shall not exceed one per contum pensation not to on the public moneys disbursed by him, por in any in-cent, &c. stance the compensation allowed by law to the purveyor of public supplies.

Sec. 4 And be it further enacted, That every such Every agent, agent as may be appointed by virtue of the next pre-give bond, &c. ceding section, and every purser of the navy, shall give bond, with one or more sufficient sureties in such sums as the president of the United States may direct, for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in him; and the The paymaster paymaster of the army, the military agents, the pur-of the army purveyor of public sapplies, the pursers of the navy, and kee when practithe agents appointed by virtue of the preceding sec-public money in tion, shall, whenever practicable, keep the public mo-some incorporated bank, to be neys in their hands, in some incorporated bank, to be designated by the designated for the purpose by the president of the United monthly returns, States, and shall make monthly returns, in such form as may be prescribed by the treasury department, of the moneys received and expended during the preceding

SEC 5. And be it further enacted, That all purchases All purchases, and contracts for supplies, or services which are or supplies, &c. unmay, according to law, be made, by or under the direction of the secretary tion of either the secretary of the treasury, the secre-of the treasury,

month, and of the unexpended balance in their hands.

of war, or of the tary of war, or the secretary of the navy, shall be made by open purchase of the by open purchase, or by previously advertising or previously add for proposals respecting the same: And an annual state-An annual state- ment of all such contracts and purchases, and also of

ment of contracts, purchases, the expenditure of the moneys appropriated for the contracts, purchases, tingent expenditures, &c. and to be laid tingent expenses of the military establishment, for the before congress contingent expenses of the navy of the United States, efeach year, &c. and for the discharge of miscellaneous claims not otherwise provided for, and paid at the treasury, shall be laid before congress at the beginning of each year, by

the secretary of the proper department. [Approved, March 3, 1809.]

CHAPTER LVIII.

An act making further appropriations to complete the fortifications commenced for the security of the ports and harbors of the United States, and to erect such fortifications as may be necessary for the protection of the northern and western frontiers of the United States."

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-\$750,000 appro-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress printed for completing the forti- ussembled, That, for the purpose of completing the fortifications commenced for the security of the seaport mencetfor the security of the opinion of the president of the United States, be securing others, the opinion of the president of the northern and western frontiers, there be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not other-[Approved, June 14, 1809.] wise appropriated.

fications com-menced for the

CHAPTER LIX.

An act to suspend, for a limited time, the recruiting service.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-So much of the presentatives of the United States of America in Congress act to raise an assembled. That so much of the act, entitled "An act additional military force, as au- to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force," listment of men as authorizes the enlisting of men for the term of five for the term of years, unless sooner discharged, be, and the same is five years, &c. suspended, &c. hereby, suspended until twenty days after the next meeting of congress. [Approved, June 28, 1809.]

> *See preceding acts relating to the same object, chapters 18, 21, 24, 28, 31, and 52.

CHAPTER LX.

An act for completing the existing military establishment.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The military espresentatives of the United States of America in Congress to be immediateassembled, That the military establishment, as now an- ly completed.

thorized by law, be immediately completed.

SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That there be al- 816 bounty to lowed and paid to each effective, alile bodied man, re-each effective, able bodied man, cruited or re-enlisted for that service, for the term of recruited or enforcement of the sum of civitage listed, &c. five years, unless sooner discharged, the sum of sixteen dollars; but the payment of one half of the said bounty half the bunty shall be deferred, until he shall be mustered and have to be deferred, until &c. joined the corps in which he is to serve; and whenever any non-commissioned officer or soldier shall be dis-Non-commissioned charged from the service, who shall have obtained from soldiers discharge the commanding officer of his company, battalion, or re-ed from service, and who have obgiment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed tained from the his duty whilst in service, he shall, moreover, be al-cer, kee, acrificate that they lowed and paid, in addition to the aforesaid bounty, had faithfully three month's pay, and one hundred and sixty acres of day, kee, are to be land;* and the heirs and representatives of those non-allowed 3 months' pay in addision, commissioned officers or soldiers, who may be killed in and 150 acres of land, which, in action, or die in the service of the United States, shall, ease they are likewise, be paid and allowed the said additional bounty the service are of three months' pay, and one hundred and sixty acres & land to be of land, to be designated, surveyed, and laid off, at the designated, surveyed, ke at the public expense, in such manner, and upon such terms public expense, and conditions, as may be provided by law, † and conditions, as may be provided by law.

[Approved, December 24, 1811.]

CHAPTER LXL

An act to raise an additional military force.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- of infanty, two presentatives of the United States of America in Congress one of light draassembled. That there be immediately raised ten regi- Econs, to be immediately raised ments of infantry, two regiments of artillery, and one for five years.

*The allowance of bounty land increased to 320 acres, to all subsequent enlistments, by act of 10th December, 1814-See chapter 92, sec-

+See act of 16th May, 181?, chapter 68, providing for the survey, &c.

of military bounty lands.

1See supplementary acts, chapters 63, 65, 77, and 82; also chapters 72 and 89, by which the organization here given, is materially modified. These acts may be considered as superseded and supplied, by act of 3d of March, 1815, fixing the peace establishment, chapter 95.

regiment of light dragoons, to be enlisted for the term

of five years, nuless sooner discharged.

Organization of a reg ment of infantry.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That a regiment of infantry shall consist of eighteen captains, eighteen first lientenants, eighteen second lientenants, eighteen ensigns, seventy-two sergeants, seventy two corporals. thirty-six musicians, and eighteen hundred privates, which shall form two battalious, each of nine compa-A regiment of artillery shall consist of twenty Organization of captains, twenty first lientenants, twenty second lieutenants, forty cadets, eighty sergeants, eighty corporals, one hundred and sixty artificers, forty musicians, and fourteen hundred and forty privates, which shall form of two battalions, each of ten companies. The regiment of cavalry shall consist of twelve captains, twelve first lieutenants, twelve second lieutenants, twelve cornets.

> twenty-four cadets, forty-eight sergeants, forty-eight cornorals, twelve saddlers, twelve farriers, twelve trumpeters, and nine hundred and sixty privates, which shall

a regiment of artillery.

Organization a regiment of cavalry.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That, to each regi-Field and staff ment raised under this act, whether of infantry, artilgiment. lery, or light dragoons, there shall be appointed one colonel, two lieutenant-colonels, two majors, two adju-

tants, one quartermaster, one paymaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, two sergeant-majors, two quarter-

master-sergeants, and two senior musicians.

form two battalions, each of six companies,

Two major generals, with two aids each, &c.

Five brigadier generals, with a brigade major

eral, and an in-Sec.

sistants, &c.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That there shall be appointed two major-generals, each of whom shall be allowed two aids, to be taken from the commissioned officers of the line; and five brigadier generals, each of brigade major and an aid, each, whom shall be allowed a brigade-major and an aid, to he taken from the captains and subalterns of the line; Anadimant gen- and there shail also be appointed one adjutant-general spector general, and one inspector-general, each with the tank, pay, and emoluments of a brigadier-general; the said adjutant ge-The adjurant ge neral shall be allowed one or more assistants, not exspector gineral, ceeding three, to be taken from the line of the army, with the same pay and emoluments as by this act are allowed to a lientenant-colonel; the said inspector-general shall be allowed two assistant-inspectors, to be taken from the line of the army, each of whom shall receive, while acting in said capacity, the same pay and emoluments as by this act are allowed to a lieutenantcolonel: there shall also be appointed such number of hospital surgeons and mates, as the service may re-

Hospital surgeons, &c. to be

quire, with one steward to each hospital. Officers detached SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when an officer is detached to serve as brigade-major or aid, or as assistant to the adjutant-general, or inspector-gene-to serve as brigade ral. on the appointment of a general officer, or as adju-to retain their tant or quartermaster, on the appointment of a colonel, rank.

he shall not thereby lose his rank.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the major-Pay, &c. of magenerals, respectively, shall be entitled to two hundred their aids; and dollars monthly pay, with twenty dollars allowance for gatler generals. forage, monthly, and fifteen rations per day. Their aid-de-camp shall, each, be entitled to twenty-four dollars monthly, in addition to their pay in the line, and ten dollars monthly for forage, and four rations. The brigadier-generals, respectively, shall be entitled to one hundred and four dollars monthly pay, twelve rations per day, and sixteen dollars per month for forage, when not found by the public.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all other officers, cadets, privates, cers, cadets, non-commissioned officers, musicians, ar- &c. to rective the like pay, rations, cadets, authorized by this act, shall re- tions, lorage, &c. ceive the like pay, forage, rations, clothing, and other satisfiers, privates, &c. of the vates, &c. of the emoluments, as the officers of the same grade and corps, existing military cadets, non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers,

and privates, of the present military establishment.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That each ration Component parts &c. of the ration. shall consist of one pound and a quarter of beef, or three quarters of a pound of pork, eighteen ounces of bread or floor, one gill of rum, whiskey, or brandy, and at the rate of two quarts of salt, four quarts of vinegar, four pounds of soap, and one pound and a half of candles, to every hundred rations.

SEC. 9. And he it further enacted, That every non-Non-commissioncommissioned officer, musician, and private, of the ar-vates, &c. of the tillery and infantry, shall receive, annually, the tollow-family, or receive, ing articles of uniform clothing, to wit: one hat, one annually, the articles of uniform coat, one vest, two pair of woollen, and two pair of linen, clothingspecified. overalls, one coarse linen frock and trowsers, for fatigue clothing, four pair of shoes, four shirts, two pair of socks, two pair of short stockings, one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair of half gaiters: And the secretary of war is hereby authorized to cause to be the secretary of farmished to the paymasters of the respective districts, paymasters to be furnished with such surplus of clothing as he may deem expedient, surplus clothing, which clothing shall, under his direction, be furnished at contract prices, to the soldiers, when necessary, at the contract prices, &c. and accounted for by them out of their arrears of monthly pay.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the officers, The officers, and non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of soldiers to be

governed by the the said corps, shall be governed by the rules and artirules and articles cles of war, which have been established by the United of war, &c. States in congress assembled, or by such rules and ar-

ticles as may be hereafter, by law, established.

SEC. 11 And be it further enacted, That the commis-Commissioned of sioned officers who shall he employed in the recruiting ers employed service, shall be entitled to receive, for every effective ficers empleyed titled to receive able bodied man who shall be duly enlisted by him, for two dollars for every effective the term of five years, and mustered, (and between the able bodied man duly enlisted, &c. ages of eighteen and forty-five years) the sum of two Proviso; the re-dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That this regulation so gulation respectfar as respects the age of the recruit, shall not extend ing age, not to extend to musito musicians, or to those soldiers who may re-enlist into Proviso; persons the service: And provided also. That no person under under the age of the age of twenty-one years shall be culisted by any oflisted, &c. with-out the written ficer, or held in the service of the United States, without consent of the the consent, in writing, of his parent, guardian, or masparent, &c. ter, first had and obtained, if any he have; and if any officer shall enlist any person contrary to the true intent officers enlisting and meaning of this act, for every such offence he shall persons contrary forfeit and pay the amount of the bounty and clothing which the person so recruited may have received from the public, to be deducted out of the pay and emolu-

to this act, to pay the amount of the bounty and clothing, &c. ments of such officer.

\$16 bounty to each recruit.

to be deferred, until, &c.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid to each effective able bodied man, recruited as aforesaid, to serve for the term of five The payment of years, a bounty of sixteen dollars; but the payment of 88 of the bounty eight dollars of the said bounty shall be deferred until he shall be mustered, and have joined some military corps of the United States for service. And whenever When any non-commissioned officer, or soldier, shall be disotheer or soldier is discharged, and charged from the service, who shall have obtained from has obtained a commanding officer of his company, battalion, or the commanding regiment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed officer, that he had performed his duty whilst in service, he shall, moreover, be alhis duty, he is to lowed and paid, in addition to the said bounty, three addition, three month's pay, and one hundred and sixty acres of land;*
nonths' pay and the heirs and representatives of those non-commisand, in case of those non-commis-his bring killed sioned officers or soldiers who may be killed in action, ordying. See, the or die in the service of the United States, sball likewise sentatives are to be paid and allowed the said additional bounty of three receive the additional bounty; months' pay, and one hundred and sixty acres of land; land to be designated, surveyed, and laid off, at the public expense, in such manner, and upon such terms and conditions. ditions, as may be provided by law.

> *The land bounty increased to 320 acres, to all subsequent enlistments, by act of 10th December, 1814, chapter 92, section 4.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the said Arrears of pay not to exceed two corps shall be paid in such manner, that the arrears months, unless, shall, at no time, exceed two months, unless the circum- &c. stances of the case shall render it unavoidable.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, officers and solnon-commissioned officer, musician, or private, shall be wounds in serdisabled by wounds, or otherwise, while in the line of on the list of inhis duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list wald pensioners, of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension, Proviso; the comand under such regulations, as are or may be directed pensation for hy law: Provided always, That the compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commisceed half his mouthly new sec. sioned officer, shall not exceed, for the highest rate of and no officer to disability, half the monthly pay of such officer, at the half the pay of a time of his being disabled or wounded; and that no offi-heutenant coloncer shall receive more than the half pay of a lieutenant- The rate of pencolonel; and that the rate of compensation to non-com-missioned officers, missioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall not privates, &c. not to exceed 85 per exceed five dollars per month: And provided also, That month. all inferior disabilities shall entitle the person so disa-disabilities to enbled to receive an allowance proportionate to the highest title the person disability.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That if any com- widows and missioned officer in the military establishment of the children of commissioned officers United States shall, while in the service of the United dyng of wounds States, die by reason of any wound received in actual service, or receive service of the United States, and leave a widow, or if pay to which the no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years of deceased was enage, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, five years, shall be entitled to and receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years. But in case of In case the withe death or intermarriage of such widow before the exdow marnes before the expirafore the expirafore the expirafore the expiration of five years, the half pay for tion of five years,
the remainder of the time shall go to the child or chilgo to the children of such deceased officer: Provided always, That dren. such half pay shall cease on the decease of such child or

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That if any non-com- Non-commissionmissioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert the edofficers private, &c. deservice of the United States, he shall, in addition to the sering the serpenalties mentioned in the rules and articles of war, be addition to penliable to serve for and during such a period as shall, servethe full with the time he may have served previous to his deser-term; and may be tried by a court tion, amount to the full term of his enlistment; and such martial and punished, although, soldier shall and may be tried by a court-martial, and &c. minished, although the term of his enlistment may have clapsed previous to his being apprehended or tried.

allowance.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That every per-

Persons, &c. en-Son not subject to the rules and articles of war, who ticing soldiers to shall procure or entice a soldier in the service of the desert, or pur-United States to desert; or who shall purchase from any arms, uniform clothing, &c. and soldier his arms, uniform clothing, or any part thereof; vessels receiving and every captain or commanding officer of any ship or on board soldiers, vessel, who shall enter on board such ship or vessel, as be descriers, &c. one of his crew, knowing him to have described, or liable to a fine otherwise carry away, any such soldier, or shall refuse not exceeding prisonment not to deliver him up, to the orders of his commanding offiexceeding one cer, shall, upon legal conviction, be fined at the discretion of any court having cognizance of the same, in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, and be im-

prisoned any term not exceeding one year.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That every offiofficers, and sol-cer, non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, subscribe and oath. shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I, A B, do solemnly swear, or affirm. (as

the case may be) that I will bear true faith and allegiance Form of the oath to the United States of America, and that I will serve them, honestly and faithfulty, against their enemies or opposers whomsoever; and that I will observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and arti-

cles of war."

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted. That there shall A judge advocate be appointed to each division a judge advocate, who shall be entitled to the same pay and emolaments as a and channelts of a major in the infantry; or, if taken from the line of the army, shall be entitled to thirty dollars per month in addition to his pay, and the same allowance for forage

as is allowed by law for a major of infantry.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That where any commissioned officer shall be obliged to incur any extra expense in travelling and sitting on general courts-marexpense in traveltial, he shall be allowed a reasonable compensation for on general courts such extra expense, actually incurred, not exceeding one lowed a reasona-dollar and twenty-five cents per day to officers who are not entitled to forage, and not exceeding one dollar per

day to such as shall be entitled to forage.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, I hat no non-com-No non-commissoned officer, or missioned officer, musician, or private, during the term solders, see, conting in terms of his service, shall be arrested on mesne process, or rested, &c. for taken or charged in execution for any debt or debts consany debt under tracted before enlistment, which were, severally, under beforeenistment, twenty dollars at the time of contracting the same, nor contracted after for any debt whatever contracted after enlistment, wards.

chasing their

\$300 and to

vear.

to each division, with the pay and emolments infantry, &c.

officers obliged to meur extra blecompensation; not exceeding, &c.

SEC. 22. And he it further enacted. That whenever When an office or soldier is disany officer or soldier shall be discharged from the ser-charged, &c. exvice. except by way of punishment for any offence, he confidence he he allowed his shall be allowed his pay and rations, or an equivalent pay and rations, or an equivalent pay and rations, e.e. to his place in money, for such term of time, as shall be sufficient of residence, at for him to travel from the place of discharge to the milesa day. place of his residence, computing at the rate of twenty miles to a day.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That the subsis- subsistence of the officers of the tence of the officers of the army, when not received in army, &c. stikind, shall be estimated at twenty cents per ration. per ration.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted. That there shall One chaplain to be appointed to each brigade one chaplain, who shall be each brigade, with the pay, &c entitled to the same pay and emoluments as a major in of a major, &c.

the infantry.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That no general. No general field, or staff officer, who may be appointed by virtue of appointed policy. this act, shall be entitled to receive any pay or emolu-tiled to pay, &c. ments until he shall be called into actual service, nor actual service, for any longer time than he shall continue therein.

[Approved, January 11, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXII.

An act supplementary to "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force," passed on the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress expedient to mount the light assembled. That whenever, in the opinion of the president whenever is the opinion of the president of the dent of the United States, it is expedient to mount the ments, are to light artillery, or any part thereof, horses and accourre-provided, &c. ments shall be provided to equip the whole, or such part commissioned as he may direct; and when the non-commissioned offi-officers, privates, &c. are equipped; ed, the officers to be entitled to the officers shall be entitled to the same forage as is the same forage now provided for the officers of the same grade in the second for the officers of the same grade in the second for the officers for regiment of light dragoons: Provided, The officers furdersoons is their own horses and accountrements, and actually cers to furnith keep in service the same number of horses, to entitle &c and keep them to the aforesaid allowance for forage, or its equi-them in service. valent in money.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever the When the light said light artillery are ordered to be mounted, there artillery are or-

^{*}See original act, chapter 54.

dered to be company with the

shall be provided one saddler and one farrier to each mounted, a sad-company, who shall be entitled to the same pay and ch emoluments as are now provided for saddlers and farsame pay, &c. riers in the regiment of light dragoous.

[Approved, February 24, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXIII.

An act supplementary to "An act to raise an additional military force."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress missioned officers, privates &c. assembled, That the non-commissioned officers, musiof the light dra-cians, and privates, of the light dragoons, shall receive goons to receive the same uniform clothing as is now provided by law for clothing as is protillery and infan- and four pairs of shoes, in lieu of which each person shall be annually entitled to receive one pair of boots, and two pair of shoes.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the non-commessioned officers, missioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the regiprivates, &c. of ment of light artillery, shall receive the same clothing receive the same as the light dragoons, when ordered to be mounted.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the officers, All officers, ex- excepting general officers, who may be appointed during cept general off- the present session of congress, under the "Act to raise an additional military force," shall take rank in such take rank as the manner as the president of the United States shall dipresident directs, rect, without regard to priority of appointment.

[Approved, March 17, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXIV.

An act to establish a quartermaster's department, and for other purposes, † SEC 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress

*For original act, see chapter 61, with the note thereto.

† This act, so far as it relates to the organization of the quartermaster's department, and the compensation of its officers, is repealed and supplied by act of 3d March, 1813, chapter 80; which, with so much of the residue of this act as relates to other officers and their pay, may be considered as virtually repealed by act of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95. Some of the sections of this act are, however, of general import, not limited to any particular time; and though they may remain inoperative while no officers of the grades referred to exist, yet they would appear to revive and become applicable, whenever offices of the same denominations shall be again established. Such are sections 3, 5, 8, 10, 11, and 13.

clothing as the light dragoons,

cers, appointed mentioned, to

Aquartermaster's cepartment es-tablished.

assembled, That there be, and hereby is, established a To consist of a quartermaster's department for the army of the United quartermaster general, deputies, States, to consist of a quartermaster-general, four depu-assistants, &c. ty-quartermasters, and as many assistant deputy-quartermasters as, in the opinion of the president of the The quartermate United States, the public service may require; the quar-ter general and termaster-general, and deputy quartermasters, to be ap-appointed by the president, by and with the advice and senate, the assistant deputy-quarter-sident alone. masters by the president alone. And he hereby is authorized moreover to appoint such additional number of exceeding pour deputy quartermasters, not exceeding four, to be taken masters from from the line or not, at his discretion, as in his judg-&c. ment the public service may require.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the quarter- The quartermas. master-general shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and ter general entitled to the rank, emoluments, of a brigadier general, (under the act of pay &c of a brigadier general, the twelfth of April, one thousand eight hundred and &c. eight,) with forage for two additional horses; the deputy-quartermasters, when not taken from the line, shall Pay. &c. of debe entitled to receive sixty dollars per month, five ra-puty quartermas-tions per day, and forage for two horses; but if taken from the line, then such additional pay and emoluments Pay, &c. of the as shall be equal to the foregoing provision; the assistant assistants. deputy-quartermasters, when not taken from the line, shall be entitled to and receive forty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for one horse; but if taken from the line, then such additional pay and emoluments as shall be equal to the foregoing provision.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to The quartermastheir duties in the field, it shall be the duty, of the quar-ter general, his deputies, &c. termaster-general, his deputies, and assistant deputies, when directed, &c. to purchase when thereto directed by the secretary of war, to pur-military stores, chase military stores, camp equipage, and other articles, requisite for the troops, and, generally, to procure and provide means of transport for the army, its stores, artillery, and camp equipage. That the quartermastergeneral shall account as often as may be required and, ter general to at least, once in three months, with the department of account as often as required, and war, in such manner as shall be prescribed, for all pro-at least, once in three months, perty which may pass through his hands, or the &c. hands of the subordinate officers in his department, or that may be in his or their care or possession, and for all moneys which he or they may expend in discharging their respective duties; that he shall be responsible for the regularity and correctness of all returns in his department, and that he, his deputies, and assistant depu-

ties, before they enter on the execution of their respective offices, shall severally take an oath faithfully to per-

form the duties thereof.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be A commissary general of pur- a commissary general of purchases, and as many deputy chases, deputies, as, in the opinion of the president of the ed by the president and senate, United States, the public service may require, to be appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate.

The commissary procuring of arms, &c.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the eneral of purdates, under the chases, under the chases under the direction of the direction and supervision of the secretary of war, to seer tary of war, conduct the procuring and providing of all arms, military stores, clothing, and, generally, all articles of supply requisite for the military service of the United States; * and it shall be the duty of the deputy commissaries, when directed thereto, either by the secretary of Deputy commis-saries, when di- of necessity, by the commanding-general, quartermas-rected, &c. to ten general or dependently or deputy rected, &c. to purchase articles ter-general, or deputy-quartermasters, to purchase all requisite for the such of the aforesaid articles as may be requisite for the military service.

military service of the United States.

the penalty of \$3000, imprisoning five years, removal from,

SEC. 6 + And be it further enacted, That neither the Neither the quar-termaster general, al, nor the commissary general, al, nor the commissary general, shall, directly, or indirectly, be concerned or interested to be concerned in carrying on the business of trade or commerce, or be in the purchasing owner, in whole or in part, of any sea vessel; nor shall public lands, nor take any encour either of them purchase, by himself, or another in trust by law, &c. ander for him, public lands, or any other public property, or be concerned in the purchase or disposal of any public ment, not exceed securities of any state, or of the United States, or take, or apply to his own use, any emolument or gain, for neand incapacita- gotiating or transacting any business in the said department, other than what shall be allowed by law; and if either the said quartermaster-general, or commissarygeneral, shall offend against any of the prohibitions of this act, the parties so offending shall, upon conviction, forfeit to the United States the penalty of three thousand dollars, and may be imprisoned for a term not exceeding five years, and shall be removed from office, and be forever thereafter incapable of holding any office under the United States.

Salary of the commissary gen. Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the salary of eral, \$3000 per the commissary-general of purchases shall be three thou-SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the salary of

The establishment of an ordnance department by chapters 69 and 94; of the office of apothecary general by chapter 80, section 7, and a better definition of the duties of the quartermaster's department under the authority of section 5, chapter 79, left to the commissary general of purchases, the duties of providing clothing and camp equipage, to which they are at present confined. †This section is repealed and supplied by act of 22d May, 1812, chapter 71, sections 1 & 5.

sand dollars per annum; and the compensation to a de-annum, and puty-commissary shall not exceed two and one half per a deputy not to centum on the public moneys disbursed by him, nor, in exceed \$2000, any instance, the sum of two thousand dollars per

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the commissary general of purchases shall, before he enters upon bond in \$50.000. his duties, give bond, with sufficient surety, to be ap- and deputy comproved of by the secretary of war, in the sum of fifty in \$10.000; the thousand dollars, and the deputy commissaries, each, in ed with the compthe sum of ten thousand dollars, with condition for the troller, faithful performance of the duties of their office, respectively; which bonds shall be lodged with the comptroller of the treasury.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That, from and af- so much of the ter the last day of May next, so much of the act, enti- the office of purtled "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public lates to the apsupplies,"* as relates to the appointment and services pointment and services of a purof a purveyor of public supplies, be, and the same is veyor, repealed. hereby, repealed; and, in the mean time, the purveyor the purveyor to shall deliver over to the commissary-general, or one of the commissary his deputies, the public stores and property of all sorts general, &c. the in his possession, who shall receipt to him for the same.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted. That all letters and from the

and packets, to and from the quartermaster-general, and quartermister and commissary commissary-general, shall be free from postage.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That there be al lowed, for the compensation of the necessary clerks in lowed for clerks the quartermaster-general's office, a sum not exceeding in the quartermaster fifteen hundred dollars a year; and for the compensation of the creating strong the clerks of the compensation of the compen tion of the clerks of the commissary-general, a sum not for the elerks of the commissary, exceeding seventeen hundred dollars per annum, with with books, &c. such books and stationary as may be necessary to the quartermaster-general's and commissary general's departments.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted. That the quarter- The quartermasmaster-general be authorized to appoint a principal wa-thorized to apgon-master, and as many wagon-masters as he may point a principal judge necessary for the service of the army, not ex- &ce. to provide and conduct the ceeding one to each brigade, whose duty it shall be, un-wagons, &c. der the direction of the quartermaster-general, or any of his deputies, to provide and conduct the wagons, and other means of transport, necessary and proper for the military service of the United States.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That no wagon not to be conmaster shall, directly or indirectly, be concerned or in-gens, &c. exterested in any wagon, or means of transport, employed eet, as agents,

^{*}See chapter 23.

in the service of the United States, nor in the purchase or sale of any horses, harness, wagons, or other means of transport, procured for, or belonging to, the United

States, except as agent for the United States.

Pay, &c. of wa gon masters.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the principal wagon-master shall be entitled to receive forty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for one horse; and each wagon-master shall be entitled to receive thirty dollars per month two rations per day, and

forage for one horse.

The quartermaster general auforage.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the quartermaster-general be authorized to appoint one principal th riz d or appoint a principal forage master, and as many assistant forage masters, as forage master. the nature of the service may require, not exceeding one and deliver out to each brigade, whose duty shall be, under the directorage. tion of the quartermaster-general, or any of his deputies, to provide and deliver out forage necessary and No forage master proper for the military service of the United States; nor to be concerted in the purchase shall any forage-master be, directly or indirectly, constrained of forage, constall of forage, and in the constallation of forage.

except as agents, cerned in the purchase or sale of any article of forage procured for or belonging to the United States, except as

an agent for the United States.

Pay. &c. of forage masters.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That the principal forage-master shall be entitled to receive forty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for two horses; and that the other forage-masters shall be entitled to and receive thirty dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for one horse.

Four conductors

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That there shall of autiliers, to be four conductors of artillery, who shall be appointed be appointed by the president alone, each of whom shall be entitled to the pay and emoluments of a lieutenant of artillery.

act mentioned as respects the appointment of military military agems, &cc. repealed

The military agents - con-tinue to perform their duties in the meantime,

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That this act shall This act to go into operation on the first day of April next; and that the 1st of April, so much of the act fixing the military peace establishso much of the ment of the United States,* as respects the appointment of military agents and assistant military agents, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, from and after that day; but all those agents shall continue to perform their respective duties in the mean time, and until the deputy and assistant deputy-quartermasters shall be appointed and ready to enter on the execution of their respective offices; to whom the said military agents and assistant military agents shall then deliver all the public stores and property in their possession.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That all persons Persons attached to the public ser attached to the public service by virtue of this act,

*See chapter 46, section 3.

shall be subject to military law, except the deputy-subject to military law, except, commissaries.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the presi-The president dent may, and hereby is, authorized, in the recess of quartermaster the senate, to appoint the quartermaster-general, de-surremaster puty-quartermasters, commissary general, and deputy-in the recess, &c. commissaries, or any of them; which appointments shall at the next sesbe submitted to the senate at their next session, for sion, &c. their advice and consent. [Approved, March 28, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXV.

An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional mihtary force," passed January the eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.*

SEC. 1. Re it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress of the United assembled, 'I hat the president of the United States be, States empowered to cause to be collisted, for enlisted, for the term of eighteen the term of eighteen months, unless sooner discharged, months, unless, such part of the light dragoons, artillery, and infantry, the light draanthorized by the act, entitled "An act to raise an ad-goons, artillery, &c., authorized ditional military force," as he may deem expedient: by the act mentioned.

Provided. The whole number, so to be enlisted for Proviso; the eighteen months, shall not exceed fifteen thousand, any whole number to thing in the said recited act to the contrary notwith- 18 months not to

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the non-commistioned officers, musicians, and privates, so to be enlisted, mising different, mising the shall be entitled to the bounty of sixteen dollars, and be entitled to the the same pay, clothing, and rations, the same provisions bounty of 816, for wounds or disabilities, and to all other allowances, bounty in land, (the bounty in land excepted,) provided by the said before recited act, for the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, who may be raised under the same, and shall be held to perform the same duties, and be subject to the same rules and regulations.

[Approved, April 8, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXVI.

An act for the organization of a corps of artificers,†

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and Honse of Re-A corps of arpresentatives of the United States of America in Congress tickets to be arriched to the

*See original act, chapter 61, with the note thereon. †Superseded by act of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95.

quartermaster ment, &c.

the corps of artificers.

assembled, That there shall be attached to the quartergeneral's depart-master-general's department, and subject to the orders of the officers thereof, a corps of artificers, to consist of Organization of one superintendent, to be appointed by the president of the United States, four assistants, two master-masons. two master-carpenters, two master-blacksmiths, two master-boat-builders, two master-armorers, two master saddle and harness-makers, twenty house-carpenters, five ship-carpenters, twenty blacksmiths, sixteen boatbuilders, sixteen armorers, twelve saddle and harnessmakers, and twenty-four laborers, to be selected from the privates of the army, when authorized thereto by the commanding-general, or engaged from among the citizens by the superintendent.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the Pay, &c. of the superintendent of artificers shall be forty-five dollars superintendent of artificers, as per month, three rations per day, and forage for one superintendent of artificers shall be forty-five dollars horse; that the pay of the four assistants be, each, thirty dollars per month, and two rations per day; that the pay of the twelve master-workmen be, each, thirty dollars per month, and one ration and one half of a ration per day; that the pay of the other workmen be, each, sixteen dollars per month, and one ration and one half

of a ration per day.

the quartermascute all orders,

sistants, &c.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the The superinten-duty of the superintendent of artificers to render a cordent to report once a month, to rect report, once each month, of the corps, to the quarter general, make termaster-general, and on oath to make out the pay roll out the pay roll on oath, &c. exe-thereof; which pay roll shall be examined by the quartermaster-general, or, in his absence, by one of the deputy-quartermasters, and by him be countersigned; and faithfully, and without delay, to execute all such orders as he may receive from the secretary of war, any officer of the quartermaster's department, or from the officer commanding in the field or garrison to which his corps, or any part thereof, may be attached.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That this corps The corps to be shall be engaged for and during the term of three years, engaged for three years, unless sooner discharged by the president of the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That, for defraying \$30,000 appro- the expense that may be incurred in the execution of fraying the ex-this act, the sum of thirty thousand dollars be, and the be incurred un-same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 23, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXVII.

An act making further provision for the corps of engineers.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Officers to be presentatives of the United States of America in Congress added to the assembled, That there be added to the corps of engi-neers. neers two captains, two first lieutenants, two second lieutenants, with the usual pay and emoluments, according to their grades, respectively, and one paymaster, to be taken from the subalterns of engineers, with the pay and emoluments of a regimental paymaster; and that there be attached to the said corps, either from the troops now in service, or by new enlistments, as the president of the United States may direct, four sergeants, four corporals, one teacher of music, four musicians, nineteen artificers, and sixty-two men, which non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and men, to-A company of gether with the artificers and men already belonging to bombardiers, sapthe corps of engineers, shall be formed into a company, to be formed, to to be styled a company of bombardiers, sappers, and mi- the corps of enners, and be officered from the corps of engineers, ac-gineers, &c. cording as the commanding officer of that corps may, with the approbation of the president of the United States, direct; and the said non-commissioned officers, musicians, ed officers, artifiartificers, and men, shall be allowed the same pay and cers, &c. allowed the same pay &c. emoluments as are allowed to the noncommissioned as in the regiofficers, musicians, artificers, and men, in the regiment is is. of artillerists.

ment of artiller-

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the military academy to conacademy shall consist of the corps of engineers, and the sist of the corps following professors, in addition to the teachers of the and, in addition French language and drawing already provided, viz. to the teachers of one professor of natural and experimental philosophy, drawing, of a pro-with the pay and emoluments of lieutenant-colonel, if and experimental not an officer of the corps, and, if taken from the corps, fessor of mathe-then so much in addition to his pay and emoluments as sor of the art of shall equal those of a lieutenant-colonel; one professor engineering, of mathematics, with the pay and emoluments of a professors, &c. major, if not an officer of the corps, and, if taken from the corps, then so much in addition to his pay and emoluments as shall equal those of a major; one professor of the art of engineering in all its branches, with the pay and emoluments of a major, if not an officer of the corps, and, if taken from the corps, then so much in addition to his pay and emoluments as shall equal those of a major; each of the foregoing professors to have an as-

^{*}See act of 16th of March, 1802, chapter 46, section 26, &c.

sistant professor, which assistant professor shall be taken from the most prominent characters of the officers or cadets, and receive the pay and emoluments of Provises nothing captains, and no other pay or emoluments, while per-

he academical forming these duties: Provided, That nothing herein mand in the ar- contained shall entitle the academical staff, as such, to my, separate, &c. any command in the army separate from the academy. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the cadets,

The cadets not to exceed 250,

cerning the or-

ganization, discipline, age,

qualifications,

vice, of cadets.

heretofore appointed in the service of the United States, whether of artillery, cavalry, riflemen, or infantry, or that may in future be appointed as hereinafter provided, shall at no time exceed two hundred and fifty: that they may be attached, at the discretion of the president of the United States, as students to the military academy, and be subject to the established regulations thereof; that they shall be arranged into companies of non-commis-Regulations, con-sioned officers and privates, according to the directions of the commandant of engineers, and be officered from the said corps, for the purposes of military instruction; and term of ser-that there shall be added to each company of cadets four musicians; and the said corps shall be trained and taught all the duties of a private, non-commissioned officer and officer; be encamped at least three months of each year, and taught all the duties incident to a regular camn; that the candidates for cadets be not under the age of fourteen, nor above the age of twenty-one years; that each cadet, previously to his appointment by the president of the United States, shall be well versed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and that he shall sign articles, with the consent of his parent or guardian, by which he shall engage to serve five years, unless sooner discharged; and all such cadets shall be entitled to and receive the pay and emoluments now allowed by law to cadets in the corps of engineers.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That when any receives a regu-cadet shall receive a regular degree from the academihe is to be consi- cal staff, after going through all the classes, he shall be dered as among the candidates considered as among the candidates for a commission in for a commission, any corps, according to the duties he may be judged there is no vacan- competent to perform; and in case there shall not, at the may be attached time, be a vacancy in such corps, he may be attached meracy officer, to it at the discretion of the president of the United States, by brevet of the lowest grade, as a supernumerary officer, with the usual pay and emoluments of such Proviso; not more grade, until a vacancy shall happen: Provided, That than one super-there shall not be more than one supernumerary officer to one company, to any one company at the same time.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of \$25,000 appropris twenty-five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby buildings, provida propriated, to be paid out of any money in the trea- ing apparatus, a sury, not otherwise appropriated, for erecting buildings, and for providing an apparatus, a library, and all necessary implements, and for such contingent expenses as may be necessary and proper, in the judgment of the president of the United States, for such an institution.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That so much of so much of the the twenty-sixth section of the act, entitled "An act the act fixing the fixing the military peace establishment." passed the six-nilitary peace establishment as teenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and confices the selection of the commander of the commander, &c. corps of engineers to the said corps, be, and the same is engineers, rehereby repealed. [Approved, April 29, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXVIII.

An act to provide for designating, surveying, and granting, the military bounty lands.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The president to presentatives of the United States of America in Congress cause to be surveyed not exceeded. That the president of the United States be, ing 6,000,000 of and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be surveyed a land, &c. quantity of the public lands of the United States, fit for cultivation, not otherwise appropriated, and to which the Indian title is extinguished, not exceeding, in the whole, six millions of acres; two millions to be surveyed 2,000,000 in each in the territory of Michigan,* two millions in the Illinois of the territorian, liliterritory, north of the Illinois river, and two millions in nois, and Louisithe territory of Louisiana, between the river St. Fran- ana. cis and the river Arkansas; the said lands to be divided into townships, and subdivided into sections and quarter sections, (each quarter section to contain, as near as possible, one hundred and sixty acres,) in the manner prescribed by law for surveying and subdividing the other public lands of the United States, the same price to be allowed for surveying as is fixed for surveying the The lands surother public lands in the same territory. And the lands veyed, with the thus surveyed, with the exception of the salt springs mentioned, thus surveyed, with the exception of the sant springs mentioned, and lead mines therein, and of the quantities of land ad- for satisfying the jacent thereto, as may be reserved for the use of the bounties of 160 to same by the president of the United States, and the sec-non-commission ed officers, and tion number sixteen in every township, to be granted to soldiers. the inhabitants of such township for the use of public

^{*}See chapter 102.

schools, shall be set apart and reserve, for the purpose of satisfying the bounties of one hundred and sixty acres. promised to the non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the United States, their heirs and legal representatives, by the act, entitled "An act for completing the existing military establishment,"* approved the twentyfourth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and by the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional military force,"† approved the eleventh day The secretary of of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

war to issue wargants for the mition &cc.

not assignable, Bee.

Persons in whose manner whatever. ritories, and a patent to be

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary hary land bount for the department of war, for the time being, shall, from time to time, issue warrants for the military land bounties to the persons entitled thereto by the two last Proviso; the war mentioned acts, or either of them: Provided always, That in the names of such warrants shall be issued only in the names of the the persons entitled, to be appersons thus entitled, and be, by them or their representited, to be appersons thus entitled, and be, by them or their representitive years, and tatives, applied for within five years. sons shall have become entitled thereto; and the said warrants shall not be assignable or transferable in any

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person favour warrants have been issued, have been issued, on delivering in whose favor such warrants shall have been issued, on the secrethen at the general land office, shall, on delivery of the same at the office of the secretal land office, shall, on delivery of the same at the office of the secretary, by lot, one of the quarter sections, i.e. in either of the time have, by law, the superintendence of the generation of the translation of the United States at the seat of government, be entitled to draw, by lot, in such manner granted without as the officer at the head of the land office, under the direction of the president of the United States, may precribe, one of the quarter sections surveyed by virtue of the first section of this act, in either of the said territories which the person in whose favor such warrant has issued may designate. And a patent shall thereupon be granted to such person, for such quarter section, withlitary land boun out requiring any fee therefor.

No claim for mities assignable, until after a patent, &c.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no claim for the military land bounties aforesaid shall be assignable All sales, mort- or transferable in any manner whatever, until after a

All sales, mort of transferable in any manner whatever, than after a gages, contracts, patent shall have been granted in the manner aforesaid. See made prior a patent with intent to alienate, see nature whatever, made prior thereto, for the purpose, any claim to minitary land bound or with intent, of alienating, pledging, or mortgaging, ties See, declared, any such claim, are hereby declared, and shall be held, and void, See null and void, see null and void, see null and void to proceed the sale of the sa null and void; nor shall any tract of land, granted as aforesaid, be liable to be taken in execution or sold on

> "See chapter 60, section 2. †See chapter 61, section12.

account of any such sale, mortgage, contract, or agreement, or on account of any debt contracted prior to the date of the patent, either by the person originally entitled to the land, or by his heirs or legal representatives, or by virtue of any process, or suit at law, or judgment of court, against a person entitled to receive his patent as aforesaid. [Approved, May 6, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXIX.

An act for the better regulation of the ordnance.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- An ordnance depresentatives of the United States of America in Congress hished, to consist assembled, That there be, and hereby is, established an of a commissary ordnance department, to consist of a commissary-gene-deputies, &c. ral of ordnance, an assistant commissary-general, four deputy commissaries, † and as many assistant deputycommissariest as the president of the United States may think necessary, not exceeding eight.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissa. The commissary ry-general be authorized, from time to time, to employ ed to employ as many wheelwrights, carriage makers, blacksmiths, &c. and laborers, as the public service may, in his judgment,

require.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the com-Rank, pay, and missary-general of ordnance shall be entitled to the the commissary rank, pay, and emoluments, of a colonel of infantry, and general, assistant; be further allowed at the rate of five hundred dollars per year, and four rations per day, for clerks in his department; the assistant commissary general of ordnance shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and emoluments, of major of infantry, with three additional rations per day; the deputy-commissaries of ordnance shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and emoluments, of a captain of infantry, with two additional rations per day, and forage for one horse; the assistant deputies shall have the rank, pay, and emoluments of a second lieutenant of infantry, with one additional ration per day.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That a master- Pay, &c. of which lights, car-

wheelwright, and carriage-maker, and a master-black-rage makers, &c. smith, be allowed thirty dollars, each, per month, and one ration and one half of a ration per day; that any other

1See chapter 80, section 6.

^{*}Repealed and supplied by act of 8th February, 1815, chapter 9 k. †See supplementary act, chapter 85.

wheelwrights, carriage-makers, and blacksmiths, be allowed, each, sixteen dollars per month, and one ration and one half of a ration per day; that the laborers, each, be allowed nine dollars per month, and one ration per day.

commissary gen-

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the commissary general of ordnance to direct the inspection and proving of all pieces of ordnance, cannon balls, shells, and shot, procured for the use of the army of the United States; and to direct the construction of all carriages, and every apparatus for ordnance, for garrison and field service, and all ammunition wagons, pontoons, and travelling forges; also the direction of laboratories, the inspection and proving the public powder, and the preparing all kinds of ammunition for garrison and field service; and shall, half yearly, examine all ordnance, carriages, ammunition, and apparatus, in the respective fortresses, magazines, and arsenals, and cause the same to be preserved and kept in good order. SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the commis-

The commissary sary general of ordunance shall execute all orders issued nance to execute by the secretary for the department of war, in conveyby the screary ing all ordnance, ammunition, and apparatus, to the of war, and, in time of war, the respective armies, garrisons, magazines, and arsenals; orders of any ge- and, in time of war, he shall execute all orders of any neralofficer, &c. and, in time of war, he shall execute all orders of any general officer, commanding in any army or garrison, for the supply of orduance, ammunition, carriages, pontoons, forges, furnaces, or apparatus, for garrison, field. or siege service, and forward the same, without delay,

and in good condition.

The commissary of all ordnance,

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commisgeneral of ord-sary general of ordnance shall, half yearly, transmit to marce to trans, the department of war a correct return of all ordnance, return ammunition, military stores and effects, in the respecamaumition, &c. tive garrisons, arsenals, magazines, posts, and camps, with a statement of their order, quality, and condition; and also what may be necessary to keep up an ample supply of each and every article in the ordnance department, and shall, in all things, faithfully and without delay, execute the orders of the secretary for the department of war touching the same.

yearly, correct returns to be commissary gen-

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That, the superin-The superintendents of military stores, keepers of magazines and stores, keepers of arsenals, shall, half yearly, make correct returns, to the commissary-general of ordnance, of all military stores that they respectively have in charge; and that the ascommissary general, and the as-sistant commissary-general of ordunice, the deputycommissaries, and assistant deputies, shall, faithfully sistant commissaand without delay, execute all orders that shall be issued eque all orders, by the secretary for the department of war, the com-&c. manding general, in time of war, of any corps, camp, or garrison, or of the commissary-general of ordnance. in their respective departments, by virtue of this act.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the commis- The commissary sary-general of orduance shall make a correct report of general of ordthe artificers and laborers, from time to time, employed correct report, from time to the adjutant-general, time of artificers sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That, for defray-employed, &c.

ing the expense that may be incurred in the execution 820,000 appropriated for deforming the same of twenty thousand dollars be, and fraying the extension the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any be incurred under the same is hereby. money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, May 14, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXX.

An act making further provision for the army of the United States."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The president presentatives of the United States of America in Congress empowered to assembled. That the president of the United States be, district paymasand he hereby is, authorized and empowered to appoint vice may require, so many district paymasters as, in his judgment, the serso many district paymasters as, in his judgment, the service may require; and if such paymasters are taken from the line of the army, they shall, respectively, receive thirty dollars per month, in addition to their pay in the line: Provided, The same shall in no case exceed of a district paythe pay and emoluments of a major; and if not taken master not to exfrom the line, they shall receive the same pay and emo- major, &c. luments as a major of infantry.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized authorized to appropriate the president of the United States be, and he hereby is a supplication of the United States be, and he hereby is a supplication of the United States be, and he hereby is a supplication of the United States be, and he hereby is a supplication of the United States be, and he hereby is a supplication of the United States be, and he hereby is a supplication of the United States be a sup and empowered to appoint a paymaster to each regi- fer to each regiment on the peace establishment, who shall receive the ment on the peace establishment as a captain of the regiment ment, &c. to which he belongs: Provided, That all district and and regimental regimental paymasters shall be subject to the rules and paymasters subject to the rules.

articles of war, and give such bonds to the United States and articles of as the secretary for the department of war may direct, &c.

*The provisions of this act, with the exception of section 7, may be considered repealed by act of 3d of March, 1815, chapter 95, not being therein recognized. Section 7, being a part of the rules and articles of war, is expressly recognized and continued by that act.

&c. to aid the paymaster, &c.

for the faithful performance of their duties. And it The commands shall be the duty of the commanding officer, when reing officer to furnish a soldier, quested by the paymaster, to furnish a capable noncommissioned officer or soldier to aid him in the discharge of his duty, who, while so employed, shall receive double pay.

The president anthorized to appoint, &c. as many sub-in-spectors as the service may require, &cc. not exceeding, &c.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to appoint, from the captains and subalterns of the line of the army, so many sub-inspectors as the service may require, not exceeding one to each brigade; and such sub-inspectors shall each receive twenty four dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line.

Each brigade major, &c. al-lowed \$24 per

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That each brigade-major, provided by law, shall be allowed twentymonth additional four dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line.

ed a secretary, &c.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the general manding the ar- commanding the army of the United States shall be allowed a secretary, to be taken from the line of the army, who shall receive twenty-four dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line, and shall be allowed forage for two horses.

entitled to 12 drivers, to be enin the ranks, when, &c.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That, in addition Each company to the non-commissioned officers and privates allowed to the regiment of light artillery, each company shall be drivers, to be en-issed for 5 years, entitled to twelve drivers of artillery, who shall be en-liable to do duty listed for five years, unless sooner discharged, and receive the same pay, rations, and clothing, as the privates of the army: Provided, Such drivers of artillery shall, at all times, be liable to do duty in the ranks when the company shall not be mounted.

So much of the authorizes the

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act mentioned, as "Act for establishing rules and articles for the goauthorizes the infliction of cor- vernment of the armies of the United States," as auporcal punished thorizes the infliction of corporeal punishment by stripes or lashes, repeal- or lashes, be, and the same hereby is, repealed.

[Approved, May 16, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXXI.

An act to amend an act, entitled "An act to establish a quartermaster's department, and for other purposes."*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Neither the quartermaster nor presentatives of the United States of America in Congress

*See original act, chapter 64, with the note annexed thereto, the latter part of which, is applicable to sections 1, 3, and 4 of this act.

assembled. That neither the quartermaster-general, the eral, nor their commissary-general, nor any or either of their deputies deputies, &c. to be concerned, for or assistant deputies, shall be concerned, directly or in-commercial purdirectly, in the purchase or sale, for commercial purchase or sale of any article intended for, making a part of, or ded for their reappertaining to, their respective departments, except for, spective departments, except for, ments, &c. except, and on account of, the United States; nor shall they, or see either of them, take or apply to his or their own use, any gain or emolument for negotiating or transacting any business in their respective departments, other than what is or may be allowed by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the quarter- The quartermasmaster-general be, and he is hereby, empowered to ap-powered to appoint, one principal barrack-master, and as many deputy point one principal barrackmassbarrack-masters as may, from time to time, be necessater, and as many deputies as may ry, not exceeding one to each separate barrack or can be necessary, &c. tonment; which said principal barrack-master shall be &c. entitled to receive the same pay, rations, and emolaments as the principal forage-master; and each of his deputies, the same pay, rations, and emoluments, as is by law allowed to a deputy forage-master.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition The secretary of to the allowance made to the quartermaster-general and war may make additional alcommissary-general, respectively, in and by the act lowance to the hereby amended, it shall and may be lawful for the se- and commissary. cretary for the department of war for the time being, to rent, feel, &c.

allow to them, respectively, such sums as, in his opinion, shall have been actually and necessarily expended in their several departments for office rent, fuel, candles,

and extra clerk hire.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the quarter- The quartermasmaster-general, the deputy quartermasters, and the as-ter general desistant deputy quartermasters, shall, before they, or ter into bonds, either of them, enter upon the duties of their appointment, respectively enter into bond, with sufficient security, to be approved of by the secretary of war, conditioned for the faithful expenditure of all public moneys, and accounting for all public property, which ter general not may come to their hands, respectively; and the quarter
**Rec. that may master-general shall not be liable for any money or property that may come into the hands of the subordinate ordinate officers,

**Rec. The quarternas
**Rec. that may come into the hands of the subordinate ordinate officers,

**Rec. The quarternas
**Rec. that may come into the hands of the subordinate ordinate officers,

**Rec. The quarternas
**Rec. The q officers of his department.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sixth sec. The 6th sec. of tion of the act hereby amended, be, and the same is the act amended, hereby, repealed. [Approved, May 22, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXXII.

An act for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States.*

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The infantry of assembled The United States of America in Congress the army of army of the United 25 regi- States shall consist of twenty-five regiments, and that a regiment shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant-co-Organization of a lonel, one major, one adjutant, one paymaster,

regiment. quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster's sergeant, two prin-

cipal musicians, and ten companies.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That each company shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one Organization , of second lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, six cora company.

porals, two musicians, and ninety privates.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That, to the regi-A riding master ment of cavalry, authorized by the act, passed January to the regiment eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, entiof cavalry mentled "An act to raise an additional military force," there tioned. shall be added one riding-master; and to the regiment of light dragoons authorized by the act, passed April A surgeon's mate to the re-

giment of light An act to raise for a limited time, an additional military force,''‡ one surgeon's mate. tioned.

> Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That each troop of cavalry, or light dragoons, shall consist of one captain,

Organization of one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one cornet. a troop of cavalfour sergeants, six corporals, two musicians, one master ry. &c. of the sword, one saddler, one farrier, one blacksmith,

The pay, Re. of and sixty-four privates; and the pay and emolument of of the a master of the sword shall be the same as those of a a master sword the same as that of a rid-riding-master, and the pay and emolument of a blacking master; and of

a blacksmith, the smith shall be the same as those of a farrier. same as a farrier.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the military The military es-establishment authorized by law previous to the twelfth tablishment authorized previous day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, and to the 12th April, the additional military force raised by virtue of the act 1808, and the additional military of the twelfth of April, one thousand eight bundred and force under the eight, be, and the same are hereby, incorporated; and that, from and after the passing of this act, the promoincorporated.

Promotions to be tions shall be made through the lines of artillerists, light made through the Incs., respectively, dragoons, riflemen, and infantry, respectively, &c. according to according to established role.

[Approved, June 26, 1812.]

* This act, with the exception of that part of section 5 which relates to the rule of promotions, is superseded by act of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95. †Chapter 61. ‡Chapter 54.

CHAPTER LXXIII.

An act respecting the pay of the army of the United States.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress soldiers of the assembled. That the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, of the army of the United forge, rations, for as the officers, shall receive the same pay, forage, rations, cers and soldiers clothing, and other emoluments, as the officers of the the act to raise, same grade and corps, non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates are entitled to by the act, entitled litary force, keep sicians, and privates, are entitled to by the act, entitled litary force, &c. "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force,"† passed April twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and eight; and to the aid-de-camp of a brigadier, to a brigade quartermaster, brigade inspector, and adjutant, there shall be allowed forage for one horse only, or, in lieu thereof, ten dollars per month; and to the brigade-majors, under the act passed January the eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, there shall be allowed forage for one horse, or, in lieu thereof, ten dollars per month; and the pay of a quartermastersergeant shall be nine dollars per month.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAPTER LXXIV.

An act making further provisions for the army of the United States, and for other purposes. ‡

Szc. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Two additional assembled, That the president of the United States be, als may be appeared by the and be is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice president and see and consent of the senate, to appoint two brigadier-ge-hate, &c. nerals, in addition to those already authorized by law, who shall each be entitled to the same number of aids The brigadier and brigade-majors as are allowed to a brigadier-ge-&c. to receive neral under the act of congress, passed the eleventh of the same pay, &c. January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve. the said brigadier-generals, aids, and brigade-majors,

*Superseded by act of 3d March, 1815, which refers to and adopts the provisions of the same act in respect to pay, &c.

†See chapter 54, section 4. †The first and second sections of this act, relating to organization and pay, are superseded by the provisions of the act of March 3d, 1815, chapter 95. The residue, from their nature and general import, are not liable to be incidentally repealed.

shall be entitled to receive the same pay and emoluments as are by law allowed to officers of the same

grade. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That to any army

The president of the United States, other than that in which the adjumay appoint a any army, other than that in pay, &cc.

Not exceeding

pay, &e.

depury adjustant general, inspector general, quartermaster-general, and paymaster of the army, shall serve, it shall be lawwhich the adult ful for the president to appoint one deputy adjutant-geserves. &c. to be neval, one deputy inspector-general, one deputy quartaken from the fine of the army; termaster-general, and one deputy-paymaster-general, who shall be taken from the line of the army, and who shall, each, in addition to his pay and other emoluments, be entitled to fifty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services. that there shall be, to each of the foregoing deputies, that there shan he, to each such number of assistant deputies (not exceeding three deputies to each such number of assistant deputies (not exceeding three department, as the service may to each department) as the public service may require. require, to be tawho shall, each, be entitled to thirty dollars per month, in addition to his pay and other emoliments, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services: And rrovers; the president approvided also. That the president of the United States to appoint any be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint any of the officers named in this act during the recess of the senate,

of the officers named, in the recess, to be sub-mitted, &c.

Letters, &c. to their advice and consent. and from the adjutant and in Sec. 3. And be it farmer contents general and inspects to be free, &c. packages to and from the adjutant-general and inspects to be free, &c.

tor-general, shall be free from postage. The president authorized to confer brevet

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That the president is hereby authorized to confer brevet rank on such rank or offi. dent is hereby aurubitized to distinguish themselves by &c. or who have gallant actions, or meritorious conduct, or who shall served ten years, have served ten years in any one grade: Provided. That

to be submitted to the senate, at their next meeting, for

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That all letters and

Provise; mothing nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to enherein to entitle officers so brevetted to any additional pay or emoto additional pay. Inments, except when commanding separate posts, discommanding setricts, or detachments, when they shall be entitled to, parate posts, &c. tricts, or detachments, when they shall be entitled to. and receive, the same pay and emoluments to which officers of the same grades are now, or hereafter may be.

allowed by law.

Officers who do Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the onicers from the life, to who shall not take waiters from the line of the army, receive the say.

8cc. of a pivate shall receive the pay, clothing, and subsistence, allowed soldier for as many waiters, to a private seldier, for as many waiters as they may actually keep, not exceeding the number allowed by existing regulations. Approved, July 6, 1812.

CHAPTER LXXV.

An act increasing the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and others, of the army, and for other purposes.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-After the 31st of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress Dec. 1812; the assembled, That, from and after the thirty-first day of the non-commis-December, eighteen hundred and twelve, the monthly privates, &c. to pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians, pri-be as specified. vates, drivers, bombardiers, matrosses, sappers, miners, artificers, saddlers, farriers, and blacksmiths, who have enlisted, or shall hereafter enlist, in the service of the United States, shall, during the continuance of the war between the United States of America, and their territories, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, be as follows, to specification of wit: To each sergeant-major and quartermaster-ser-specimenton pay, geant, twelve dollars; to each sergeant and principal musician, eleven dollars; to each corporal, ten dollars; to each musician, nine dollars; to each private, driver, bombardier, matross, sapper, and miner, eight dollars; to each artificer, saddler, farrier, and blacksmith, not attached to the quartermaster-general's and ordnance department, thirteen dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That, during the During the concontinuance of the war with Great Britain, no non-com-tinuance of the missioned officer, musician, private, driver, bombardier, Britain, no non-commissioned of matross, sapper, miner, artificer, saddler, farrier, or ficer, private, &c. blacksmith, enlisted in the service of the United States, for debt, &c. during his continuance in service, shall be arrested, or subject to arrest, or to be taken in execution, for any

debt before or after enlistment,

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every non-com- Non-commissionmissioned officer, musician, and private, who shall, after ed officers, privates, &c. recruitthe promulgation of this act, be recruited in the regular ed after the proarmy of the United States, may, at his option, to be act, may enlist to made at the time of enlistment, engage to serve during serve during the war, or for five the present war with Great Britain, instead of the term years, at option, of five years; and shall, in case he makes such option, be entitled to the same bounty in money and land, and to all other allowances, and be subject to the same rules and regulations, as if he had enlisted for the term of five [Approved, December 12, 1812.]

*Rendered obsolete by the termination of the war. For pay, subsequently, see provisions of the act of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95.

CHAPTER LXXVI.

An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act for the more erfect organization of the army of the United States."*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress authorized to ap assembled, That the president of the United States be, point one additional major to and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice the 1st regiment and consent of the senate, to appoint one additional major to the first regiment of light dragoons, the regiment of light artillery, each regiment of infantry, and the rifle regiment, in the army of the United States, who shall receive the like pay, rations, forage, and other emoluments, as officers of the same grade and corps of

the present military establishment.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be ap-A third lieuten pointed, in manner aforesaid, one third lieutenant to come each troop or company in the army of the United States, pany in the ar who, if of cavalry or light dragoons shall receive the monthly pay of thirty dollars, and of other corps, twenty-three dellars, and be allowed the same forage, rations, and other emoluments, as second lieutenants of the same corps to which they belong.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That there be al-An additional lowed to each troop or company in the army of the to each troop or United States, one additional sergeant, who shall receive the like pay, clothing, rations, and other emoluments, as sergeants of the present military establishment.

\$24 on account 1813, &cc.

army, &c.

The president

raentioned.

ted to each

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in order to of pay, &c. to complete the present military establishment to the full each able bodied number authorized by law, with the greatest possible ter the 1st Feb. despatch, there shall be paid to each effective, able bodied man, who shall be duly enlisted into the service of the United States, after the first day of February next, to serve for the term of five years, or during the war, an advance, of twenty four dollars, on account of his pay, in addition to the existing bounty, one half of such advance to be paid at the enlistment of the recruit, and the other half when he shall be mustered, and have acres of land, &c. joined some military corps of the United States, for ser-

Bounty of 160

land, as heretofore established by law. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the commis-Commissioned officers employed sioned officers who shall be employed in the recruiting

*This act is superseded by that of 3d March, 1815, fixing the peace establishment of the United States-See chapter 95.

vice; and a bounty of one hundred and sixty acres of

+So much of this section as relates to an advance of pay to recruits, is specially repealed by chapter 86, section 1.

service, shall be entitled to receive for every effective in recruiting, able bodied man, who shall be duly enlisted after the entitled to receive able bodied man, who shall be duly enlisted after the ga for each man first day of February next, by them, for the term of five enlisted, &c. years or during the war, and mustered, and between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, the sum of Proviso; the refour dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That this regula-gulation respects tion, so far as respects the age of the recruit, shall not extend to musicians, or to those soldiers who may re-who recentlist. enlist into the service: And provided also, That no persons on under the age of twenty-one years shall be enlisted under the age of by any officer, or held in the service of the United 21, not be enlisted without the States, without the consent, in writing, of his parent, written consent guardian, or master, first had and obtained, if any he have; and if any officer shall enlist any person contrary Officers enlisting to the true intent and meaning of this act, for every such to this act, to foroffence he shall forfeit and pay the amount of the hounty amount of bonand clothing which the person so recruited may have ty and clothing,
received from the public, to be deducted out of the year. received from the public, to be deducted out of the pay

and emoluments of such officer.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be Persons performlawful for any person, during the time he may be per- ing a toor of miforming a tour of militia duty, to enlist in the regular be enlisted, and be thereby exonarmy of the United States, and the recruiting officers erated from servare hereby authorized to enlist any such person, in the ing the remainsame manner, and under the same regulations, as if he &c. were not performing such militia duty; and every person who shall enlist, while performing a tour of militia duty as aforesaid, shall be thereby exonerated from serving the remainder of said tour; and the state to which he may belong shall not be required to furnish any other person to serve in his stead.

[Approved, January 20, 1813.]

CHAPTER LXXVII.

An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional military force," and for other purposes.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Not exceeding 20 regiments of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress infantry to be enlisted for one enlisted for one assembled, That, in addition to the present military es-year, &c. tablishment of the United States, there be raised such number of regiments of infantry, not exceeding twenty, as, in the opinion of the president, may be necessary for

*Superseded by the provisions of the act of 3d March, 1815, fixing the peace establishment-See chapter 95.

the public service, to be enlisted for the term of one

year, unless sooner discharged.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That each of the Organization of said regiments shall consist of one colonel, one lieuteeach regiment. nant-colonel, two majors, one adjutant, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, two principal musicians, and ten companies.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That each com-Organization of pany shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one third lieutenant, one ensign, five sergeants, six corporals, two musicians, and ninety pri-

vates.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be The president lawful for the president of the United States, in the reeers during the cess of the senate, to appoint such of the officers authorized by this act, as may not be appointed during the present session; which appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their next session, for their advice and consent.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the offi-Officers and sol-cers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and pridets to receive the same pay, See, as vates, authorized by this act, shall receive the like pay, the officers, See, as vates, rations, clothing, and other emolaments, (the military establishment; except, land and bounty excepted,) as the officers of the same grade and corps, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the present military establishment.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the officers. The officers, and non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of soldiers, to be raised, shall be governed by the the regiments hereby authorized to be raised, shall be governed by the rules and articles of war, which have been established by the United States in congress assembled, or by such rules and articles as may be here-

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commis-

after by law established.

Commissioned of icers, who shall be employed in recraiting \$2 for every per the force authorized by this act, shall be entitled to receive, for every person enlisted by them into this service, for the term specified, and approved by the commanding officer of the regiment, and between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, the sum of two dollars: Provise; the re-gulation respect- Provided, nevertheless, That this regulation, so far as ing the age of respects the age of the recruit, shall not extend to musito extend to mu- cians, or to those soldiers who may re-enlist into the No person under service: And provided also, That no person under the 21 to be enlisted, age of twenty-one years shall be enlisted by any offiof parents, &c. cer, or held in the service of the United States, without

each company.

recess, to be submitted, &c.

of the present military estab-Ac.

of war.

the consent, in writing, of his parent, guardian, or master, first had and obtained, if any he have; and if any Any officer en-officer shall enlist any person contrary to the true intent contrary to this and meaning of this act, for every such offence he shall act, forfeits the amount of bounforfeit and pay the amount of the bounty and clothing, ty and clothing, which the person so recruited may have received from the public, to be deducted out of the pay and emoluments of such officer.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted. That there shall \$16 bounty to be allowed and paid to each man recruited as aforesaid. payment of \$8 a bounty of sixteen dollars; but the payment of eight to be deferred, dollars of the said bounty shall be deferred until he shall be mustered, and have joined some military corps of

the United States.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the said re-Arrears of pay giments shall be paid in such manner, that the arrears months, unless. shall at no time exceed two months, unless the circum- &c.

stances of the case shall render it unavoidable.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any offi- Disabled officers, cer. non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, and soldiers to be shall be disabled, by wounds or otherwise, while in the list of invalids, line of his duty in public gameier has been shall be disabled. line of his duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension and under such regulations as are or may be directed by law: Provided always, That the compen- Proviso; the comsation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to wounds, &c. to a commissioned officer, shall not exceed, for the highest a commissioned officer, not to exrate of disability, half the monthly pay of such officer, eeed half his at the time of his being disabled and that monthly pay, at the time of his being disabled or wounded; and that &c. no officer shall receive more than the half pay of a lieu- No officer to retenant-colonel; and that the rate of compensation to ceive more than half the monthly non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, pay of lieut col. shall not exceed five dollars per month: And provided Proviso; inferior also. That all inferior disabilities shall entitle the person allowed in proso disabled to receive an allowance proportionate to the portion. highest disability.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any com-widows or chit missioned officer shall, while in the service of the United should officers States, die, by reason of any wound received in actual ding from wounds received service of the United States, and leave a widow, or, if in actual service, no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years of the monthly pay age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, for five years, shall be entitled to and receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, In case the wifor and during the term of five years: but, in case of dow dies or marthe death or intermarriage of such widow, before the the half pay to expiration of the said term of five years, the half pay &c.

for the remainder of the time shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer: Provided always, That such half pay shall cease on the decease of such child or children.

Non-commissionthe service, to make good the

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any non-Non-commission-commissioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert cians, or privates, deserting the service of the United States, he shall, in addition to the penalties mentioned in the rules and articles of war, time of enlist be liable to serve for and during such a period as shall, with the time he may have served previous to his desertion, amount to the full term of his enlistment; and such soldier shall and may be tried by a court-martial, and punished, although the term of his enlistment may have elapsed previous to his being apprehended or tried. SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That every officer,

Form of the oath.

Officers, soldiers, non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, shall cath, &c. take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I. A B, do solemnly swear or affirm, (as the case may be) that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America; and that I will serve them honestly and faithfully against their enemies or opposers whomsoever; and that I will observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and articles of war."

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That where any incurred by com commissioned officer shall be obliged to incur any extra missioned officers in travelling and sitting on general courtssitting on general martial, he shall be allowed a reasonable compensation to be allowed, &c. for such extra expense actually incurred, not exceeding one dollar and twenty-five cents per day to officers who are not entitled to forage, and not exceeding one dollar per day to such as shall be entitled to forage.

allowed pay and

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That whenever officers and soldiers discharged any officer or soldier shall be discharged from the serfrom service to be vice, except by way of punishment for an offence, he travel shall be allowed his pay and rations, or an equivalent to their places of in money, for such term of time as shall be sufficient for residence, &c. him to travel from the place of discharge to the place of his residence, computing at the rate of twenty miles to a day.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That there shall A chaplain to be appointed to each be appointed to each brigade one chaplain, who shall be brigade, &c. entitled to the same pay and emoluments as a major in the infantry.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That no field or No field or staff officer, &c. enti-staff officer, who may be appointed by virtue of this act,

shall be entitled to receive any pay or emoluments until ded to receive he shall be called into actual service, nor for any longer ment, till ealled time than he shall continue therein. into actual ser-

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted. That the act enti-Acts concerning thed "An act authorizing the president of the United volunteer military corps, repeal-States to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps," and the act, entitled "An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps," be, and the same are hereby, repealed, from and after the first day of February next: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to deprive the officers and men who may have entered the service as volunteers, under the said Proviso; nothing acts, of any rights, immunities, or privileges, therein voluntee officers secured, or the United States of the services of such vo- any rights, &c. lunteers, agreeably to the provisions of said acts.

[Approved, January 29, 1813.]

CHAPTER LXXVIII.

An act making provision for an additional number of general officers.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- Six major generpresentatives of the United States of America in Congress als to be appointed assembled. That the president be, and he is hereby, au- &c. thorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint six major-generals in addition to those Two aide-de-already authorized by law; each of whom shall be al-camp allowed to lowed two aids-de-camp, to be taken from the officers of each the line; and six brigadier-generals, who shall be al Six brigadier generals, who shall be all six brigadier generals, who shall be all six brigadier generals, brigadier generals, who shall be all six brigadier generals, who shall be all six brigadier generals. lowed a brigade-major, and one aid-de-camp each, to be majors, &c. taken also from the officers of the line.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers The officers authorized by this authorized by this act shall receive the same pay, for act, to receive rage, rations, and other emoluments, as the officers of as these of the the same grade of the present military establishment.

[Approved, February 24, 1813.]

same grade in the present military establishment.

RESIDENCE PROPERTY.

CHAPTER LXXIX.

An act the better to provide for the supplies of the army of the United States, and for the accountability of persons entrusted with the same.†

SEC. 1. Re it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The 3dsrc. of the act to pospresentatives of the United States of America in Coi gress *Superseded by the provisions of the act of 3d March, 1815, fixing

the peace establishment

†The 8th and 9th sections of this act were superseded by act of 3d

ande for erecting assembled, That the third section of the act, entitled and repairing . An act to provide for the erecting and repairing of arpended ofter 31st senals and magazines, and for other purposes."* passed on the second day of April, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, from and after the thirty-first day of March,

one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That there shall be A superintendent a superintendent general of military supplies, who shall hary supplies, &c. reside at the seat of government, and receive an annual

Salary of \$3000, salary of three thousand dollars; and whose duty it shall

neral, &cc.

be, under the direction of the secretary for the war de-Onties of the supportment, to keep proper accounts of all the military stores and supplies of every description, purchased or distributed for the use of the army of the United States, and of the volunteers and militia in their service; to prescribe the forms of all the returns and accounts of such stores and supplies purchased, on hand, distributed, used, or sold, to be rendered by the commissary of ordnance and officers in his department, by the commissary-general of purchases and his deputies, by the several officers in the quartermaster-general's department. by the regimental quartermasters, by the hospital surgeons and other officers belonging to the hospital and medical department, and by all other officers, agents, or persons, who shall have received, distributed, or been intrusted with, such stores and supplies, as aforesaid; to call to account all such persons; to audit and settle all such accounts, and, in case of delinquency, to transmit the account, and to state the value of the articles unaccounted for by such delinquency, to the accounting officers of the treasury, for final settlement and recovery of such value; to transmit all such orders, and, generally, to perform all such other duties, respecting the general superintendence of the purchase, transportation, safe keeping, and accountability of military supplies and stores, as aforesaid, as may be prescribed by the secretary for the war department.

SEC. 3 And be it further enacted, That the commisgeneral of pursary-general of purchases and his deputies, the several senses, Se, to relieve the flicers in the quartermaster's department, the regimen-The commissary accounts to the tal quartermasters, the commissary of ordnance, his assuperintendent supermineration of ordinance, his asgeneral of mile sistant and deputies, the principal hospital surgeons and
sary supplies, &c

March, 1815, chapter 95. The residue, with the exception of section 5, was repealed by act of 3d March, 1817, chapter 104. Section 5 confers general powers, without limitation as to time, and does not appear liable to be repealed incidentally. *See chapter 19.

officers belonging to the hospital and medical departments, and all other officers, agents, or persons, who shall have received, or may be intrusted with, any stores or supplies, of any description whatever, for the use of the army of the United States, and of the volunteers or militia in their service, shall render quarterly accounts of the disposition and state of all such stores and supplies to the superintendent aforesaid; and shall also make such other returns respecting the same, and at such other times, as the secretary for the war department may prescribe: Provided, however, That the ac-Proviso; the accounts and returns thus rendered shall relate to the ar-doma, &c. renticles of supply only, which may have been received and only to the articles of supply redisposed of, or as may remain on hand, and shall not ceived and disposed of &c. embrace the specie accounts for moneys disbursed by specie accounts such officers, agents, or other persons; which specie ac- to be rendered as heretofore, to the accountant for the way described. for the war department.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers, officers, agents, agents, or other persons, who may receive moneys in advance from the war department, shall render quarter-vance from the war department, by accounts to the accountant of the said department, of to render quarter. their specie receipts and disbursements, and shall, more terly accounts to over, make such other monthly summary statements &c. thereof to the secretary for the said department, as he may prescribe. And the quarterly accounts of supplies. The quarterly or of moneys rendered as aforesaid, shall be, respec accounts of supplies or moneys tively, settled by the superintendent general of military within three supplies, and by the accountant of the war department, months by the according to their respective authorities, within three general and acmounts after the time when such accounts shall have,

repectively, been rendered to them.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary The secretary of for the war department shall be, and he is hereby, au-men directed to thorized and directed to define and prescribe the spe-as well as the cies, as well as the amount, of supplies to be respective-plies to be urrely purchased by the commissary-general's and quar-chased by the termaster-general's departments, and the respective quartermaster duties and powers of the said departments respecting ments, &c. and such purchases; and also to adopt and prescribe general regulations for regulations for the transportation of the articles of sup-the transportations of ply from the places of purchase to the several armies, gar-supply, &c. risons, posts, and recruiting places, for the safe keeping of such articles, and for the distribution of an adequate and timely supply of the same to the regimental quartermasters, and to such other officers as may, by virtue of such regulations, be intrusted with the same. And the

The secretary to secretary aforesaid is also authorized to fix and make make reasonable allowances for the store rent, storage, and salary of storekeepers necessary for the safe keeping of

all military stores and supplies.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the superinten-The superinten dent-general of military supplies shall be appointed by dent general of the president, with the advice and consent of the senate; to he appointed but the president is hereby authorized to make the apby the president and senate, &c. pointment during the recess of the senate; which appointment shall be submitted to the senate at their next

meeting, for their advice and consent.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the superin-The superinten tendent general of military supplies shall be authorized dent general, &c. to employ a sufficient number of clerks: Provided, That authorized to employ decks, pro- their annual compensation shall not exceed, in the whole. al compensation seven thousand dollars; and the sum of eight thousand does not exceed dollars is hereby appropriated for paying the said com-88,000 appropri-pensation, and that of the superintendent aforesaid. ated for paying during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not

otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, empowered, may appoint spe as he may deem it expedient, either to appoint, for the cal commissarie, as he may a special commissary or commissaries, for or authorize of time being, a special commissary or commissaries, for ficers in the quarternaster generates of supplying by purchase or contract, and als department, or issuing, or to anthorize any officer or officers in the tener for the array quartermaster general's department to supply and issue, my, when it may quartermaster general's department to supply and issue, be necessary from as aforesaid, the whole or any part of the subsistence of the army, in all cases where, either from the want of contractors, or from any deficiency on their part, or from any other contingency, such measure may be proper and necessary in order to insure the subsistence of Pay, &c. of spe-the army, or of any part thereof; and such special comendcommissaries, missaries shall, each, whilst employed, he entitled to the pay and emoluments of a deputy quartermaster-general. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the president

the want of con-

tractors, &c.

The president

The president clothing and

anthorized to ap. of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to point not exceeding six assistant commissaries, to be commissaries &c. attached to such army, or to reside at such places, reof receiving and spectively, as the secretary for the war department may distributing direct for the purpose of receiving from the commisdirect, for the purpose of receiving from the commisother supplies, Exery-general of purchases, or from his deputies, and of distributing to the regimental quartermasters, and to such officers as may, by the secretary aforesaid, be designated, the clothing and other supplies purchased by the commissary-general aforesaid, or his deputies, and destined for the use of the troops belonging to the army, or in the vicinity of the place to which such assistant Pay, &c. of assiscommissaries may respectively be attached. And said tauts commissaassistant commissaries shall, whilst employed, be entitled to the pay and emoluments of a deputy quartermas-[Approved, March 3, 1813.] ter-general.

CHAPTER LXXX.

An act for the better organization of the general staff of the army of the United States.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress The adjutant general's, inspector-ge-tor general's, inspector-ge-tor general's, and neral's, and quartermaster general's, departments, shall general's departments to consider the constant of the control consist of the following officers; that is to say: an ad-ments, to consist jutant and inspector-general, with the rank, pay, and mentioned. emoluments, of a brigadier-general, and not exceeding eight adjutants-general, sixteen assistant adjutants-general, eight topographical engineers, eight assistant topographical engineers, eight inspectors-general, sixteen assistant inspectors-general, eight quartermasters-general, eight deputy quartermasters-general, and thirtytwo assistant deputy quartermasters-general.

SEC. 2. And be it further enucted, That the president The president of the United States be, and is hereby, anthorized, if he may assign a brishall deem it expedient, to assign one of the brigadiers-gadier general come principal army of the United States, who my of the U. s. in which case, act as adjutant and inspector-gene-he is to act as adjutant and as chief of the staff of such army: and the quar-spector general, termaster-general attached to the principal army shall, the quartermasas heretofore, have the brevet rank, and the pay and ter general at-

emoluments, of a brigadier-general.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the other brigadier generadjutants general shall have the brevet rank, and the all pay and emoluments, of a colonel of cavalry; all the of other adjutants general and quartermasters-general tanks general. shall have the brevet rank, and the pay and emolu-spectors and ments, of a colonel of infantry; the assistant adjutants-quarternasters general, assistant inspectors-general, deputy quarter Rank and pay of masters-general, and topographical engineers, shall assistants additional tants general, as-

*This act was virtually repealed by that of the 3d March, 1815, chap-general. ter 95, fixing the peace establishment. All its provisions respecting pay emoluments, and privileges, were, however, re-established by the act of 24th of April, 1816, for the staff therein authorized -- See chapter 98, section 9.

have the bre-vet rank, &c. of

bave the brevet rank, and the pay and emoluments, of a major of cavalry; and the assistant tonographical engineers, and assistant deputy quartermasters-general, shall have the brevet rank, and the pay and emoluments. of a captain of infantry.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That the assistant

The adjutants-general, inspectors ge-

Assistants adju-Assistants adju-adjutants-general, the assistant inspectors-general, and to be taken from the assistant topographical engineers, shall be taken from the line.

Adjutants ge-&c.

neral, quartermasters-general, deputy quartermastersnerals, &c. from general, topographical engineers, and assistant deputy quartermasters-general, may be taken from the line or Officers transfer, not, as the president may deem expedient. red from the line cers taken from the line, and transferred to the staff, to the staff, to shall receive only the pay and emoluments attached to pay, &c. attach-the rank in the staff; but their transfer shall be without prejudice to their rank and promotion in the line acwithout prejudice cording to their said rank and seniority; which promotion shall take place according to usage, in the same manner as if they had not been thus transferred. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be

The secretary of prescribing duties and

war authorized the duty of the secretary of the war department, and he to prepare general regulations, all regulations, is hereby authorized, to prepare general regulations, the better defining and prescribing the respective duties ers of the officers and powers of the several officers in the adjutant general, inspector general, quartermaster-general, and commissary of ordnance, departments, of the topographical engineers, of the aids of generals, and generally of the general and regimental staff; which regulations, when The regulations, approved by the president of the United States, shall be when approved, approved by the product and obeyed, until altered or revoked by the

ed and obeyed, same authority. And the said general regulations, thus laid before con-prepared and approved, shall be laid before congress at

their next session. Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the number of Assistant deputy SEC. Of the very further endeted, That the number of commissaries of assistant deputy commissaries of ordnance shall not exerced 16, &c. ceed sixteen, and that they shall, respectively, he entitled to the brevet rank, and to the pay and emoluments,

of a first lientenant of infantry.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, for the bet-A physician and surgeon general, ter superintendence and management of the hospital and with an annual sulary of medical establishment of the army of the United States, \$2,500, and antherers shall be a physician and surgeon-general, with an physician and apotherary general, with the sa-annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, and lary of \$1,800, an apothecary-general, with an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars; whose respective duties and powers shall be prescribed by the president of the United States.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the forage, Each quarterwagon, and barrack, masters, shall be appointed as here-attached to any tofore: but each quartermaster-general, attached to any separate army under direction, separate army, command, or district, shall be autho- &c. authorized to appoint as marrized, with the approbation, and under the direction, of my foragemasters, the secretary of the war department, to appoint as many requires. such officers, and to employ as many artificers, mechanics, and laborers, as the public service may require.

SEC 9. And be it further enacted, That the assistant Assistant deputy deputy quartermasters general may be appointed, and general &c. may officers taken from the line and transferred to the staff the president may be thus transferred by the president of the III is a laboration. may be thus transferred, by the president of the United alone; but, &c. States alone. But all other new appointments authorized by this act shall be made by the president of the Proviso; during United States, with the advice and consent of the se-the recess, appointments may nate: Provided, That, during the recess of the senate, be made by the such appointments may be made by the president alone; &c. in which case the same shall be laid before the senate at

their next session, for their advice and consent.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That every act, Acts, and parts and every part of any act, of congress, now in force, priving of this within the purview and meaning of this act, be, and the

same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all letters Letters and pace and packets to and from the adjutant and inspector-ge- the adjutant and neral, adjutants-general, inspectors-general, quarter-inspectorgeneral, masters-general, commissary-general of ordnance, phy-age. sician and surgeon-general, and apothecary-general which relate to their official duties, shall be free from

postage.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to empowered to appoint any of the officers authorized by an act, enti-ed by the act tled "An act making provision for an additional number of general officers," passed the twenty-fifth day of number of general officers, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the recess, &c. during the recess of the senate, to be submitted to the senate at their next session for their advice and consent; No officer apand that no officer appointed, or who may be appointed, pointed &c. entitled to any pay, by virtue of the aforesaid act, shall be entitled to re-tit called into ceive any pay or emolument until he shall be called into actual sorvice, actual service, nor for any longer time than he shall be [Approved, March 3, 1813.] continued therein.

^{*}See chapter 78.

CHAPTER LXXXI.

Resolution requesting the president of the United States to cause to be prepared and laid before congress a system of military discipline.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of requested to cause to be pre-the United States of America in Congress assembled. That pared and laid the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, a system of requested to assemble to a semble to assemble to assemble to a semble to a s before congress, as soon as practicable, a military system of dis-military disci-pline for the in-gress, as soon as practicable, a military system of dis-fantry of the ar-my and militia, cipline for the infantry of the army and militia of the requested to cause to be prepared and laid before con-United States. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAPTER LXXXII.

An act to amend the "Act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional military force, and for other purposes."*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Five of the regi- presentatives of the United States of America in Congress ments authorized by the act men-assembled, That five of the regiments which were auby the action assemble the trained assemble to be raised by "An act in addition to the act, war, &c. and be entitled "An act to raise an additional military force, fence of the sea and for other purposes," passed the twenty pinth day of board, &c. January, one thousand eight bundred and thirteen, may, at the discretion of the president of the United States, be enlisted for and during the war, unless sooner discharged, and be limited, as to service, to the defence of the seaboard of the United States, or of such part thereof as the president may elect and determine.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted That each man recruited under the authority of this act, be allowed the Each man rethis act, allowed same bounty, in money and land, as is allowed by law to the same bounty, men enlisted for five years, or for the war; and that the listed for 5 years, officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and priofficers and sol. vates, shall receive the same pay, clothing, subsistence,

dies placed on the and forage, be entitled to the same benefits, be subject to same footing as the same rules and regulations, and he placed, in every respect, on the same footing, as the other regular troops of the United States. [Approved, July 5, 1813.]

troops.

CHAPTER LXXXIII.

An act to regulate the allowance of forage to officers in the army of the United States, †

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Officers entitled presentatives of the United States of America in Congress

*See original act, chapter 61, and additional act, chapter 77, with the notes thereon.

†This act was superseded by that of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95, which adopted, in every respect, the provisions of chapters 46 and 54, in regard to allowances. The provisions of this act were, however, again established by act of 24th April, 1816—See chapter 98, section 12. assembled, That all officers in the military service of ceive, in lieu, &c. the United States, who are by law entitled to forage, an equivalent in shall receive in lien thereof, when not drawn in kind, an rate of 88 per month for each equivalent in money, at the rate of eight dollars per horse. month for each horse to which they may be entitled: Proviso; no al-Provided, That no allowance shall be made to any offi lowance for more cer for more horses than he shall actually employ in the horses than are public service. [Approved, July 22, 1813.]

CHAPTER LXXXIV.

An act to authorise the appointment, by the president, of certain officers during the recess of the senate.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The president presentatives of the United States of America in Congress authorized to ap presentatives of the United States of America in Congress authorized to appoint assembled. That it shall be lawful for the president of cess, such officers the United States, in the recess of the senate, to appoint ments authorized such of the officers of the five regiments, authorized by by the acts mented as may the act, entitled "An act in addition to the act, entitled not be appointed during the session and for size an additional military, force, and for size for An act to raise an additional military force, and for sion, &c. other purposes,"* and the act supplementary thereto, passed the fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, as may not be appointed during the pre- The appoint-sent session, which appointments shall be submitted to mitted, &c. the senate at their next session, for their advice and [Approved, August 2, 1813.] consent.

CHAPTER LXXXV.

An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act for the better regulation of the ordnance.†

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- Not exceeding presentatives of the United States of America in Congress five additional congress five addition lowed by law, as many deputy commissaries of ordnance may be appointed, not exceeding five, as the president of the United States shall deem necessary to the public service; who shall be entitled to the same rank, pay, Their rank, pay, emoluments, rations, and forage, as are provided by &c. the act to which this is a supplement.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

^{*}See chapters 77 and 82.

[†]See original act, chapter 69, with the note thereto.

CHAPTER LXXXVI.

An act making further provision for filling the ranks of the regular army, encouraging enlistments, and authorizing the re-enlistments, for longer periods, of men whose term of service are about to expire.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-

the end of the service.

Each enective, able bodied man, presentatives of the United States of America in Congress enlised after the assembled. That, in order to complete the present milito receive 8124 tary establishment to the full number anthorized by law bounty in money with the greatest possible despatch, there shall be paid, and the three to each effective able bodied man who shall, after the first day of February next, be enlisted into the army of the United States, to serve for the term of five years, or during the war, at his election, in lieu of the bounty in money and of the three months' pay at the expiration of the service now allowed by law, the sum of one hundred and twenty-four dollars; fifty dollars of which to be the time of empaid at the time the recruit is enlisted, fifty dollars fistment, &c. when he chall be written. when he shall be mustered and have joined some military corps for service, and twenty-four dollars when he

shall be discharged from service; and the wife and children, and, if he leave no wife or children, the pa-

rents of such non commissioned officer and soldier, enchildren or the listed as hereinbefore stated, who may be killed in acrecruit be killed from, or die in the service of the United States, shall be be allowed 824, allowed and paid the sum of twenty four dollars; and

After the 1st of after the said first day of February next, so much of the After the 180 of February, 1814, fourth section of the act, entitled "An act for the more so much of 4th section of the act perfect organization of the army of the United States," † mentiored, as allows an advance passed the twentieth day of January, one thousand eight of 824, &c. re-hundred and thirteen, as allows to each able bodied man enlisted into the service of the United States, in the manner therein stated, an advance of twenty-four dollars on account of his pay, shall be, and the same is

hereby, repealed.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of \$8 to be paid to any soldier or cieight dollars shall be paid to any non-commissioned offizen who proficer, soldier, or citizen, who shall, after the first day died man to be of February next, furnish and procure to be enlisted, according to law, an able bodied man, to serve for the term of five years, or during the war.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every non-Son-commission-commissioned officer, nusician, and private, who has ed officers, pri- been recruited in the regular army of the United States,

^{*}This act is superseded by that of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95, except so far as would affect the rights vested by the 1st section. †See chapter 76.

under the authority of the act of the eighth of April one vates, &c. enlist thousand eight hundred and twelve, entitled "An act in mentioned, may addition to the act, entitled 'An act to raise an addi be reached for tional military force, passed January eleventh, one thou-ing the war. sand eight hundred and twelve," may be re-enlisted for the term of five years, or during the war; and that every non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, recruited under authority of the act of the twenty-ninth of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, entitled "An act in addition to the act, entitled 'An act to raise an additional military force, and for other purposes,"+ may be re-enlisted for five years, or during

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, re-enlisted under the preceding section, shall be the bounty, &c. entitled to the bounty allowed by this act to recruits for five years, or for the war.

[Approved, January 27, 1814.]

CHAPTER LXXXVII.

An act authorizing the president of the United States to cause certain regiments therein mentioned to be enlisted for five years, or during the war.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The president empowered to presentatives of the United States of America in Congress cause to be enassembled. That the president of the United States be, years, &c. he and he hereby is, authorized and empowered to cause to fourten region to enlisted, for the term of five years, or during the enlisted for one week that the forteen region to the property which are now years. war, the fourteen regiments of infantry which are now year, &c. by law authorized to be enlisted for the term of one year, or such number of them, or of the troops composing the same, as in his opinion will best promote the

public service.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That each man en Each man enlistlisted under the authority of this act, shall be allowed allowed the ame the same bounty, in money and land, as is now by law bounty, &c. as allowed to men enlisted for five years or during the five years, &c. war; and that the officers, non-commissioned officers. musicians, and privates, shall receive the same pay, officers and solclothing, subsistence, and forage, be entitled to the diers to receive the same pay, same benefits, be subject to the same rules and regula clothing &c. tions, and be placed, in every respect, on the same footing, as the other regular troops of the United States. [Approved, January 28, 1814.]

*See chapter 61. +See chapter 77.

CHAPTER LXXXVIII.

An act to raise three regiments of riflemen.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Not exceeding three regiments three regiments of rifemen to be assembled. That there be immediately raised such numraised for two years, or during ber of regiments of riflemen, not exceeding three, as, in the opinion of the president, will best promote the milithe war. tary service, to serve for five years, or during the war,

unless sooner discharged.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That each regiment Organization of shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, two each ragiment. majors, one adjutant, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, one surgeon's mate, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster's sergeant; two principal musicians, and ten companies.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, each com-Organization of pany shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, each company. one second licutenant, one third lieutenant, and one ensign, five sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and

nincty privates.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That each man recruited &c. al-cruited under the authority of this act be allowed the lowed the same lowed the same bounty, in land and money, as is allowed by law to men colisted for men colisted for five years, &c. men colisted for five years, or during the war; and that the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall receive the same pay, clothing, subsistence, and forage, be entitled to the same provisions for

officers and sol wounds or disabilities, the same benefits and allowances, the same footing and be placed, in every respect, on the same footing, as as other regular the other regular troops of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That each company of riflemen au of the regiment of riflemen, authorized to be raised by act of 12th April, the act of April twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and 1808, to consist eight, shall consist of ninety privates.

Approved, February 10, 1814.7

CHAPTER LXXXIX.

An act for the better organizing, paying, and supplying, the army of the United States †

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The 1st, 2d, and 3d, regiments of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress

> *Superseded by the provisions of the act of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95, fixing the peace establishment.

+So much of this act as relates to the organization of battalions and companies of the corps of artillery, is recognized by the act of 3d March, 1815, chapter 95, fixing the peace establishment. The residue may be regarded as superseded by the provisions of that act.

assembled, That the first, second, and third, regiments arillery to be of artillery be formed into one corps, and organized corps, and organized corps, and organized to twelve battalions, as follows, to wit: six lieuten-ized into 12 battalions, &c. ant colonels, six majors, twelve adjutants, twelve quartermasters, and forty eight companies.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That each com-organization of pany shall consist of one captain, one first lientenant, each company. two second lieutenants, one third lieutenant, five sergeants, one quartermaster's sergeant, eight corporals,

four musicians, and one hundred privates.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president The president authorized to asbe anthorized to assign one of the two second lieuten-sign one of the ants hereby provided for each company, as a conduc-tenants as a contor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be ductor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be ductor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be ductor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be ductor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be ductor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be ductor of artillery for said company. to receipt and account for all ammunition, implements, and cannon, furnished by the ordnance department for said company, and to do and perform such other ser-g10 per month vices as the war department may direct; and that, for extra pay to conthe performance of these services, they be allowed each lery. ten dollars extra pay per month.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in lieu of the In lieu of the two regiments of light dragoons now in service, there high dragoons shall be organized one regiment, to consist of one colo-be organized, &c. nel. one lieutenant-colonel, two majors, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates. one sergeant major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one principal musician, one principal farrier, and eight

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That each troop organization of shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one se-light dragoons. cond lieutenant, one third lieutenant, one cornet, five sergeants, eight corporals, one riding master, one master of the sword, two trumpeters or buglers, one farrier, one blacksmith, one saddler, and ninety-six privates.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the officers officers of artilof the corps of artillery, and the regiment of light ar-lery to receive tillery, shall, severally, receive the same pay as is provided for the light dragoons, now provided by law for the light dragoons in the ser- &c. vice of the United States; and the subalterns of all other other corps alcorps shall be allowed one ration in addition to the pay in addition, &c. authorized by existing laws.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall soldiers in be allowed, annually, to each non-commissioned officer, the corps of seamusician, and private, in the corps of sea-fencibles, one annually, one blanket, one

blanket, one knapsack, and one canteen.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to prescribe the

and prescribe the quantity and kind of clothing to be issued quantity and prescribe the quantity and kind of clothing kind of clothing to be issued to annually to the troops of the United States.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted. That, from and the troops, &c. The officers of after the first day of June next, the officers of the the army to be entitled to waiters agreeably to grade, as ters, agreeaby to follows: a major general, four waiters; a brigadier geed, &c. neral, three; a colonel, two; the physician and surgeongeneral, two; a lieutenant-colonel, major, and hospital

surgeon, each, one; the officers of each company, three; every commissioned officer who holds a staff appointment which gives the rank of captain, or any higher grade, one; and to every company officer who commands a separate post or detachment, one; any law or regulation heretofore existing to the contrary notwithstanding. SEC. 10. And be it further enacted. That no officer

the line as a ser-

No officer per-shall be permitted to employ as a servant any soldier mitted to employ from the line of the company and that the a soldier from from the line of the army, and that the servants of offivant, and servent, and servent, and servent, and servent to be must coding section, shall be mustered with some corps of tered, &cc. the army, and that, on the muster rolls formed in consequence thereof, payments shall be made in money to the officers employing them in lieu of wages, subsistence, and clothing, by the paymasters of the several corps or districts where such servants are mustered, at the rate allowed to privates of infantry, which shall be published to the army annually, by the secretary for the department of war,

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be authorized to appoint so The president authorized to apmany assistant apothecaries as the service may, in his apothecaries, &c. their pay, &c. judgment, require; each of whom shall receive the same pay and emoluments as a regimental surgeon's mate.

lines, &ce.

point assistant

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That, from and Promotions may after the passing of this act, promotions may be made the whole army, through the whole army in its several lines of light armin its several lines of light army. tillery, light dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen, respectively; and that the relative rank of officers of the same grade, belonging to regiments or corps already authorized, or which may be engaged to serve for five years, or during the war, be equalized and settled by the war department, agreeably to established rules; and that so much of the act, entitled "An act for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States."* passed the twenty-sixth of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, as comes within the purview and

[&]quot;See chapter 72, section 5.

meaning of this act, be, and the same is hereby, re-

pealed.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That, for the pur-The president pose of avoiding unnecessary expenses in the military case, &c. to conestablishment, the president of the United States be, and solidate deficient regiments, and he is hereby, anthorized, in case of failure in filling the discharge superrank and file of any regiment or regiments, to consoli-numeraryofficers. date such deficient regiment or regiments, and discharge Proviso; officers all supernumerary officers: Provided, That officers so discharged to be discharged shall be allowed, in addition to the mileage months' pay in already authorized by law, three months' pay to each. addition, &c.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That every non-non-commission-commissioned officer and private of the army, or officer. ed officers and privates of the non-commissioned officer, and private, of any militia or acmy, and officer volunteer corps, in the service of the United States, militia or volunteer corps. who has been, or who may be, captured by the enemy, the enemy the enemy that withstanding the expiration of his term of service, the ing captivity, &c. same pay, subsistence, and allowance, to which he may be entitled whilst in the actual service of the United Proviso; nothing States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall herein to entitle be construed to entitle any prisoner of war, of the mili-milita prisoners tia, to the pay and compensation herein provided, after the date of parole, the date of his parole, other than the travelling expenses allowed by law.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the five regigiments which, by the first section of an act, entitled ments suthorized by the act mentanger of the act to amend the act in addition to the act, entitled intensional to be cultivated for the war. An act to raise an additional military force, and for may be collisted other purposes,"* were authorized to be enlisted, at the discretion of the president of the United States, for and during the war, may be enlisted, at the option of the recruit, for five years, or for and during the war, unless sooner discharged; the provisions of the said act to the

contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted. That the commis- The commissary sary-general of ordnance may employ in his depart- nance may emment, besides blacksmiths and wheelwrights, other me-ploy mechanics, besides blackchanics, such as the public service may require, who smiths and wheel-wrights, who are shall, together with the said blacksmiths and wheel-to be mustered, wrights, be mustered under the general denomination of Artificers enlistartificers; and such artificers, being hereafter, or having edto serve five been heretofore, enlisted to serve for the term of five ded to the same years, or during the war, shall be entitled to the same allowance of annual allowance of clothing as is or may be provided diers of the army. for the soldiers of the army.

^{*}See chapter 82, section 1,

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted. That, the labored to serve in the ers who may be hereafter culisted to serve in the ordordinance department, for five years, to be the war, shall be entitled to a bounty of twenty-five dolbounty of \$25 in lars in money, and the same annual allowance of clothing as is or may be provided for the soldiers of the army.

Physician and surgeon-general of the army be entitled to two entitled to two rations, &c. rations per day and forage for two horses; and that, in additional pay for regimental surgeons, &c. rations per day and forage for two horses; and that, in the regimental surgeons and regimental surgeon's mates be entitled to fifteen dollars per month, each.

Aids-the-camp of Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That the aids-demajor generals, camp of major-generals shall be taken from the captains
and subalterns of the line; and the aids de-camp of bri-

Aids-de-comp of gadier-generals from the subalterns of the line; and brigadier general that it shall not be lawful to take more than one aid-de-camp from a regiment.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted. That in no case shall the district paymasters or quartermasters of any grade be taken from the line of the army.

Officers of the volunteer corps, authorized by the act of the twenauthorized by the act of the twenauthorized to, ty fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred entitled to promotion in the and fourteen, be entitled to promotion in the line of the line of the army, army; and that the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate, be authorized to make all necessary appointments, and to fill all vacancies, which may happen in the same.

[Approved, March 30, 1814.]

XC.

An act fixing the salary of the paymaster of the army of the United States, and allowing a sum for the employment of additional clerks in his office, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and providing for the appointment of assistant district paymasters.*

The paymaster of the army to presentatives of the United States of America in Congress alsalary of \$2000 assembled. That, in lieu of the monthly compensation now allowed by law to the paymaster of the army of the United States, he shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars, to be paid, quarter yearly, at the trea-

^{*}Expired by the operation of the 7th section.

sury of the United States, and to commence on the first day of January last; and that, in addition to the amount already allowed by law for clerk hire, in the office of the paymaster of the army of the United States, there A further south shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five allowed for continuous and five allowed for continuous shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five allowed for continuous shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five allowed for continuous shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five allowed for continuous shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five allowed for continuous shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five allowed for continuous shall be a hundred and forty-seven dollars, for the purpose of em-gen expenses, in ploying additional clerks in, and for contingent ex-office, &c. penses of, his office, for the present year, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appro-

priated.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president The president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, and senate authorized to apby and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint not exceed point so many assistant district paymasters, not exdistrict paymasdistrict paymasceeding thirty, as the public service may, in his opi-ters, &c. nion, require: Provided, That the president of the sident may ap-United States shall have power to appoint any officer point any officer authorized, dur authorized by this act during the recess of the senate, ing the recess, to be submitted to them, for their advice and consent,

at their next session.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be The paymaster the duty of the paymaster of the army, under the direction of the war department, to make all disbursements bursements of the paymaster to make all disbursements bursements of the paymaster. of money within that department to the district pay-money, &c. to masters, and to adjust, state, and exhibit, their several masters, &c. accounts, according to such forms, and within such periods, as shall be prescribed for that purpose by the

treasury denartment.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, to secure District paymasters to examine the regular and punctual payment of the troops, the dis-and transmit to trict paymasters shall examine and transmit to the pay-the paymaster of master of the army the accounts and vouchers for all counts and vouchers for all counts and vouchers for all disbursements which have been made by them to the disbursements, troops of the army or district where they shall be sta-thefirst payment tioned, as soon as the first payment shall have been made, with estimates, with estimates, made, and accompany the same with an estimate for &c. the next payment; which accounts and estimates shall be regularly transmitted, that settlements may be made and competent funds remitted: Provided, also, That the Proviso; district said district and assistant paymasters shall make pay-masters to make ments to the militia in the service of the United States, payments to the when required by the secretary of war or the paymas-quired, &c. ter of the army.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the assistant Assistant district paymasters shall receive the pay and emolu-receive the pay ments of a captain of infantry, and forage for one horse. of infantry, &es

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the district

sistant district paymasters to give bonds, &c. and to be subject articles of war.

District and as and assistant district paymasters shall severally give bonds, with good and sufficient security, to the United States, for the faithful performance of their duties, in to the rules and such sums as shall be required by the paymaster of the army, under the direction of the war department, and shall be subject to the rules and articles of war.

Limitation this act.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in which the United States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one year thereafter, and [Approved, April 18, 1814.] no longer.

-CHAPTER XCL

An act to provide for the collection and preservation of such flags, standards, and colors, as shall have been, or may hereafter be, taken by the land and naval forces of the United States, from their enemies.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rethe secretaries of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress war and navy diagrees. That the secretaries of the war and navy dedepartments be, and they are hereby, directed to cause to be collected and transmitted to them, at the seat of the government of the United States, all such flags, ment, all flags, &c. taken from standards, and colors, as shall have been, or may hereafter be, taken by the army and navy of the United States, from their enemies.

to be collected and transmitted

to them at the seat of govern-

enemies.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the flags, Flags, &c. taken standards, and colors, of the description aforesaid, which trom enemies are now in the possession of the departments aforesaid, to be delivered to the president for and such as may be bereafter transmitted to them, be. the purpose of with all convenient despatch, delivered to the president of the United States, for the purpose of being, under his direction, preserved and displayed in such public place as he shall deem proper.

\$500 appropria-

Sec. 3: And be it further enacted, That the sum of ted for the pur-poses of this act, five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the above purposes, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAPTER XCII.

An act making further provision for filling the ranks of the army of the United States.*

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Recruting offi-cers may enlist presentatives of the United States of America in Congress

> *Superseded by act of 3d March, 1815, fixing the peace establishment -See chapter 95,

assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, free, effective, each and every commissioned officer who shall be em able bodied men, ployed in the recruiting service, shall be, and he hereby &c. is, authorized to enlist into the army of the United States, any free, effective, able bodied man, between the ages of eighteen and fifty years; which enlistment shall be absolute and binding upon all persons under the age The enlistment of twenty-one years, as well as upon persons of full age. sons under 21 such recruiting officer having complied with all the re-years, &c. quisitions of the laws regulating the recruiting service.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any recruiting officer to pay or deliver to nor clothing to a recruit under the age of twenty-one years, to be en-enlisted minors, nor restraint of listed by virtue of this act, any bounty or clothing, or liberty, until, after in any mauner restrain him of his liberty, until after the expiration of four days from the time of his enlistment; and it shall be lawful for the said recruit, at any Minors may retime during the said four days, to reconsider and with-consider & withdraw enlistment draw his enlistment, and thereupon he shall forthwith during four days, be discharged and exonerated from the same.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of so much of the the fifth section of the act, passed the twentieth day of sh section of the January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, en-aer mentioned, as requires to titled "An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An consent of the parents, repealed, act for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States,"* as requires the consent, in writing, of the parent, guardian, or master, to authorize the enlistment of persons under the age of twenty-one years, Proviso; in case shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed: Provided, of enlistment of however, That, in case of the enlistment of any person an apprentice, held to service as an apprentice, under the provisions tiled to a port of this act, whenever such person, at the time of his en-ney bounty. listment, shall be held by his indenture to serve for any term between two and three years, his master shall be entitled to receive one half of the money bounty; if held, in like manner, to serve between one and two years, the master shall be entitled to receive one third of the money bounty as aforesaid; and if held, in like manner, to serve one year or less, the master shall be entitled to receive one fourth of the money bounty as aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in lieu of Each non-commissioned officer the bounty of one hundred and sixty acres of land, now and solder determined to the commissioned officer the solder of the contribution of the c allowed by law, there shall be allowed to each non-com- after enlisted, to missioned officer and soldier, hereafter enlisted, when aeres of land, in discharged from service, who shall have obtained from

^{*}See chapter 76, section 5.

the commanding officer of his company, battalion, or re-

giment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed his duty whilst in service, three hundred and twenty acres of land, to be surveyed, laid off, and granted, under the same regulations, and, in every respect, in the manner now prescribed by law: and the widow and The widow and children, and if there be no widow nor child, the pachildren, or pare lents of every non-commissioned officer and soldier, enrents, of those listed according to law, who may be killed or die in the die in the service, service of the United States, shall be entitled to receive the three hundred and twenty acres of land as aforesaid; but the same shall not pass to collateral relations, any law heretofore passed to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That any person

Persons subject subject to militia duty, who shall, according to law, fur-

Pach recrnit

department of

war, &c.

Jand; but, &c.

furnishing a re-nish a recruit for the army of the United States, at his the war, exempt own expense, to serve during the war, shall thereafter be exempt from militia duty during the war; and every recruit, thus furnished, shall be delivered to some recruiting officer of the United States, who shall immediately grant his receipt for such recruit, to the person furnishing him, and shall forthwith report the same to to be delivered to the department of war, and shall specify in the report a recruiting official the department of war, and shall specify in the report of cer, who is to the name of such person, and his place of residence, as grant a receipt, and report to the well as the name and description of the recruit; whereupon it shall be the duty of the secretary for the department of war to grant to the person furnishing such recruit a certificate of exemption from militia duty during the war, upon calls made upon the authority of the United States, which certificate shall be good and avail-&c. emided able to all intents and purposes for that object: And every recruit thus furnished shall be entitled to the bounty in land, in the same manner, and upon the same conditions, as the other recruits in the army of the United

Recruits furnished, &c. entities to the bounty in land, &c.

States.

CHAPTER XCIII.

[Approved, December 10, 1814.]

An act directing the staff officers of the army to comply with the requisitions of naval and marine officers, in certain cases.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Officers of the staff of the army presentatives of the United States of America in Congress cers, seamen, and assembled, That it shall be the duty of the several offinavy, when act cers of the staff of the army of the United States, to provide the officers, seamen, and marines, of the navy of ing on shore with the United States, when acting, or proceeding to act, on requisition, &c shore, in co-operation with the land troops, upon the with rations and shore, in co-operation with the land troops, upon the with rations and requisition of the commanding naval or marine officer &c. of any such detachment of seamen or marines, under orders to act as aforesaid, with rations, also the officers and seamen with camp equipage, according to the relative rank and station of each, and the military regulations in like cases, together with the necessary transportation, as well for the men as for their baggage, pro- Provisor the convisions, and cannon: Provided, nevertheless, That the trace price of the contract price of the rations which may be furnished imbursed, &c. shall be reimbursed out of the appropriations for the support of the navy.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the respect of the army to tive quartermasters of the army shall, upon the requificulty furnish configuration. sition of the commanding naval officer of any such de-officers, with tachment of seamen or marines, furnish the said officer becker. and his necessary aids with horses, accourrements, and forage, during the time they may be employed in co-

operating with the land troops as aforesaid.

[Approved, December 15, 1814.]

CHAPTER XCIV.

An act for the better regulation of the ordnance department.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress department to assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, consist of one con the ordnance department shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, two majors, ten 'captains, ten first lieutenants, ten second lieutenants, and ten third

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the colonel, The colonel, &c. or senior officer of the ordnance department, is autho- to enlist for five rized to enlist, for the service of that department, for five morers. master years, as many master armorers, master carriage-ma- earriage makers, kers, master blacksmiths, artificers, armorers, carriage-makers, blacksmiths, and laborers, as the public service, in his judgment, under the directions of the secretary for the department of war, may require.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Duties of the co-

*This act, so far as it relates to organization, is superseded by that of 2d March, 1821, which abolished the ordnance department, and incorporated it with the artillery.—See chapter 122, section 4.

nance depart-

limet of the ord-duty of the colonel of the ordnance department to direct the inspection and proving of all pieces of ordnance, cannon balls, shot, shells, small arms, and side arms, and equipments, procured for the use of the armies of the United States; and to direct the construction of all cannon and carriages, and every implement and apparatus for ordnance, and all ammunition wagons, travelling forges, and artificer's wagons, the inspection and proving of powder, and the preparation of all kinds of ammunition and ordnance stores. And it shall also be the duty of the colonel, or senior officer of the ordnance department, to furnish estimates, and, under the direction of the secretary for the department of war, to make contracts and purchases for procuring the necessary supplies of arms, equipments, ordnance, and ordnance stores.

The colonel to organize and attach artificers, garrisons, &c.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the ordnance department shall organize and attach to &e. toregiments, regiments, corps, or garrisons, such number of artificers, with proper tools, carriages, and apparatus, under such regulations and restrictions relative to their government and number, as, in his judgment, with the approbation of the secretary for the department of war, may be considered necessary.

ordnance to ex- the ordnance department, or senior officer of that depart-ecute all orders ment of any district, shall execute all orders of the se-of war, &c. Cretary for the department of Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of cretary for the department of war, and, in time of war, the orders of any general, or field officer, commanding any army, garrison, or detachment, for the supply of all arms, ordnance, ammunition, carriages, forges, and apparatus, for garrison, field, or siege, service.

ly, or oftener, See.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the keepers Keepers of maga- of all magazines and arsenals shall, quarterly, or ofreturns quarter-tener, if so directed, and in such manner as directed by the colonel of the ordnance department, make correct returns to the colonel, or senior officer, of the ordnance department, of all ordnance, arms, and ordnance stores, they may have in charge.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the costs of Costs of repairs repairs of damages done to arms, equipments, or implebe charged to of ments, in the use of the armies of the United States, ficers and soldiers in whose hands shall be deducted from the pay of any officer or soldier they were, &c. provided, &c. in whose care or use the said arms, equipments, or implements, were, when the said damages, occurred: Provided, The said damages were occasioned by the abuse or negligence of the said officer or soldier. And it is hereby made the duty of every officer commanding re-officers commanding regiments, corps, garrisons, or detachments, to make, once ments, to make every two months, or oftener if so directed, a written report of damages done to arms, report to the colonel of the ordnance department, stating &cc. all damages to arms, equipments, and implements, belonging to his command, noting those occasioned by negligence or abuse, and naming the officer or soldier by whose negligence or abuse the said damages were occasioned.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the colonel of the ordinance de-SEC. S. And be it further endered, First the ordnance department shall make, half yearly, to the partment to the ordnance department shall make, half yearly for that de-report to the war department, or oftener, if the secretary for that de-report to the war department, partment shall so direct, a correct report of the officers, &c. and all artificers, and laborers, in his department; also, of all ordnance, arms, military stores, implements, and apparatus, of every description, and in such form as the secretary for the department of war shall direct. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That to insure sys-Public armories.

tem and uniformity in the different public armories, rection of the they are hereby placed under the direction of the ord-ment, and the conance department. And the colonel of the ordnance lish depots, &c. department, under the direction of the secretary for the department of war, is hereby authorized to establish depots of arms, ammunition, and ordnance stores, in such parts of the United States, and in such numbers, as may be deemed necessary.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That the colonel The colonel to of the ordnance department, under the direction of the temofregulations secretary for the department of war, is hereby autho-department, &c. rized to draw up a system of regulations for the government of the ordnance department, forms of returns and reports, and for the uniformity of manufactures of all arms, ordnance, ordnance stores, implements, and apparatus, and for the repairing and better preservation of

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the pay, The pay, &c. for emoluments, and allowances, for the officers of the ord-nance department, shall be the same as the pay, emolu-as those in the ments, and allowances, now allowed to officers of similar grades, respectively, in the artillery of the United States. And that the pay of a master armorer shall be Pay of master thirty dollars per month, and one and a half rations per maker, black-day; of a master carriage-maker, thirty dollars per smith, and others, month, and one and a half rations per day; of a master blacksmith, thirty dollars per month, and one and a half rations per day. The pay of armorers, carriage-makers, or blacksmiths, each, sixteen dollars per month, and one and a half rations per day; the pay

of artificers, thirteen dollars per month, and one ration per day; and the pay of laborers, nine dollars per month, and one ration per day; and to all of the said workmen, artificers, and laborers, the same clothing, and other allowances, as are allowed to privates of infantry in the army of the United States, except clothing to the master workmen.

Clothing, &c.

The president of the ordnance department in service, or, &c.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the presicontinue officers dent of the United States is hereby authorized to continue in the service, under this act, all the officers of the ordnance department in service on the passage of the same, or to transfer them to other corps of the army of the United States.

\$1,000 per year, for clerks, &c.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the ordnance department, is hereby allowed, at the rate of one thousand dollars per year, for clerks, and such books and stationary as may be necessary to his

department.

The act of the 14th May, 1812, &c. repealed. SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the act passed May the fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, entitled "An act for the better regulation of the ordnance department," and the sections of any other acts, coming within the purview of any of the sections of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed. [Approved, February 8, 1815.]

CHAPTER XCV.

An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States.*

The military peace establish-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rement to consist of not exceeding presentatives of the United States of America in Congress 10,000 men, &c. assembled, That the military peace establishment of the United States shall consist of such proportions of artillery, infantry, and riflemen, not exceeding, in the The corps of en- whole, ten thousand men, as the president of the United

gineers to be re-States shall judge proper, and that the corps of engitained.

neers, as at present established, be retained.

Organization of

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the corps the several arms, of artillery shall have the same organization as is prescribed by the act passed the thirtieth of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen; † and the regiment of light artillery the same organization as is pre-

> *This act, and such intervening acts as relate to organization, (as chapters 98, 109, and 111,) are superseded by the provision of the act of 2d March, 1821, chapter 122. †Chapter 89.

scribed by the act passed the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight;* and that each regiment of infantry and riflemen shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one paymaster, one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, two principal musicians, and ten companies; each company to consist of one captain, one first licutenant, and one second lieutenant, four sergeants. four corporals, two musicians, and sixty-eight privates.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall Two major generals and fitter be two major-generals, and four brigadier-generals; the brigadiers, &c. major-generals to be entitled to two aids-de-camp, and the brigadier-generals to one aid-de-camp, each, to be taken from the subalterns of the line; four brigade-inspectors, and four brigade-quartermasters, and such number of hospital surgeons and surgeon's mates, as the service may require, not exceeding five surgeons and fifteen mates, with one steward and one wardmaster to each hospital. The brigade-inspectors, appointed Brigade inspectors from the line: under this act, shall be taken from the line, and the bri-brigade quarter-masters, the adjutants, regimental quar-the subalterns, termasters, and paymasters, from the subalterns of the &c. line.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensation, subsistence, sation, subsistence, and clothing, of the officers, cadets, clothing, &c. non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, composing the military peace establishment, shall be the same as are prescribed by the act, entitled "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States," passed 16th March, one thousand eight hundred and two, and the act, entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force,"* passed twelfth April, one thousand eight hundred and eight; and that the major generals shall be entitled to the same compensation as is provided by an act, entitled "An act to raise an additional military force," passed cleventh January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve. The president to

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president cause the officers and soldiers of the United States cause to be arranged, the officers, now in service, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of &c. to be arranged and supernose to be considered. the several corps of troops now in the service of the meraries to be discharged, &c United States, in such a manner as to form and complete out of the same the corps authorized by this act, and cause the supernumerary officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, to be discharged from

^{*}Chapter 54. ‡Chapter 61. †Chapter 46.

the service of the United States, from and after the first day of May next, or as soon as circumstances may

permit.

Three months' pay additional to

The several corps to be subject to the rules and articles of war; and the offi cers and soldiers to be enti tled to the same nefits, allow-ances, &c. as au-thorized by the act mentioned.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That to each compissioned officer, who shall be deranged by virtue of officer deranged, this act, there shall be allowed and paid, in addition to the pay and emoluments to which they will be entitled by law at the time of his discharge, three months' pay.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the several corps authorized by this act, shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, be recruited in the same manner, and with the same limitations; and that officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall provision for wounds and disa-wounds, &c. be- be entitled to the same provision for wounds and disabilities, the same provision for widows and children, and the same benefits and allowances in every respect, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, as are authorized by the act of sixteenth March, one thousand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States,"* and the act of the twelfth April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force;" + and that the bounty to the recruit, and compensation to the recruiting officer, shall be the same as are allowed by the aforesaid act of the twelfth of April, one thousand eight bundred and eight. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAPTER XCVI.

An act making further provision for military services during the late war, and for other purposes.

Widows and childuring the war of 1812, or of wounds received to receive half pay for five years.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Redren of officers and soldiers, who presentatives of the United States of America in Congress died in service assembled, That, when any officer or private soldier of the militia. including rangers, sea fencibles, and volunwhile in service, teers, or any non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, enlisted for either of the terms of one year or eighteen months, or any commissioned officer of the regular army, shall have died while in the service of the United States, during the late war, or in returning to his place of residence, after being mustered out of service, or who shall have died at any time thereafter, in consequence of wounds received whilst in the service,

and shall have left a widow, or, if no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years of age, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years; and, in case of death or intermarriage of such if the widow dies widow before the expiration of said five years, the half or marries, the pay for the remainder of the time shall go to the child or the children. children of said decedent: Provided always, That the se-Proviso; as to cretary of war shall adopt such forms of evidence in ap-forms of evidence, plications under this act as the president of the United States may prescribe: Provided also, That the officers Proviso; officers and private soldiers of the militia, as aforesaid, who and privates of militia disabled have been disabled by wounds or otherwise, while in the by wourds, &c. service of the United States, in the discharge of their the pension list duty during the late war, shall be placed on the list of like regulars. pensioners in the same manner as the officers and soldiers of the regular army, under such forms of evidence as the president of the United States may prscribe: Provided also, That the provisions of this act shall not Provisor the proextend to any person embraced in the provisions of an visions of this act not to extend to act, entitled "An act to provide for the widows and or-persons empraced by the act phans of militia slain, and for militia disabled, in the of 2d August, service of the United States," passed the second day of 1813. August, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That when any The guardians of non-commissioned officer, musician, or private soldier, non-commissionof the regular army of the United States, shall have diers, who have been kalled in been killed in battle, or have died of wounds or dis-battle, or died of ease, while in the service of the United States, during wainds, see the late war, and have left a child or children under six- ten pounty land, teen years of age, it shall be lawful for the guardian of and receive the such child or children, within one year from the passing for five years. of this act,* to relinquish the bounty land to which such non-commissioned officer, musician, or private soldier, had he survived the war, would have been entitled; and, in lieu thereof, to receive half the monthly pay to which such deceased person was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years, to be computed from and after the seventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen; the payment thereof to be made when and where other military pen-where a war-sions are or shall be paid; and where a warrant for the rant has issued, the guardian may military bounty land aforesaid shall have been issued to surrender it. or for the use of the child or children of any such deceased non-commissioned officer, musician, or private

^{*}Time extended by subsequent acts-See chapter 106, section 3, and chapter 117.

soldier, such child or children, or either of them, being under sixteen years of age, it shall be lawful for the guardian of such minor or minors, to surrender and deliver such warrant into the office for the department of Notice of surren- war, within one year from the passing of this act; of der to the secret which surrender and delivery, the secretary of that desprey orders for partment shall give notice to the secretary of the treasury, who shall thereupon give the requisite orders for

the payment of the half pay hereby provided for.

discharged, or been promoted, &c entitled to land bounty according to term of enlistment.

the half pay.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all soldiers listed to serve for who have been enlisted to serve for five years or during five years or during the war, above 45 or under the war, and were above the age of forty five, or under 13, having faith the age of eighteen years, who have faithfully served fully served and been regularly during the late war, and have been regularly discharged, and the representatives of such soldiers as shall have died whilst in the service of the United States, and all soldiers who have been enlisted, and have faithfully served during the late war, until they have been promoted to the rank of commissioned officers, who, if they had served during the war under their enlistment, and been regularly discharged, would have been entitled to a bounty in land, shall be entitled to one hundred and sixty or three hundred and twenty acres of land, according to the term of enlistment; the warrants and patents to issue in the same manner as in the case of solpatents to issue, diers enlisted of proper age, and discharged under similar circumstances.

Warrants and

The president to eause 2,000,000 of to be surveyed' and laid off for the purposes of this act.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for the puracres additional, pose of carrying the provisions of this act into effect. and other acts giving bounty lands to soldiers of the regular army, the president of the United States is hereby authorized to cause to be surveyed and laid off in one or more surveys, two millions of acres, not otherwise appropriated, in addition to the appropriations of lands by the act of May the sixth, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, for designating, surveying, and granting, military bounty lands according to the provisions of said act.*

bounty land valid of land, granted in virtue of this or any other law, giving ry of the patents bounties of land to the non-commissioned officers, musically the persons clans, and privates, enlisted during the late war about be valid, unless the contract or agreement therefor, or letter of attorney, giving power to sell or convey, shall have been executed after the patents shall be issued and delivered to the persons entitled thereto.

[Approved, April 16, 1816.]

CHAPTER XCVII.

An act to increase the pensions of invalids in certain cases; for the relief of invalids of the militia; and for the appointment of pension agents in those states where there is no commissioner of loans.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and Honse of Re-Persons of the presentatives of the United States of America in Congress most only personal area. assembled, That all persons of the ranks hereinafter sion roll, are to named, who are now on the military pension roll of the highest degree of Third States shall from and of the disabilities, the United States, shall, from and after the passage of this sums mentioned, act, be entitled to, and receive, for disabilities of the in heu, &c. highest degree, the following sums, in lieu of those to which they are now entitled, to wit: a first lieutenant, seventeen dollars; a second lieutenant, fifteen dollars; a third lieutenant, fourteen dollars; an ensign, thirteen dollars; and a non-commissioned officer, musician, or pri-ties, proportionavate. eight dollars, per month: and for disabilities of a de-bly less. gree less than the highest, a sum proportionably less.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all persons persons hereafof the aforesaid ranks, who may hereafter be placed on terplaced on the military pension roll of the United States, shall, ac-roll, to be put on a the put on a t cording to their ranks and degrees of disabilities, be eiffed in this act, placed on at the aforesaid rates of pensions, in lieu of those heretofore established: Provided, That nothing proviso; nothing herein contained shall be construed to lessen the pen-higher pension sion of any person who, by special provision, is entitled by special provi-

to a higher pension than is herein provided.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all laws and officers and solvegulations, relating to the admission of the officers and diers of the mirror management of the officers and diers of the mirror management. soldiers of the regular army to be placed on the pension vice to be placed roll of the United States, shall, and they are hereby de-roll like those of clared to, relate equally to the officers and soldiers of the regular arthe militia, whilst in the service of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary The secretary of for the department of war be, and he is hereby, autho-appoint proper rized and required to appoint some fit and proper perstates and terrison in those states and territories where there is no tories, where commissioner of loans, and also in the district of Maine, missioner of to perform the duties in those states and territories, and the duties relationship. in said district, respectively, relating to pensions and and pensioners. pensioners, which are now required of said commissioners in their respective states.

[Approved, April 24, 1816.]

CHAPTER XCVIII.

An act for organizing the general staff, and making further provision for the army of the United States.

Provisions of the act of 3d March, 1813, with re-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress neral staff, so far assembled. That, in addition to the act providing for a established, &c. military posses set this military peace establishment, the provisions of the act of March third, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, t for the better organization of the general staff, be, and the same are hereby, so far established, that the general staff shall, in future, consist of one adjutant and inspector-general of the army, and one adjutant general, one inspector-general, three topographical engineers, and one quartermaster-general, with one deputy quartermaster-general to a division; and an assistant of each to every brigade, which shall supersede the hrigade-quartermasters and inspectors now existing; and that the anothecary-general, as heretofore authorized, be allowed two assistant apothecaries.

Medical staff extended.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the medical staff shall be so extended, that there shall be four hospital surgeons, and eight hospital surgeon's mates, to each division, with as many post surgeons as the service may require, not exceeding twelve to each division; who shall receive the same pay and empluments as hospital Three judge ad-surgeon's mates; and that there be three judge advovocates to a division, and a chap-cates to each division, and one chaplain to each brigade lain to each bri- of the army, who shall receive the pay and emoluments of major, as heretofore allowed.

Pay department nun.

Battalion pay-

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the pay deto consist of a paymaster general of the paymaster-general of the ral, with a salary army, with the annual salary of two thousand five hundred g2,500 per an. dred dollars; and that, in addition to regimental paymasters, there be appointed one paymaster to each batcorps of artillery, talion of the corps of artillery, who, as well as the regimental paymasters, in addition to the regular and punctual payment of their respective regiments or corps, shall discharge the duties of district paymasters, within such district as shall, from time to time, be assigned them by the paymaster-general, under the direction of Proviso; the pre-the secretary of war: Provided, That regimental and the paymasters battalion paymasters may be taken either from the su-

sident to appoint

*The organization here given to the staff, is materially modified by act of 14th April, 1818, chapter 109, which, with so much of this act as refers to organization, may be considered superseded by that of 2d March, 1821, chapter 122.

†See chapter 95. \$See chapter 80. balterns of the army or citizens, and appointed by the from subalterns president of the United States: Provided also, That re-citizens, gimental and battalion paymasters shall receive the pay Proviso; paymasters and concluments of major, and shall each be allowed a the pay and emocapable non-commissioned officer as clerk, who, while so jor, and allowed employed, shall receive double pay, and the actual ex-sioned officer as pense of transportation while travelling under orders in a clerk, &c.

the discharge of his duty.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be Paymasters to the duty of the regimental and battalion paymasters to pay all the regupay all the regular troops; and, to insure punctuality and responsibility, correct reports shall be made to the pay-correct reports master-general once in two months, showing the dispo-to the paymaster-general, once in sition of the funds previously transmitted, with accurate two months, &c. estimates for the next payment of such regiment, garrison, or department, as may have been assigned to each; Paymasters fail-and whenever any paymaster shall fail to transmit such ing to transmit estimate, or neglect to render his vouchers to the pay-lecting to ren-master-general for settlement of his accounts, more than der vouchers, for six months after receiving funds, he shall be recalled, are to be recalland another appointed in his place.*

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the pur-purchasing dechasing department shall consist of one commissary-ge-partment to ensist of a conneral of purchases, as heretofore authorized, with the misary-general adeputy commissary to each division, with the annual salary of division, is assisted to the commissary to each division. two thousand dollars, and six assistant commissaries of ries of issues; and military issues, with the annual salary of one thousand three storckeepers. hundred dollars; and as many military storekeeners as the service may require, whose salaries shall be regulated by the secretary of war, according to the duty they may perform: Provided, That the pay and emoluments shall not exceed that of a captain of infantry.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all officers of Officers of the the pay, commissary, and quartermaster's department, and quartermasshall, previous to their entering on the duties of their ter's departments, to give respective offices, give good and or division the duties of their ter's departments, to give respective offices, give good and sufficient bonds to the bonds. United States, fully to account for all moneys and public property which they may receive, in such sums as the secretary of war shall direct. And all paymasters, commissaries, and storekeepers, shall be subject to the subject to the rules and articles of war, in the same manner as com-rules and articles of war, in the same manner as com-rules and articles of war. missioned officers: Provided also, That all officers of Provise; officers the pay and commissary's departments be submitted to of the pay and commissary's departments. the senate for their confirmation, in the same manner as partments, to be submitted to the the officers of the army.

senate.

^{*}See chapter 125, sections 2 and 3.

The president to prescribe the bur crimer Proviso; when more than the tity of clothing in soldiers' pay,

tions.

Where a soldier has been discharged, and there is clothing paymaster-general is to cause it to be paid for.

Officers of the tstaff are to receive pay and

Officers of the service: and garrison surgeons and mates to be considered post Staff from the

Ordnance departas organized by 1815.

line or citizens.

Ordnance offithe staff, &c.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to kind of clothing prescribe the quantity and kind of clothing, to be issued annually to the troops of the United States. Provided. authorized quan-That whenever more than the authorized quantity is rerequired, the value of the extra articles shall be deducted me is to be de-ducted from the from the soldiers' pay: and, in like manner, the soldiers shall receive pay according to the annual estimated value for such authorized articles of uniform as shall not have Proviso; the man-heen issued to him in each year. Provided also, That elothing, &c. to the manner of issuing and accounting for clothing. shall be established in the general regulations of the war degeneral regulations of the war degeneral regulations. partment.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted. That in all cases where a soldier of the regular army shall have been discharged from the service of the United States, and clothing shall be due to said soldier, it shall be the duty of the paymaster general to cause the same to be paid for, according to the price paid in the seventh section of this act.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted. That the several

officers of the staff shall, respectively, receive the pay emoluments, and and emoluments, and retain all the privileges, secured to retain privibeggs, according to the staff of the army, by the act of March third, one to act of 3d. State thousand eight hundred and thirteen,* and not incompatible with the provisions of this act: and that the re-Regulations in gulations in force before the reduction of the army, be reduction of the recognized, as far as the same shall be found applicaarmy recognized; ble to the service; subject, however, to such alterations as the secretary of war may adopt, with the approbation

of the president.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That the officers staff enumerated of the staff, provisionally retained by the president, and recognized in in this act enumerated, and made necessary has been been staff. in this act enumerated and made permanent, be recognized in service under this act, and that the garrison surgeons and mates be hereafter considered as post surgeons; and hereafter the staff of the army may be taken from the line of the army, or from citizens.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the ordnance ment continued, department be continued, as at present organized under the act of February eighth, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and that ordnance officers be assigned to cers to be assign-their duties with the staff of the army, in the same manner as from the corps of engineers.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That when forage is not drawn in kind by officers of the army entitled

^{*}See chapter 80.

thereto, eight dollars per month, for each horse, not ex- Eight dollars per cceding the number authorized by existing regulations, month for formal shall be allowed in lieu thereof: *Provided*, That neither drawn for each horse. forage nor money shall be drawn by officers, but for Provise; ucither forage nor mo-horses actually kept by them in service: Provided also, ney, except for That none, except company officers, shall be allowed to service. take as servants or waiters soldiers of the army; and Province, none but company officers that all officers be allowed, for each private servant actor take soldiers for servants. tually kept in service, not exceeding the number authorized by existing regulations, the pay, rations, and Pay, rations, and clothing, of a private soldier, or money in lieu thereof, dier for each prion a certificate, setting forth the name and description vancervant, or the pay. of the servant or servants, in the pay account: Provided Rec. Proviso; an additional ration be allowed to all subaltional ration to subaltern of the army. [Approved, April 24, 1816.]

CHAPTER XCIX.

An act to provide for cases of lost military land warrants, and discharges for faithful services.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- Suddiers of the presentatives of the United States of America in Congress regular army obtained assembled, That when any soldier of the regular army, warrants and lot having obtained a military land warrant, shall have satisfactory proof lost, or shall hereafter lose, the same, or the said war-secretary of war, rant shall have been, or may be, by accident, destroyed, patents. every such soldier shall, upon proof thereof, to the satisfaction of the secretary of war, be entitled to a patent, in like manner as if the said warrant was pro-

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in all cases When it appears, of discharges from the military services of the United of the services States, of any soldier of the regular army, when it shall the states of faithappear to the satisfaction of the secretary of war that a ful services, in certificate of faithful services has been omitted by the charge from mineglect of the discharging officer, by misconstruction of have been omitted law, or by any other neglect or casualty, such omisted by neglect, misconstruction, or by any other neglect or casualty, such omisted by neglect, misconstruction, or casualty, such on the services of the serv sion shall not prevent the issuing of the warrant and pa-or easualty, the tent as in other cases. And when it shall be proved, as prevent the issuing of warrant aforesaid, that any soldier of the regular army has lost and patents, his discharge and certificate of faithful service, the se-the loss of a discretary of war shall cause such papers to be furnished elarge and earlies such soldier of the regular army as will entitle him to tary of war is to furnish papers. his land warrant and patent: Provided, Such measure &c. be justified by the time of his enlistment, the period measure be justified.

fird by the time of service, and the report of some officer of the corps to [Approved, April 27, 1816.] of enlistment, which he was attached. Sic.

CHAPTER C.

An act concerning the annual sum appropriated for arming and equipping the militia.*

sury, not otherwise appropri-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The sum of Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Respondence for the Second for presentatives of the United States of America in Congress viding arms, &c. presentatives of the United States of America in Congress for the militia, to assembled, That the annual sum of two hundred thouneys in the trea-sand dollars, as appropriated for the purpose of providing arms and military equipments for the militia. either by purchase or manufacture, according to the act of the twenty-third of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, entitled "An act making provision for arming and equipping the whole body of the militia of the United States," shall be paid, for each year, repectively, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That the sum ap-The sum appropriated to be applied according propriated, to be paid as aforesaid, shall be applied for to the act of 2.8d the purpose, and according to the intention, specified in April, 1808, with out being earried said act, without being liable, at any time, to be carried Nothing in the account of the surplus fund. And nothing in the act of 3d March, act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred 1800, to author and pine antitled act. 1809, to antho-rize a transfer of and nine, entitled "An act further to amend the seveany portion of ral acts for the establishment and regulation of the treathe sum to any other branch of sury, war, and navy, departments," shall be construed expenditure. to authorize the transferring of the sum annually appro-

PERMITTED TOTAL

CHAPTER CL

priated as aforesaid, or any portion thereof, to any other branch of expenditure. † [Approved, April 29, 1816.]

An act to increase the compensation of the superintendents of the manufactories of arms at Springfield and Harper's Ferry.

arms at Spring-field and Harper's Ferry.;

\$30 per month presentatives of the United States of America in Congress and a ration per day, additional, assembled, That, in addition to the pay and rations, as to the superintendents of manufacturatories of the manufacturatories of the superintendents of the su SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Retories of arms at Springfield and Harper's Ferry, they shall receive thirty dollars per month, and one ration [Approved, April 29, 1816.] per day.

^{*}See chapter 56, with the note thereon.

[†]See note to chapter 105.

CHAPTER CIL.

An act to authorize the survey of two millions of acres of the public lands, in lieu of that quantity heretofore authorized to be surveyed in the territory of Michigan, as military bounty lands.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- So much of the presentatives of the United States of America in Congress May, 1812, as assembled. That so much of the "Act to provide for de-provides for sursignating, surveying, and greating, the military the military law. signating, surveying, and granting, the military bounty acres of military lands in lands,"* approved the sixth day of May, one thousand Michigan, recight hundred and twelve, as authorizes the president of pealed, the United States to cause to be surveyed two millions of acres of the lands of the United States in the territory of Michigan, for the purpose of satisfying the bounties of land promised to the non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the United States, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and in lieu of the said two millions of acres of land, the president of the United States be, and The president to he is hereby, authorized to cause to be surveyed, of the cause 1,500,000 he is hereby, authorized to cause to be surveyed, of the cause 1,500,000 lands of the United States fit for cultivation, not other-veyed in Illinois, and 500,000 acres wise appropriated, and to which the Indian title is extin- in Missouri. guished, one million five hundred thousand acres in the Illinois territory, and five hundred thousand acres in the Missouri territory, north of the river Missouri: the the said lands shall be divided into townships, and sub- The lands to be divided into sections and quarter sections, (each quar-townships, subdis ter section to contain, as near as possible, one hundred vided, &c. and sixty acres,) in the manner prescribed by law for surveying and subdividing the other lands of the United States; and the lands thus surveyed, with the exception The lands surof the salt springs and lead mines therein, and of the veyed, with ex quantities of land adjacent thereto, as may be reserved springs, lead mines, and other for the use of the same by the president of the United reservaions, to States, and the section number sixteen in every townstately full to the springs, lead mines, and other for the use of the same by the president of the United reservaions, to states, and the section number sixteen in every townstately full to the springs of the section of the united reservaions, to be granted to the inhabitants of such township missioned officers. for the use of public schools, shall, according to the pro- and soldiers, &c. visions of the above recited act, be set apart for the purpose of satisfying the bounties of land promised to the non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the late army of the United States, their heirs and legal representatives, by the act, entitled "An act for completing the existing military establishment, approved the twentyfourth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and by the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional military force,"; approved the eleventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve,

Every person in whose favor a warrant for miquarter sections,

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person in whose favor any warrant for military land bounty is warrant for military land boun issued, shall be, and is hereby, authorized to draw, by thorized to draw, lot, one of the quarter sections surveyed by virtue of by lot, one of the this act, and shall obtain a patent therefor, in the same and obtain a pa- manner, in every respect, as is or shall be provided by law for patents to issue for other military land bounties, or as is provided by the act, first above recited, for patents to issue for such lands.

[Approved, April 29, 1816.]

CHAPTER CIII.

Resolution authorizing the president of the United States to employ a skilful assistant in the corps of engineers.

The president authorized to employ a skilful assistant to the corps of engineers, at such compensation as he may think proper, not ex-ceeding, &c.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ, in addition to the corps of engineers as now established, a skilful assistant, whose compensation shall be such as the president of the United States shall think proper, not exceeding the allowance to the chief officer of that corps.

[Approved, April 29, 1816.]

CHAPTER CIV.

An act to provide for the prompt settlement of public accounts.*

Accountants' offices of the war and navy departof superimendent general of military supplies, abolished.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reand navy departments, and office presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the third day of March the offices of accountant and additional accountant of the department of war, the office of accountant of the navy, and the office of superintendent general of military supplies, be, and they are hereby, abolished.

All accounts to be settled in the treasury department, after 3d March, 1817.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said third day of March next, all claims and demands whatever, by the United States or against them, and all accounts whatever, in which the United States are concerned, either as debtors or as creditors, shall be settled and adjusted in the treasury department.

*This act prescribes the duties, and indicates the powers, of those charged with the settlement of public accounts; and may, therefore, be useful to a portion of the officers of the army, whose duties relate to the disbursement of the public money.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and af- Four auditors ter the third day of March next, in addition to the offi-and one comptroller additional, cers in the treasury department, already established by in the treasury law, there shall be the following officers, namely: four

anditors and one comptroller.

the war department.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That it shall be Duty of the first the duty of the first auditor to receive all accounts ac-auditor. cruing in the treasury department, and, after examination, to certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the first comptroller, for his decision thereon; that it shall be the duty of Duty of the settle second auditor to receive all accounts relative to the cond auditor. pay and clothing of the army, the subsistence of officers. bounties, and premiums, military and hospital stores, and the contingent expenses of the war department; that it shall be the duty of the third auditor to receive all ac-Duty of the third counts relative to the subsistence of the army, the quar-auditor. termaster's department, and, generally, all accounts of the war department other than those provided for; and it shall be the duty of the fourth auditor to receive all Duty of the fourth auditor accounts accruing in the navy department, or relative thereto; and the second, third, and fourth, auditors aforesaid, shall examine the accounts respectively, and certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the second comptroller, for his decision thereon; and it shall be the duty of the fifth Duty of the fifth auditor. auditor to receive all accounts accruing in, or relative to, the department of state, the general post office, and those arising out of Indian affairs, and examine the same, and thereafter certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the first comptroller, for his decision thereon: Provided, Proviso; as to the That the president of the United States may assign to additional acthe second or third auditor the settlement of the accounts countant. which are now confided to the additional accountant of

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Further duties of duty of the auditors, charged with the examination of the auditors. the accounts of the war and navy departments, to keep all accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the public money in regard to those departments, and of all debts due to the United States on moneys advanced relative to those departments; to receive from the second comptroller the accounts which shall have been finally adjusted, and to preserve such accounts, with their vouchers and certificates, and to record all warrants drawn by the secretaries of those departments, the ex-

amination of the accounts of which has been assigned to them by the preceding section. And it shall be the duty of the said auditors to make such reports on the business assigned to them, as the secretaries of the war and navy departments may deem necessary, and require, for the services of those departments.

Auditors to re-port to the se-cretary of the treasury.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, the said auditors shall annually, on the first Monday in November, report to the secretary of the treasury the application of the money appropriated for the military and naval departments for the preceding year, which shall be laid before congress, by him, with the annual statement of the public expenditure.

The treasurer to

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer disburse all moneys ardered for of the United States shall disburse all such moneys as the use of the war and navy described by and navy described by arther the use of the partments, &c. war and navy described by a contract of the partments, &c. war and navy departments by warrants from the treasury, which disbursements shall be made pursuant to warrants drawn by the secretary of the war and navy departments, respectively, countersigned by the second comptroller, and registered by the auditors respectively.

Duty of the first comptroller.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That, it shall be the duty of the first comptroller to examine all accounts settled by the first and fifth auditors, and certify the balances arising thereon to the register; to countersign all warrants drawn by the secretary of the treasury, which shall be warranted by law; to report to the secretary the official forms to be issued in the different offices for collecting the public revenue, and the manner and form of keeping and stating the accounts of the several persons employed therein; he shall also superintend the preservation of the public accounts, subject to his revision, and provide for the regular payment of all moneys which may be collected.

Duty of the se-

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the second comptroller to examine all accounts settled by the second, third, and fourth, auditors, and certify the balances arising thereon, to the secretary of the department in which the expenditure has been incurred; to countersign all warrants drawn by the secretaries of the war and navy departments, which shall be warranted by law; to report to the said secretaries the official forms to be issued in the different offices for disbursing the public money in those departments, and the manner and form of keeping and stating the accounts of the persons employed therein; and it shall also be his duty to superintend the preservation of

the public accounts subject to his revision.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be First comptroller the duty of the first comptroller to superintend the re-the recovery of covery of all debts to the United States; to direct suits all debts, &c. and legal proceedings, and to take all such measures, as may be authorized by the laws, to enforce prompt

payment of all debts to the United States.*

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the provi-The provision sion contained in the second section of the act, passed second section of the third March, one thousand seven hundred and nine-the act of 3d of ty-seven, entitled "An act to provide more effectually for tended in regard the settlement of accounts between the United States and of the war and receivers of public money," which directs that in every many departments, &c. case where suits have been, or shall be, instituted, a transcript from the books and proceedings of the treasury, certified by the register, shall be admitted as evidence, be extended, in regard to the accounts of the war and navy departments, to the auditors respectively charged with the examination of those accounts, and that certificates, signed by them, shall be of the same effect as that directed to be signed by the register.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the auditors Auditors emof the public accounts shall be empowered to administer powered to administer ouths, oaths or affirmations to witnesses, in any case in which &c. they may deem it necessary for the due examination of

the accounts with which they shall be charged.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be Secretary of the the duty of the secretary of the treasury to cause all ac- all accounts of counts of the expenditure of public money to be settled the expenditure of public money, within the year, except where the distance of the places to be settled within the year, except where the distance of the places to be settled within the year, except where year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the places to be settled within the year, except when year the year the year that year that year that year that year the year that year t where such expenditure occurs may be such as to make cept, &c. further time necessary; and, in respect to expenditures at such places, the secretary of the treasury, with the assent of the president, shall establish fixed periods at which a settlement shall be required. † And it shall be First comptroller the duty of the first comptroller to lay before congress, to lay before congress, annually, during the first week of their session, a list of list of officers are shall have failed in that your tends failing to make such officers as shall have failed in that year to make settlement, &c. the settlement required by law.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That, in the an-the comptroller nual statement of all accounts on which balances appear to distinguish because the statement of all accounts on which balances appears to the statement of the to have been due more than three years, which the comp- tween balances, troller is now required by law to make, he shall hereafter distinguish those accounts, the balances appearing on which shall, in his opinion, be owing to difficulties of

^{*}See chapter 121, section 1.

[†]See chapter 125, section 2.

required to include balances three successive vears.

Salary of the second comptrolfer and auditors,

Letters, &c. to and from the second comptroller and auditors, free-

form, which he may think it equitable shall be removed comptroller not by an act of congress; and where the debtors, by whom such balances shall have been due more than three years, shall be insolvent, and have been reported to where debtors years, shall be insolvent, and have been reported to have been reported to have been reported to have been respectively. comptroller shall not be required in such case to continue to include such balances in the statement abovementioned.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That the salary of 3000 dollars, per the comptroller, appointed by virtue of this act, shall be three thousand dollars per annum, and that of the audi-

tors, each, three thousand dollars per annum,

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all letters and packages, to and from the comptroller and anditors herein before mentioned, be conveyed free of postage, Secretary of the under the same regulations that are provided by law for treatury to assign clerk hire, other officers of government; and the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to assign the several sums appropriated for clerk hire in the offices of the accountant, additional accountant, superintendent general of military supplies, and accountant of the navy, to the officers hereby created, to which their respective duties shall be assigned. [Approved, March 3, 1817.]

CHAPTER CV.

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An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act further to amend the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That nothing contained in the act of the third March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, entitled "An act further to amend the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments," shall be construed to authorize the president of the United States to direct any sum appropriated to fortifications, arsenals, armories, customhouses, docks, navy yards, or buildings of any sort, or to munitions of war, or to the pay of the army or navy, to be applied to any other object of public expenditure.* [Approved, March 3, 1817.]

*By the provisions of the act of 1809, here referred to, which it was not foreseen would be called for, and which are, therefore, not included in the extract that constitutes chapter 57, the president is authorized, in the recess of congress, on the application of the secretary of a department, to direct, that a portion of the moneys appropriated for a particular branch of expenditure in that department, be applied to another branch of expenditure in the same department. These provisions are further modified by chapter 118.

The president restrained from making transfers of appropria-tions for speci-fied objects to any other.

CHAPTER CVI.

An act to amend an act, entitled, "An act making further provision for military services during the late war, and for other purposes."*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- Widows and child presentatives of the United States of America in Congress of militia, voluntassembled, That the widows and children of soldiers of teers, rangers, the militia, the volunteers, the rangers, and the sea-&c. placed on an fencibles, who served during the late war, and for equality. whom half pay for five years was provided, by an act passed on the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, entitled "An act making further provision for military services during the late war, and for other purposes," shall be placed on an equality as to their annual allowance, that is to say: Rate of annual Such widows, and in case of no widow, such children, allowance. as may be embraced in the before-recited act, shall be entitled to receive, (as the half pay to which they are entitled,) at the rate of forty-eight dollars per annum, and no more; and the widows and children aforesaid, of the officers of the different corps aforesaid, shall be entitled to the half pay of the officers of the infantry.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provi- Provisions of the sions contained in an act, entitled "An act fixing the heavy peace establishment of the United States," tablishment, of 3d March, 1815, passed on the third of March, one thousand eight hun-concerning additional pay, exdred and fifteen, granting to the commissioned officers tended to wagonof the regular army, who were deranged by said act, masters, &c. three months' pay in addition to the pay and emoluments to which they were entitled by law at the time of their discharge, shall equally extend to wagon-masters, forage-masters, barrack-masters, and other warrant officers of the staff of the regular army, who were deranged by the before-recited-act, except those provisionally retained by the president of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the further time to time of two years shall be allowed to the guardians of finquishment of the minor children of deceased soldiers, to relinquish bounty lands, &c. their claims to bounty lands for five years' half pay, ac-

cording to the second section of the before-recited act. to which this is a supplement, passed the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen.t

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the widows widows and child

^{*}For original act, see chapter 96.

[†]See chapter 95. The time allowed to relinquish claims to bounty lands, is further extended for three years, by act of 3d March, 1819, chapter 117.

of the rangers,

drea of non-come and children of the non-commissioned officers of the missioned officers rangers, shall be placed on the same footing as to balf pay, for five years, with the widows and children of the infantry.

1816, extended, &c.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the provisions Provisions of the 2d section of the act of this April, of the second section of the act to which this is a supplement, shall be, and the same are hereby, extended to all cases where either of the children therein mentioned shall have been under sixteen years of age at the time of the Proviso; as to as-father's decease: Provided, The guardian of such minor children shall, in addition to the relinquishment by said act required, file, in the office of the department of war, evidence of the assent of all the other heirs, if any there be, of said deceased soldier, or of their guardians, to such relinquishment.

sent of other heirs.

Relinquishment

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of title to bounty land entitles this where the child or children of a regular soldier, dedren of regular-soldiers to four ceased, have the right, under the laws of the United dolls per month. States, to relinquish their bounty in land for five years' half pay, the said child or children shall be entitled to the same amount as is given by the act to the widows of the militia soldiers who died in service during the late war, viz: four dollars per month.

[Approved, March 3, 1817.]

CHAPTER CVII.

An act extending the time for obtaining military land warrants in certain cases.

The 2d section of the act referred to, not to apply to the heirs,

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress to the herrs, &c. assembled, That the provisions of the second section of the act, entitled "An act to provide for designating, surveying, and granting, the military bounty lands,"* passed on the sixth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, which limits the time within which persons entitled to military bounty lands shall make their application for a land warrant, to five years from and after such person shall become entitled thereto. shall not be construed to apply to, affect, or bar, any application for a military land warrant, which may be made by the heirs and representatives of a deceased person, who was entitled thereto by services performed in the late war, or application by the heirs and repre-

^{*}See chapter 68.

sentatives of any non-commissioned officer or soldier killed in action, or who died in the actual service of the United States, and entitled by existing laws to a bounty in lands; but the heirs and representatives of such per-the heirs, &c. of sons shall be allowed to make their applications there-such earnings may make applications. for at any time before the first day of May, one thou-tions until 1st sand eight hundred and twenty; any act to the contra-May, 1820, ry notwithstanding. [Approved, March 27, 1818.]

CHAPTER CVIII.

An act to establish the flag of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- After the 4th Jupresentatives of the United States of America in Congress to be 13 stripes assembled, That, from and after the fourth day of July and 20 stars. next, the flag of the United States be thirteen horizontal stripes, alternate red and white: that the union be twenty stars, white in a blue field.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, on the ad-A star to be admission of every new state into the union, one star be ded for every new state, added to the union of the flag; and that such addition shall take effect on the fourth day of July then next succeeding such admission. [Approved, April 4, 1818.]

CHAPTER CIX.

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An act regulating the staff of the army.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Part of the acts presentatives of the United States of America in Congress of 3d of March, assembled. That so much of the act "fixing the military April, 1816, respeace establishment of the United States," passed the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, as relates to hospital stewards and wardmasters, and so much of the "Act for organizing the general staff, and making further provision for the army of the United States," passed April twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as relates to hospital surgeons, hospital surgeons' mates, judge advocates, chaplains, and forage, wagon, and barrack, masters, and their assistants, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

^{*}Superseded by the provisions of the act of 2d March, 1821, chapter 122.

A surgeon generai.

general.

Chaplain, &c.

Eight post surgeons to a divi-

Quartermaster's department to consist of one Assistant deputies as the presideni deems pro-

Three months'

per, not exceed-

This act to go into effect on or 1818.

missioned offi-

Pay, &c. of inspector-generals of divisions raised.

A commissarygeneral to be appointed by the president, with the consent of the senate.

Commissary-general's rank, pay, &c.

rity.

saries from the

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, there shall be one surgeon-general, with a salary of two thousand Assistant surgeon five hundred dollars per annum, one assistant surgeongeneral, with the emoluments of a hospital surgeon, one Judge advocate, judge advocate, with the pay and emoluments of a topographical engineer, to each division, and one chaplain, stationed at the military academy at West Point, who shall also be professor of geography, history, and ethics, with the pay and emoluments allowed the professor of mathematics; and that the number of post surgeons be increased, not to exceed eight to each division.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act of the twenty-fourth of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, aforesaid, as relates to the guartermaster general of division, shall be repealed; and the quartermaster's department shall consist, in addition to the two deputy quartermasters-general, and the four asquartermasters general, in addi-sistant-deputy quartermasters-general, now authorized, fion to deputies, of one quartermaster-general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments, of a brigadier-general, and as many assistant deputy quartermasters-general as the president shall deem proper, not exceeding, in the whole number, twelve.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That to each commissioned officer who shall be deranged by virtue of this additional pay missioned outcer who shall be allowed and paid, in addition to the pay and emoluments to which they will be entitled by law, at the time of their discharge, three months' pay and emoluments; and that the provisions of this act shall before 1st June, be carried into effect on or before the first day of June next.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the pay and emoluments of the inspector-generals of divisions be, and is hereby, raised to be equal to the pay and emolu-

ments of the adjutant-generals of division.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as the state of existing contracts for the subsistence of the army shall, in the opinion of the president of the United States, permit it, there shall be appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. one commissary general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments, of colonel of ordnance, who shall, before en-Bond and secu- tering on the duties of his office, give bond and security, in such sum as the president may direct; and as many Assistant commis- assistants, to be taken from the subalterns of the line, subalterns of the as the service may require, who shall receive twenty line, their pay, dollars per month in addition to their pay in the line, and who shall, before entering on the duties of their office, give bond and security, in such sums as the presi-Assistants to give dent may direct. The commissary-general and his as-bond & security. sistants shall perform such duties, in purchasing and is- Duties of comsuing of rations to the army of the United States, as &c.

the president may direct.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That supplies for supplies to be the army, unless, in particular and urgent cases, the purchased by contract, on public enact, on public enact, on public enacted by contract, to be made by the commissary-ge-bulk, under regulations to be never on public notice, to be delivered, on inspection, prescribed by the in the bulk, and at such places as shall be stipulated; secretary of war, which contract shall be made, under such regulations as wise directs. which contract shall be made under such regulations as wise directs. the secretary of war may direct.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the president The president may make such alterations in the component parts of may make after the ration as a due regard to the health and comfort of component parts

the army and economy may require.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the commis-commissary-gesary-general and his assistants shall not be concerned, neral and assistants of the because of the same of the sam directly or indirectly, in the purchase or sale, in trade concernd in trade, &c. in around commerce, of any article entering into the compositions entering tion of the ration allowed to the troops in the service of except, &c. nor the United States, except on account of the United receive emolu-States, nor shall such officer take and apply to his own lawuse any gain or emolument for negotiating or transacting any business connected with the duties of his office, other than what is or may be allowed by law; and the Commissary-general and his assistants shall be subject neral, &c. subject to martial to martial law.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That all letters Commissary-geto and from the commissary general, which may relate ucra's letters free of postage, to his office duties, shall be free from postage: Provided, Provise, the oth, That the sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth, sec-7th, 8th, 9th, and tions of this act shall continue and be in force for the this act in foresterm of five years from the passing of the same, and &c. thence until the end of the next session of congress, and [Approved, April 14, 1818.] no longer.*

CHAPTER CX.

An act regulating the pay and emoluments of brevet officers.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Drevet officers to receive pay, &c.

*See chapter 124, by which, the last four sections of this act are con- of brevet rank tinued.

only when on duty with a cor-responding com-

assembled, That the officers of the army, who have brevet commissions, shall be entitled to, and receive the pay and emoluments of, their brevet rank when on duty, and having a command according to their brevet rank, and at no other time.

Brevet commissions hereafter to have the consent of the se-

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no brevet commission shall hereafter be conferred but by and with the advice and consent of the senate.

[Approved, April 16, 1818.]

CHAPTER CXI.

An act respecting the organization of the army, and for other purposes.*

Company officers of artillery.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the company officers of the corps of artillery shall consist of one captain, two first lieutenants, and two second lieutenants; and in the corps of light artillery, the company officers shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, and two second lieutenants; and one of the second lieutenants in each comconductor of ar-pany shall act as a conductor of artillery, as in the case

tillery, &c.

of the corps of artillery, whose duty it shall be to receipt and account for all ammunition, implements, and cannon; and for the performance of these services they

Extra pay to conductors of artillery.

shall be allowed, each, ten dollars extra per month.

One armorer to each regiment of infantry, rifle-men, and battalion of artillery.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to each regiment of infantry, riflemen, and to each battalion of the corps of artillery, and to the regiment of light artillery, there shall be attached one armorer, with the pay and emoluments allowed to armorers employed by

the ordnance department.

Where, in cases, &c. the pay, &c. of officers and be adjusted and paid.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in all cases during the late war, where an officer or soldier has been soldiers has been delayed the receipt of his pay and emoluments, or any part thereof, by having been transferred from one corps to another, or omitted to be returned on the muster roll, pay roll, or receipt roll, or from any other cause whatever, upon a satisfactory evidence of the justice of such claim, the same shall be adjusted and paid.

[Approved, April 20, 1818.]

^{*}The 1st and 2d sections of this act are superseded by the provisions of that of 2d March, 1621, to reduce and fix the military establishment -See chapter 122.

CHAPTER CXII.

Resolution directing the completion of the survey of the waters of the Chesapeake bay, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives Surveys preparative of the United States of America in Congress assem-tablishment of bled, That the president of the United States be, and two naval arsehe hereby is, requested to cause to be resumed and sumed and comcompleted the surveys heretofore commenced, preparatory to the establishment of two naval arsenals; and that, to the naval officers employed in this service, officers of the corps of engineers be joined, with instructions to prepare plans of the fortifications necessary to be erected Plans of fortififor the defence of such arsenals, with an estimate of the cations and estiexpense of erecting the same. And that the president be further requested to cause such a survey of the survey of the Chesapeake bay to be made, as may be requisite to as- Chesapeake bay, certain what points are necessary to be fortified for the protection of the commerce of said bay; and a report of Report, with a the same, with a plan of the works necessary to be plan, &c, erected, with an estimate of the expense of the same, to be made to congress in the first week of their next ses-[Approved, April 20, 1818.] sion.

CHAPTER CXIII.

An act allowing further time to complete the issuing and locating of military land warrants.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The authority presentatives of the United States of America in Congress granted to the assembled, That the authority granted to the secretary by the acts of 6th May, 1812, and for the department of war, by the second section of the 10th Dec. 1814, 60 act to provide for designating, surveying, and granting, issue military the military bounty lands, approved the sixth day of continued until May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, * and by the fourth section of the act making further provision for filling the ranks of the army of the United States, approved December tenth, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, to issue warrants for the military land bounties to persons entitled thereto, shall be revived. and continued in force, for the term of five years from and after the fourth day of March next.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the time li- The time limited

^{*}See chapter 68. †See chapter 92.

for issuing and 4th March, and 1st Oct. 1821.

mited by the act supplementary to the act further exlocating military tending the time for issuing and locating military land act of 9th March, warrants, and for other purposes, approved March minth, 1818, ex ended to one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, for issuing military land warrants, shall be extended to the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twentyone, and the time limited by the said act for the location of unlocated military land warrants, shall be extended to the first day of October thereafter.*

[Approved, February 24, 1819.]

CHAPTER CXIV.

An act to regulate the pay of the army when employed on fatigue duty.

15 cents and an days, on fortiti-

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and Honse of Restraight of whiskey, &e per presentatives of the United States of America in Congress whiskey, &e per presentatives of the United States of America in Congress when employed, assembled, That, whenever it shall be found expedient not less than ten to employ the army at work on fortifications, in surveys, in cutting roads, and other constant labor, of not less than ten days, the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, so employed, shall be allowed fifteen cents, and an extra gill of whiskey or spirits, each, per day, while so employed. [Approved, March 2, 1819.]

CHAPTER CXV.

An act regulating the payments to invalid pensioners.

In applications dible surgeous, &c. stating the ny the application for payevery two years thereafter, &c. the applicant to be paid at the rate, &cc.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-In applications for payments of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress persions the affi-day of two ere-assembled, That in all cases of application for the payment of pensions to invalids, under the several laws of continuance and congress granting pensions to invalids, the affidavit of rate of disability, as such, the accompanion of two surgeons or physicians, whose credibility, as such, shall be certified by the magistrate before whom the afment falling due fidavit is made, stating the continuance of the disability March, 1820, and for which the pension was originally granted, (describing it,) and the rate of such disability at the time of making the affidavit, shall accompany the application of the first payment which shall fall due after the fourth day of March next, and at the end of every two years

> *The provisions of this section and the acts therein referred to, relate to the officers and soldiers of the revolutionary army. The acts mertioned are not comprised in this volume.

thereafter; and if, in a case of a continued disability, it shall be stated at a rate below that for which the pension was originally granted, the applicant shall only be paid at the rate stated in the affidavit: Provided, That Proviso; affidavit where the pension shall have been originally granted not necessary in for a total disability, in consequence of the loss of a bility, &c. limb, or other cause which cannot, either in whole, or in part, be removed, the above affidavit shall not be necessary to entitle the applicant to payment: And provided also, That this act shall not extend to the inva- Proviso; this act lids of the revolution, who have been, or shall be, placed invalids of the on the pension list, pursuant to an act of congress, enti revolutionary tled "An act to provide for certain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United States in the revolutionary war." approved the eighteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and [Approved, March 3, 1819.] eight.

CHAPTER CXVI.

An act authorizing the sale of certain military sites.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The secretary of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress war, under direcassembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is here-dent, authorized to sell useless miby, authorized, under the direction of the president of litary sites. the United States, to cause to be sold such military sites, belonging to the United States, as may have been found, or become, useless for military purposes. And The secretary, on payment, to the secretary of war is hereby authorized, on the pay-make a deed in ment of the consideration agreed for, into the treasury of the United States, to make, execute, and deliver, all needful instruments, conveying and transferring the same in fee; and the jurisdiction, which had been spe-Jurisdiction of cially ceded, for military purposes, to the United States, tecaso, by a state, over such site or sites, shall thereafter cease. [Approved, March 3, 1819.]

CHAPTER CXVII.

An act concerning the allowance of pensions upon a relinquishment of bounty lands.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The 2d section of the act of 16th presentatives of the United States of America in Congress April, 1816, &c.

continued in force for three vears.

assembled, That the second section of the act making further provision for military services during the late war, and for other purposes, approved April sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen,* and so much of the act to amend the same, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen ; as relates to the subject of that section, shall be continued in force for the term of three years from and after the passing Proviso; the chit of this act: Provided, nevertheless, That no pension shall be granted under the said acts, after the sixteenth day of April next, unless, at the time of relinquishing the bounty land, in the manner therein described, the children, for whose benefit the same may be granted, or one of them, shall be under sixteen years of age: And provided also, That the pensions shall commence at the date of the relinquishments respectively.

dren, or one of them, must, to obtain the pension, be under 16 vears.

Proviso; pension to commence at date of relinquiskment.

[Approved, March 3, 1819.]

CHAPTER CXVIII.

An act in addition to the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments.

[EXTRACT.]

one year not to diture in a dif March, 1809.

No appropria-

Act of 3d March, 1809, amended.

The president authorized to priations for certain branches of expenditure

Appropriations Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing conforthe service of tained in the act of March third, one thousand eight hundred and nine, entitled .An act further to amend the to another branch of expense several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments,"; shall be so der act of 3d of construed, as to allow any appropriations whatever for the service of one year, to be transferred to another branch of expenditure in a different year, nor shall any appropriations be deemed subject to be transferred, hands of the trea- under the provisions of the abovementioned act, after &c. to be subject they shall have been placed in the hands of the treato taisfirm under they shall have been placed in the hands of to taisfirm under the act of 3d of surer, as agent of the war or navy departments. March 1809.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the abovementioned act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine. shall be, and the same is hereby, so amended, that the president shall be authorized to direct a portion of the moneys appropriated for any one of the following branches of expenditure in the military department, viz: For the subsistence of the army, for fo-

^{*}See chapter 96. †See chapter 106. 1See note to chapter 105,

rage. for the medical and hospital department, for the in the war dequartermaster's department; to be applied to any other partment, of the abovementioned branches of expenditure in the same department: And that the president shall be also the president further authorized to direct a portion of the moneys, aptropropriated for any of the following branches of expenditure in the naval department, viz: For provisions, for expenditure in medicine and hospital stores, for repairs of vessels, for partment, clothing; to be applied to any other of the abovementioned branches of expenditure in the same department; and that no transfers of appropriation, from or to other branches of expenditure, shall be hereafter made.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted. That no contract No contract to shall hereafter be made by the secretary of state, or of secretaries of dethe treasury, or of the department of war, or of the navy, cept under an except under a law authorizing the same, or under an or an adquate appropriation adequate to its fulfilment; and excepting appropriation also, contracts for the subsistence and clothing of the tracts for subsistency or navy, and contracts by the quartermaster's and quarte

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That no land shall purchased for be purchased on account of the United States, except the U sexept under authority

under a law authorizing such purchase.

[Approved, May 1, 1820.]

An act further to regulate the medical department of the army.*

CHAPTER CXIX.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Apothecary and assistant apothecaries of the United States of America in Congress caries general assembled, That the apothecary-general and assistant security, &c. apothecaries-general shall severally give bonds to the United States, with good and sufficient security, for the faithful performance of their duties, in such sums as shall be required by the surgeon general of the army, under the direction of the war department.

[Approved, May 8, 1820.]

CHAPTER CXX.

An act to limit the term of office of certain officers therein named, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-District atterpresentatives of the United States of America in Congress of customs, naval

*The offices of apothecary, and assistant-apothecary-general, are superseded by act of 2d March, 1821—See chapter 122.

ors of customs, moneys, regis-ters of land of-

officers, survey. assembled, 'That, from and after the passing of this act, all district attorneys, collectors of the customs, naval navy agents, re. and district accordings, ceivers of public officers and surveyors of the customs, navy agents, receivers of public moneys for lands, registers of the land fiers, paymaseters apothecary offices, paymasters in the army, the apothecary-general, general and assistant anotheraries-general, and the commissarymissary-general of purchases, to be appointed under the laws of of purchases, to Scheral of purchases, the appointed for the term of the appointed for the United States, shall be appointed for the term of able at pleasure, four years, but shall be removable from office at plea-

Commissions of officers now in office, to cease.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commission of each and every of the officers named in the first section of this act, now in office, unless vacated by removal from office, or otherwise, shall cease and expire in the manner following: All such commissions, bearing If on or before date on or before the thirtieth day of September, one 30th Sept 1814, at their dates en-thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall cease and 30th 30pt expire on the day and month of their proposition dates. expire on the day and month of their respective dates. which shall next ensue after the thirtieth day of September next; all such commissions, bearing date after the said thirtieth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and before the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and 30th Sept. 1821. sixteen, shall cease and expire on the day and month of their respective dates, which shall next ensue after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred All others, four and twenty-one. And all other such commissions shall dates. cease and expire at the expiration of the term of four years from their respective dates.

If after 30th Sept. 1814, and before 1st Oct. 1816, at their dates ensuing

The president

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be authorized, from lawful for the president of the United States, and he is regulate and in crease the sums hereby authorized, from time to time, as in his opinion in bonds required from offi. the interest of the United States may require, to regucers of the U.S. late and increase the sums for which the bonds required. or which may be required, by the laws of the United States, to be given by the said officers, and by all other officers employed in the disbursement of the public moneys under the direction of the war or navy departments, shall be given; and all bonds given in conformity with such regulations shall be as valid and effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if given for the sums respectively mentioned in the laws requiring the same.

Commissions of officers · mployed corded at the

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the commisin collecting resions of all officers employed in levying or collecting the made out and re-public revenue, shall be made out and recorded in the corded at the treasury department, and the seal of the said department affixed thereto; any law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That the said seal shall not be af- Proviso; presifixed to any such commission before the same shall have dent's signature been signed by the president of the United States.

[Approved, May 15, 1820.]

CHAPTER CXXI.

An act providing for the better organization of the treasury department.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-An officer, to be presentatives of the United States of America in Congress designated by the assembled, That it shall be the duty of such officer of president, as the treasury department as the president of the United treasury, to su-States shall, from time to time, designate for that pur- &c. for the reconose, as the agent of the treasury, to direct and superin- &c. for the nee tend all orders, suits, or proceedings, in law or equity, of the U. States, for the recovery of money, chattels, lands, tenements, or heriditaments, in the name, and for the use, of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and af- After 30th Sept. ter the thirtieth day of September next, if any collector ^{1820,} officers recover of the revenue, receiver of public money, or other officery before it cer, who shall have received the public money before it treasury, and is paid into the treasury of the United States, shall fail failing to active the public money before it treasury. to render his account, or pay over the same in the manner, or within the time, required by law, it shall be the duty of the first comptroller of the treasury to cause to The 1st compte be stated the account of such collector, receiver of pub-troller to state and certify the lic money, or other officer, exhibiting truly the amount amount due, due to the United States, and certify the same to the agent of the treasury, who is bereby authorized and required to issue a warrant of distress against such de-And the agent to linquent officer and his sureties, directed to the marshal issue a warrant of the district in which such delinquent officer and his gainst delinquent and sure-surety or sureties shall reside; and where the said offi-ties, to the marcer and his surety or sureties shall reside in different shall districts, or where they, or either of them, shall reside in a district other than that in which the estate of either may be situate, which may be intended to be taken and sold, then such warrant shall be directed to the marshals of such districts, and to their deputies, respectively; therein specifying the amount with which such

^{*}This act contains provisions, in much detail, relating to accountability, very interesting, if not necessary, to all disbursing officers of the army. It was, therefore, deemed advisable to insert it at large.

delinquent is chargeable, and the sums, if any, which

were taken, or in the town or county where the owner of such goods or chattels may reside; and if the goods

And the marshal authorized to execute

Marshal or depu- have been paid. ty to proceed to levy and collect o proceed to and collect, such warrant shall, by himself or by his deputy, proby discress and ceed to levy and collect the sum remaining due, by sale of goods and distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such de-Ten days' notice linquent officer, having given ten days' previous notice

of sale, at two or of such intended sale, by affixing an advertisement of more public the articles to be sold at two or more public places in places, &c. the town or county where the said goods or chattels

Warrant remaining unsatisfied by proceedings against delinquent, the mar-&cc.

more public places, &c.

Amount due by delinquent officer a lien upon lands, &c. of himself and sureties, from the date of a levy, &c.

For want of

Three weeks' notice of sale of lands, &c. at three public places.

Goods, &c. being and chattels be not sufficient to satisfy the said warrant, insufficient, the person of the same may be leviced upon the person of such officer, ficerishable, &c. who may be committed to prison, there to remain until discharged by due course of law. Notwithstanding the commitment of such officer, or if he abscond, or if goods and chattels cannot be found sufficient to satisfy the said warrant, the marshal or his deputy may and shall proshall may pro- warrant, the marshall of his deputy may and shall pro-ced against the reed to levy and collect the sum which remains of the sureties goods, such delicement of ion by the distriction and sale of the such delinquent officer, by the distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the surety or sureties of such offi-Ten days' notice cer, having given ten days' previous notice of such intended sale, by affixing an advertisement of the articles to be sold, at two or more public places in the town or county where the said goods or chattels were taken, or in the town or county where the owner of such goods or chattels resides. And the amount due by any such officer as aforesaid shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, a lien upon the lands, tenements, and heriditaments, of such officer and his surcties, from the date of a levy in pursuance of the warrant of distress issued against him or them, and a record thereof made in the office of the clerk of the district court of the proper district, until the same shall be discharged according to law. And for want of goods and chattels of such goods &c lands, officer, or his surety or sureties, sufficient to satisfy any &c, may be sold. warrant of distress issued pursuant to the provisions of this act, the lands, tenements, and heriditaments, of such officer, and his surety or sureties, or so much thereof as may be necessary for that purpose, after being advertised for at least three weeks in not less than three public places in the county or district where such real estate is situate, prior to the time of sale, may and shall be sold by the marshal of such district or his deputy; and for all lands, tenements, or heriditaments, sold in pursuance of the authority aforesaid, the conveyance of the marshals or Conveyance of the marshal to give a valid title their deputies, executed in due form of law, shall give to lands sold, &c.

formance of the duties required of such officer.

a valid title against all persons claiming under such delinquent officer, or his surety or sureties. And all mo-Remainder of news which may remain of the proceeds of such sales, after satisfying after satisfying the said warrant of distress, and paying warrant and costs, to be rethe reasonable costs and charges of the sale, shall be turned to definreturned to such delinquent officer or surety, as the case sureties. may be: Provided, That the summary process herein Proviso; summary directed shall not affect any surety of any officer of the ry process not to United States who became bound to the United States forethis act. before the passing of this act; but each and every such officer shall, on or before the thirtieth day of Septem-officers to give ber next, give new and sufficient sureties for the per-new sureties by

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after After 30th Sept. the thirtieth day of September next, if any officer em-ployed to disployed, or who has heretofore been emplayed, in the burse public mocivil, military, or naval departments of the government, Inquent, in reto disburse the public money appropriated for the ser-or paying over, vice of those departments, respectively, shall fail to second computational and the second computations are second computations. render his accounts, or to pay over, in the manner, and troller to state in the times, required by law, or the regulations of the account, and the department to which he is accountable, any sum of sury to proceed money remaining in the hands of such officer, it shall against them by be the duty of the first or second comptroller of the tress, &c., treasury, as the case may be, who shall be charged with the revision of the accounts of such officer, to cause to be stated and certified, the account of such delinquent officer, to the agent of the treasury, who is hereby authorized and required immediately to proceed against such delinquent officer, in the manner directed in the preceding section, all the provisions of which are hereby declared to be applicable to every officer of the government charged with the disbursement of the public money, and to their sureties, in the same manner, and to the same extent, as if they had been described and enumerated in the said section: Provided, nevertheless, That Provise; the the said agent of the treasury, with the approbation of agent, with ap-

will sustain no injury by such postponement. SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any per-recsons aggreed son should consider himself aggrieved by any warrant bill of complaint, issued under this act, he may prefer a bill of complaint to a district to any district judge of the United States, setting forth therein the nature and extent of the injury of which he

by this act, where, in his opinion, the public interest

the secretary of the treasury, in cases arising under secretary of the this or the preceding section, may postpone, for a rea-postpone pro-sonable time, the institution of the proceedings required

No injunction until bond and security.

Injunction not to impair the lien of the warrant.

merely for delay.

The judge may complains; and thereupon the judge aforesaid may, if in grant an injune-his opinion the case requires it, grant an injunction to stay proceedings on such warrant altogether, or for so much thereof as the nature of the case requires; but no injunction shall issue till the party applying for the same shall give bond and sufficient security, conditioned for the performance of such judgment as shall be awarded against the complainant, in such amount as the judge granting the injunction shall prescribe; nor shall the issuing of such injunction in any manner impair the lien produced by the issuing of such warrant. And the same proceedings shall be had on such injunction as in other cases, except that no answer shall be ne-Damages, if ap-cessary on the part of the United States; and if, upon plication for the dissolving the injunction, it shall appear to the satisfaction of the judge who shall decide upon the same, that the application for the injunction was merely for delay, in addition to the lawful interest which shall be assessed on all sums which may be found due against the complainant, the said judge is hereby authorized to add such damages as that, with the lawful interest, it shall not exceed the rate of ten per centum per annum on the principal sum.

Injunction, &c. either in or out of court.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That such injunctions may be granted or dissolved by such judge, either in or out of court.

Persons aggrievgrant relief.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person ed by the district shall consider himself aggrieved by the decision of such ply to a judge of judge, either in refusing to issue the injunction, or, if court, who may granted, on its dissolution, it shall be competent for such person to lay a copy of the proceedings had before the district judge before a judge of the supreme court. to whom authority is hereby given either to grant the injunction or permit an appeal, as the case may be, if, in the opinion of such judge of the supreme court, the equity of the case requires it; and thereupon the same proceedings shall be had upon such injunction in the circuit court, as are prescribed in the district court, and subject to the same conditions in all respects whatso-

Attorneys of the United States, to conform to instructions from the agent of the treasury.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the attorneys of the United States, for the several judicial districts of the United States, in the prosecution of all suits in the same, in the name and for the benefit of the United States, shall conform to such directions and instructions, touching the same, as shall, from time to time, be given to them, respectively, by the said agent of the treasury.

And it shall, moreover, be the duty of each of the said Attorneys, at the attorneys, immediately after the end of every term of end of every the district and circuit courts, or of any state court, in a stateme of of which any suit or action may be pending on behalf of &c, and info mathe United States, under the direction of any district &c., under the direction of any district &c., attorney, to forward to the said agent of the treasury a statement of the cases which have been decided during the said term, together with such information touching such cases as may not have been decided, as may be re-

quired by the said officer.

SEC. 8. And be it further enucted, That it shall be the clerks of Circuit duty of the clerks of the district and circuit courts and district within thirty days after the adjournment of each suc- days after term of the said courts, respectively. to forward of nagaments and the the said courts, respectively. to the said agent of the treasury, a list of all judgments to the agent, showing the and decrees which have been entered in the said courts, amount, &c. respectively, during such term, to which the United States are parties, showing the amount which has been so adjudged or decreed for or against the United States, and stating the term to which execution thereon will be returnable. And it shall, in like manner, be the daty of the marshals of the several judicial districts of the Marshals, within United States, within thirty days before the commence-term to make ment of the several terms of the said courts, to make agent, of pro-returns, to the said agent, of the proceedings which effections of wite have taken place upon all writs of execution or other process which have been placed in his hands for the collection of the money which has been so adjudged and decreed to the United States in the said courts respectively.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That nothing in Nothing in this act to impair this act contained shall be construed to take away or im-any right or repair any right or remedy which the United States now eeding laws, for have, by law, for the recovery of taxes, debts, or de-debts, &c. [Approved, May 15, 1820.] mands.

CHAPTER CXXII.

An act to reduce and fix the military peace establishment of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- Military peace establishment, presentatives of the United States of America in Congress after 1st June, assembled, That, from and after the first day of June next, the military peace establishment of the United States shall be composed of four regiments of artillery,

and seven regiments of infantry, with such officers of engineers, of ordnance, and of the staff, as are berein-

after provided for. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That each regi-

Artillery.

Light artillery. A supernumeraordnance duty.

Infantry.

ment of artillery shall consist of one colonel, one licutenant-colonel, one major, one sergeant major, one quartermaster-sergeant, and nine companies, one of which shall be designated and equipped as light artillery: and that there shall be attached to each regiment of artillery one supernumerary captain to perform ordnance duty; and that each company shall consist of one captain, two first lientenants, two second lientenants, four sergeants, four corporals, three artificers, two musicians, and forty-two privates. That each regiment of infantry shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel; one major, one sergeant major, one quartermaster-sergeant, two principal musicians, and ten companies; each of which shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second licutement, three sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and forty-two privates; and that to each regiment of artillery and infantry there shall be one ad-Adjutant to each intant, who shall be taken from the subalterns of the line.

regiment.

Engineers retain d-except bombardiers.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the corps of engineers, (bombardiers excepted,) and the topographical engineers, and their assistants, shall be retained in service as at present organized.

Ordnance depart ment merged in the artillery.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the ordnance department shall be merged in the artillery; and that the president of the United States be, and he is hereby. authorized to select, from the regiments of artillery,

Artiflery officers such officers as may be necessary to perform ordnance to perform ord-nance duties, who, while so detached, shall receive the pay and emoluments now received by ordnance officers, and shall be subject only to the orders of the war depart-

Enlisted men of ment; and that the number of enlisted men in the ordordnance department be reduced to fifty-six.

Sec. 5. And be it further cuacted, That there shall ral with two aids, and two his be one major-general, with two aids-de-camp; two brigadier-generals, each with one aid-de-camp; and that Aids from subol- the aids-de-camp taken from the subalterns of the line, terns of the line, and, in addition to their duties, shall perform the duties

of assistant adjutant-general.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall One adjutant and be one adjutant-general, and two inspectors-general, general, with rank. See of co-with the rank, pay, and emoluments, of colonels of cavalry.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall A quartermas, be one quartermaster-general; that there shall be two ter general. quartermasters, with the rank, pay, and emoluments, of Two quarters, majors of cavalry; and ten assistant quartermasters. Ten assistant who shall, in addition to their pay in the line, receive a quartermasters, with additional sum not less than ten dollars, nor more than twenty dol-pay, lars, per month, to be regulated by the secretary of war.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a commissaryone commissary general of subsistence; and that there sistence. shall be as many assistant commissaries as the service Assistant commay require, not exceeding fifty, who shall be taken missaries not exceeding fifty, from the subalterns of the line, and shall, in addi-with auditional tion to their pay in the line, receive a sum not less pay. than ten, nor more than twenty, dollars per month; and Assistant quarthat the assistant quartermasters, and assistant commis-termasters and saries of subsistence, shall be subject to duties in both subject to duties departments, under the orders of the secretary of war. in both depart-

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a paymaster-general and four-one paymaster general, with the present compensation, teen paymasters. and fourteen paymasters, with the pay and emoluments of regimental paymasters; and that there shall be one Commissary of commisary of purchases, and two military storekeepers, purchases, Military storekeepers, purchases, to be attached to the purchasing department.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the medical A surgeon-genedepartment shall consist of one surgeon general, eight ralsurgeons, with the compensation of regimental sur-Eight surgeons. geons, and forty-five assistant surgeons, with the com- Forty-five assistant surgeons.

pensation of post surgeons.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the officers. Rank. pay, &c. non-commissioned officers, artificers, musicians, and there is special privates, retained by this act, except those specially pro-provision to be according to exvided for, shall have the same rank, pay, and emolu-ising laws. ments, as are provided, in like cases, by existing laws; and that the force authorized and continued in service The force continued that the force authorized and continued in service The force continued, subject to the rules and articles the rules and articles the rules of war. of war.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the presi The president to cause the force dent of the United States cause to be arranged the offi retained to be cers, non-commissioned officers, artificers, musicians, pleted out of the and privates, of the several corps now in the service of corps now in serthe United States, in such manner as to form and complete, out of the same, the force authorized by this act, supernumerary and cause the supernumerary officers, non-commissioned officers, &c. to officers, artificers, musicians, and privates, to be discharged from the service of the United States.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That there shall three months' he allowed and paid to each commissioned officer who have the commission-

ed officers discharged in pur suance of this act.

shall be discharged from the service of the United 'States in pursuance of this act, three months' pay, in addition to the pay and emoluments to which he may be entitled by law at the time of his discharge.

General regulations, approved and adopted for in the service of the U. States.

SEC. 14.* And be it further enacted, That the system of "General Regulations for the Army," compiled by the army, and the major-general Scott, shall be, and the same is hereby, approved and adopted for the government of the army of the United States, and of the militia when in the service of the United States.

[Approved, March 2, 1821.]

CHAPTER CXXIII.

An act to repeal the fourteenth section of "An act to reduce and fix the military peace establishment," passed the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one.

The 14th sectio of the act to reduce and fix the mili ary peace establishment, &c. repealed.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the fourteenth section of the act, entitled "An act to reduce and fix the military peace establishment," passed the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. [Approved, May 7, 1822.]

CHAPTER CXXIV.

An act to continue the present mode of supplying the army of the United States.

The 7th, 8th, 9th, & 10th sec tions of act of session of congress.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth 14th April, 1818, sections of the act, entitled "An act regulating the staff continued in force for five years, and to the army," † passed April fourteenth, eighteen hungars, and to the dred and eighteen, be, and the same are hereby, contiend of the next nued in force for the term of five years, and until the end of the next session of congress thereafter.

[Approved, January 23, 1823.]

-CHAPTER CXXV.

An act concerning the disbursement of public money.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-No advance of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress be made.

*This section is repealed by the next succeeding chapter. †See chapter 109.

assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, no advance of public money shall be made in any case whatever; but in all cases of contracts for the performance of any service, or the delivery of articles of any description, for the use of the United States, payment shall not exceed the value of the service rendered, or of the articles delivered previously to such payment: Provided, That it shall be lawful, under the Proviso. special direction of the president of the United States, to make such advances to the disbursing officers of the government, as may be necessary to the faithful and prompt discharge of their respective duties, and to the fulfilment of the public engagements: And provided, also, Proviso. That the president of the United States may direct such advances, as he may deem necessary and proper, to such persons in the military and naval service as may be employed on distant stations, where the discharge of the pay and emoluments to which they may be entitled, cannot be regularly effected.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That every officer officers or agents or agent of the United States, who shall receive public of the U. States, money which he is not authorized to retain, as salary, ter-yearly. pay, or emolument, shall render his accounts quarteryearly to the proper accounting officers of the treasury, with the vouchers necessary to the correct and prompt settlement thereof, within three months, at least, after the expiration of each successive quarter, if resident within the United States; and within six months if resident in a foreign country: Provided, That nothing Proviso. herein contained shall be construed to restrain the secretaries of any of the departments from requiring such returns from any officer or agent, subject to the control of such secretaries, as the public interest may re-

quire.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every officer officers or agents or agent of the United States, who shall offend against the preceding the provisions of the preceding sections, shall, by the promptly resofficer charged with the direction of the department to which such offending officer is responsible, be promptly the provident of the United States, and distributions of the United States of the United missed from the public service: Provided, That in all Provise. cases, where any officer, in default as aforesaid, shall account to the satisfaction of the president for such default, he may be continued in office, any thing in the foregoing provision to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no security No security given to, or obligation entered into with, the govern-given to, or obli-

into with, the go- ment, shall be in any wise impaired, by the dismissing vernment, to be impaired by disany officer, or from failure of the president to dismiss missel or non-disany officer coming under the provisions of this act.

[Approved, January 31, 1823.]

CHAPTER CXXVI.

An act to establish a national armory on the western waters.

President authorized to form a board to examine a site for a national armory on the western waters.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ a skilful engineer or officer of the ordnance department, with such other person or persons as he may judge proper, to examine the most suitable site for a national armory on the western waters; and that the said engineer, and such other person or persons be requested to report the result of their examinations to congress at the commencement of its next session, particularly designating the sites by them examined, with the comparative advantages of each, and an estimate showing the amount necessary for purchasing each, and erecting all necessary buildings thereon.

Appropriation.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to effect the object of this act.

[Approved, March 3, 1823.]

CHAPTER CXXVII.

An act to allow further time to complete the issuing and locating of military land warrants.

The issuing of land warrants revived and con tinued in force for five years.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority granted to the secretary of the department of war, by an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, to issue warrants for the military land bounties, to persons entitled thereto, shall be revived and continued in force for the term of five years.

[Approved, May 26, 1824.]

CHAPTER CXXVIII.*

Resolutions, expressive of the sense of congress of the gallantry and good conduct with which the reputation of the arms of the United States has been sustained by major-general Brown, major-general Scott, major general Porter, major-general Gaines, major-general Macomb, and brigadiers Ripley and Miller.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of The thanks of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Brown, his offithe thanks of congress be, and they are hereby, pre-their gallantry, sented to major-general Brown, and, through him, to &c. at Chipper the Grant Brown, and through him, to &c. at Chipper the Grant Brown, and the Grant Brown, and the garagnetic way, Niggara, and the officers and men, of the regular army, and of the mi- Erie, &c. litia, under his command, for their gallantry and good conduct in the successive battles of Chippewa, Niagara, and Erie, in Upper Canada, in which British veteran troops were beaten and repulsed by equal or inferior number; and that the president of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, emblema- A gold medal to tical of these triumphs, and presented to major-general Gen. Brown.

Brown.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be a gold medal to requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, with suit- &c. able emblems and devices, and presented to major-general Scott, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of his distinguished services in the successive conflicts of Chippewa, and Niagara, and of his uniform gallantry and good conduct in sustaining the reputation of the arms of the United States.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be Gold medals to requested to cause gold medals to be struck, with suita-Gens, Ripley, Miller, and Porble emblems and devices, and presented to brigadier-ter, &c. general Ripley, brigadier-general Miller, and majorgeneral Porter, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of their gallantry and good conduct in the several conflicts of Chippewa, Niagara, and Erie.

Resolved, That the thanks of congress be, and they The thanks of are hereby, presented to major-general Gaines, and, Gaines, officers, through him, to the officers and men under his command, and men, &c. for their gallantry and good conduct, in defeating the enemy at Erie on the fifteenth of August; repelling, with great slaughter, the attack of a British veteran army, superior in number; and that the president of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be A gold medal to struck, emblematical of this triumph, and presented to Gen. Gaines. major-general Gaines.

*The resolutions which constitute this and the two succeeding chapters, though they do not come within the original design of the work, are nevertheless deemed highly worthy of a place in conclusion, and are, therefore, inserted here.

The thanks of Macomb, officers, the militia, &c.

Resolved. That the thanks of congress be, and they congress to Gen. are hereby, presented to major-general Macomb, and, Macomb, omeers, and to through him, to the officers and men of the regular army under his command, and to the militia and volunteers of New York and Vermont, for their gallantry and good conduct in defeating the enemy at Plattsburg, on the eleventh of September; repelling, with one thousand five hundred men, aided by a body of militia and volunteers from New York and Vermont, a British veteran army, greatly superior in number; and that the president of the United States be requested to cause a A gold medal to gold medal to be struck, emblematical of this triumph.

and presented to major-general Macomb. Gen. Macomb.

[Approved, November 3, 1814.]

CHAPTER CXXIX.

Resolutions expressive of the thanks of congress to major general Jackson, and the troops under his command, for their gallantry and good conduct in the defence of New Orleans.

The thanks of soldiers, militia, and volunteers, &c.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of congress to Gen. the United States of America in Congress assembled, Jackson, officers, That the thanks of congress be, and they are hereby, given to major-general Jackson, and, through him, to the officers and soldiers of the regular army, of the militia, and of the volunteers, under his command, the greater proportion of which troops consisted of militia and volunteers, suddenly collected together, for their uniform gallantry and good conduct, conspicuously displayed against the enemy, from the time of his landing before New Orleans, until his final expulsion therefrom; and particularly for their valor, skill, and good conduct, on the eighth of January last, in repulsing, with great slaughter, a numerous British army, of chosen veteran troops, when attempting, by a bold and daring attack, to carry by storm the works hastily thrown up for the protection of New Orleans; and thereby obtaining a most signal victory over the enemy, with a disparity of loss, on his part, unexampled in military annals.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to cause to be struck, a gold medal, with devices emblematical of this splendid achievement, and presented to major-general Jackson, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of his judicious and distinguished conduct on that memorable occasion.

A gold medal to Gen. Jackson, &c.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be The president requested to cause the foregoing resolutions to be com-requested to cause the premunicated to major-general Jackson, in such terms as ceding resoluhe may deem best calculated to give effect to the objects municated to thereof. [Approved, February 27, 1815.]

CHAPTER CXXX.

Resolution directing medals to be struck, and, together with the thanks of congress, presented to major general Harrison and governor Shelby, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives Thanks of conof the United States of America in Congress assembled. Bress to general That the thanks of congress be, and they are hereby, kee, for gallantry presented to major-general William Henry Harrison, and good conduct and Isaac Shelby, late governor of Kentucky, and, British and Inthrough them, to the officers and men under their com- dians on the Thames, &c. mand, for their gallantry and good conduct in defeating the combined British and Indian forces under major-general Proctor, on the Thames, in Upper Canada, on the fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, capturing the British army, with their baggage, camp equipage, and artillery; and that the president of the United States be requested to cause two gold medals to be struck, emblematical of this triumph, Gold medals to and presented to general Harrison, and Isaac Shelby, late governor of Kentucky. [Approved, April 4, 1818.]



APPENDIX:

CONTAINING

Select Laws relating to the Militia of the United States.

CHAPTER I.

An act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-Every able bopresentatives of the United States of America in Congress died white male assembled, That each and every free able bodied white age of 18, and male citizen of the respective states, resident therein, to be enrolled, who is or shall be of the age of eighteen years, and &c. under the age of forty-five years, (except as is hereinafter excepted,) shall, severally and respectively, be enrolled in the militia by the captain or commanding officer of the company, within whose bounds such citizen shall reside, and that within twelve months after the passing of this act. And it shall, at all times hereafter, Duty of captains be the duty of every such captain or commanding officer with respect to of a company, to eurol every such citizen, as aforesaid, and also those who shall, from time to time, arrive at the age of eighteen years, or, being of the age of eighteen years and under the age of forty-five years, (except as before excepted,) shall come to reside within his bounds; and shall, without delay, notify such citizen of the said enrolment, by a proper non-commissioned officer of the company, by whom such notice may be proved. That every citizen so enrolled and notified, shall, within six citizens enrolled, months thereafter, provide himself with a good musket, to provide themor firelock, a sufficient bayonet and belt, two spare flints, and account ments in six and a knapsack, a pouch, with a box therein to contain months after ennot less than twenty-four cartridges, suited to the bore of rolment, &c. his musket or firelock, each cartridge to contain a proper quantity of powder and ball: or, with a good rifle, knap-

^{*}See additional act of 2d March, 1803, chapter 5, appendix, by which the provisions of this act are modified in some respects.

to exercise, &c. except, &ce.

sack, shot pouch, and powder horn, twenty balls, suited to the hore of his rifle, and a quarter of a pound of pow-Milliamen to ap der; and shall appear, so armed, accounted, and pro-Sc. vided, when called out to exercise, or into service; except, that when called out on company days to exercise only, he may appear without a knapsack. commissioned officers shall, severally, be armed with a sword or hanger, and espontoon; and that, from and after five years from the passing of this act, all muskets for arming the militia, as herein required, shall be of Muskets to carry bores sufficient for balls of the eighteenth part of a balls eighteen to And every citizen so enrolled, and providing pound. himself with the arms, ammunition, and accontrements, Arms, &c. free required as aforesaid, shall hold the same exempted from all suits, distresses, executions, or sales, for debt, or for the payment of taxes.

the pound.

from distress, executions, &c.

Enumeration of this act.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the vice-preofficers, and persident of the United States; the officers, judicial and exempt from mili-ecutive, of the government of the United States; the members of both houses of congress and their respective officers; all custom-house officers, with their clerks; all post officers, and stage drivers, who are employed in the care and conveyance of the mail of the post office of the United States; all ferrymen employed at any ferry on the post road; all inspectors of exports; all pilots; all mariners, actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States; and all persons who now are, or may hereafter be, exempted by the laws of the respective states, shall be, and are hereby, exempted from militia duty, notwithstanding their being above the age of eighteen, and under the age of forty-five years.

Militia in each state to be arlatures thereof may direct.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That within one ranged into divi-year after the passing of this act, the militia of the resions, brigades, see as the legis spective states shall be arranged into divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions, and companies, as the legislature of each state shall direct; and each division, brigade, and regiment, shall be numbered at the formation thereof; and a record made of such numbers in the adjutant-general's office in the state; and when in the field, or in service in the state, each division, brigade and regiment shall, respectively, take rank according to their numbers, reckoning the first or lowest number Organization of highest in rank. That, if the same be convenient, each brigade shall consist of four regiments; each regiment of two battalions; each battalion of five companies; each company of sixty-four privates. That the said militia

brigades, regiments, &ce.

shall be officered by the respective states, as follows: To be officered To each division, one major-general and two aids de-the manner here camp, with the rank of major; to each brigade, one bri- presented. gadier-general, with one brigade-inspector, to serve also as brigade-major, with the rank of a major; to each regiment, one lieutenant-colonel commandant; and to each battalion, one major; to each company, one captain, one lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, four corporals, one drummer, and one fifer or bugler. That there shall be a regimental staff. to consist of one adjutant and one quartermaster, to rank as lieutenants; one paymaster; one surgeon, and one surgeon's mate: one sergeant-major; one drum-major, and one fife-major.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That out of the mi- one company of litia enrolled, as is herein directed, there shall be infamey or rifeformed, for each battalion, at least one company of gre-men, to each bat-talion. nadiers, light infantry, or riflemen; and that, to each division, there shall be at least one company of artillery, A company of and one troop of horse: there shall be to each company artillery & troop of horse to each of artillery, one captain, two lieutenants, four sergeants, divisionfour corporals, six gunners, six bombardiers, one drummer, and one fifer. The officers to be armed with a sword, or hanger, a fusee, bayonet and belt, with a cartridge box, to contain twelve cartridges; and each private, or matross, shall furnish bimself with all the equipments of a private in the infantry, until proper ordnance and field artillery is provided. There shall be, to each troop of horse, one captain, two lientenants, one Officers of the cornet, four sergeants, four corporals, one saddler, one dragoous, their horses, arm, &c. farrier, and one trumpeter. The commissioned officers to furnish themselves with good horses, of at least, fourteen hands and an half high, and to be armed with a sword, and pair of pistols, the holsters of which to be covered with bearskin caps. Each dragoon to furnish Dragoons, their himself with a serviceable horse, at least fourteen hands horses, arms, &c. and an half high, a good saddle, bridle, mail villion, and valise, holsters, and a breast plate and crupper, a pair of boots and spurs, a pair of pistols, a sabre, and a cartouch box, to contain twelve cartridges for pistols. That each company of artillery and troop of horse shall company of arbe formed of volunteers from the brigade, at the discre-tillery and troop of horse to be tion of the commander-in-chief of the state, not ex-formed at volunceeding one company of each to a regiment, nor more in teers, &c. number than one-eleventh part of the infantry, and shall be uniformly clothed in regimentals, to be furnished at their own expense; the color and fashion to be determined by the brigadier commanding the brigade to which they belong.

Colors to battalions and regiments, and by whom provided,

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That each battalion and regiment shall be provided with the state and regimental colors, by the field officers, and each company with a drum, and fife or bugle horn, by the commissioned officers of the company, in such manner as the legislature of the respective states shall direct.

An adjutant-ge-neral in each state.

His duties.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, there shall be an adjutant-general appointed in each state, whose daty it shall be to distribute all orders from the commander-in-chief of the state to the several corps; to attend all public reviews, when the commander-in-chief of the state shall review the militia, or any part thereof; to obey all orders from him, relative to carrying into execution and perfecting the system of military discipline established by this act; to fornish blank forms of different returns, that may be required, and to explain the principles on which they should be made; to receive from the several officers of the different corps. throughout the state, returns of the militia under their command, reporting the actual situation of their arms, accontrements, and ammunition, their delinquencies, and every other thing which relates to the general advancement of good order and discipline: All which, the several officers of the divisions, brigades, regiments, and battalions, are hereby required to make, in the usual manner, so that the said adjutant-general may be duly furnished therewith: From all which returns, he shall make proper abstracts, and lay the same annually before the commander-in chief of the state.

in 1779; except,

Rules of discip-fine, the same as of discipline, approved and established by congress, in their resolution of the twenty-ninth of March, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, shall be the roles of discipline to be observed by the militia throughout the United States; except such deviations from the said rules as may be rendered necessary by the requisitions of this act, or by some other unavoidable circumstances. commanding of It shall be the duty of the commanding officer, at every ficers to train mi- muster, whether by battalion, regiment, or single company, to cause the militia to be exercised and trained agreeably to the said rules of discipline.

litia according to the rules pre-scribed.

^{*}This section is repealed by act of 12th May, 1820, chapter 10, appendix, which adopts, for the militia of the United States, the system of discipline and held exercise observed by the regular army The rules of 1779, here referred to, were contained in the system prepared by the baron Steuben, which was examined and amended by general Washing. ton prior to its adoption by congress.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That all commis- Commissioned of sioned officers shall take rank according to the date of ficers to take their commissions; and when two of the same grade to date, &c. bear an equal date, then their rank to be determined by lot, to be drawn, by them, before the commanding officer of the brigade, regiment, battalion, company, or detachment.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person, Militiamen whether officer or soldier, belonging to the militia of wounded and disappears any state, and called out into the service of the United service, to be States, be wounded or disabled while in actual service, provided for, &c. he shall be taken care of and provided for at the public

expense.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be Duties of brigade the duty of the brigade-inspector to attend the regi-inspectors, mental and battalion meetings of the militia composing their several brigades, during the time of their being under arms, to inspect their arms, ammunition, and accontrements; superintend their exercise and manoeuvres, and introduce the system of military discipline, before described, throughout the brigade, agreeable to law, and such orders as they shall, from time to time, receive from the commander-in chief of the state; to make returns to the adjutant-general of the state, at least once in every year, of the militia of the brigade to which he belongs, reporting therein the actual situation of the arms, accoutrements, and ammunition, of the several corps, and every other thing which, in his judgment, may relate to their government and the general advancement of good order and military discipline; and the adjutant-general shall make a return of all the militia of the state, to the commander-in-chief of the said state, and a duplicate of the same to the president of the United States.

And whereas sundry corps of artillery, cavalry, and infantry, now exist in several of the said states, which, by the laws, customs, or usages, thereof, have not been incorporated with, or subject to, the general regulations of the militia:

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That such corps Existing corps to retain their accustomed privileges, subject, nevertheless, retain their action all other duties required by this act in like manner leges; subject, [Approved, May 8, 1792.] with the other militia.

CHAPTER II.

An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates, of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes.

Monthly rate of pay of non com-missioned officers. privates, &c. of the mili tia, when called into service.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, the allowance of bounty, clothing, and pay, to the noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the infantry, artillery, and cavalry, of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, shall be at the rate per month, as follows: Each sergeant-major and quartermaster-sergeant, nine dollars; each drum and fife-major, eight dollars and thirty-three cents; each sergeant, eight dollars; each corporal, drummer, fifer, and trumpeter, seven dollars and thirty-three cents; each farrier, saddler, and artificer, (included as a private,) eight dollars; each gunner, bombardier, and private, six dollars and sixty-six cents.

Allowances to cavalry for use, &c. and in lieu of rations and 10rage, when, Sic.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the monthly pay, there shall be allowed to each officer, non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, of the cavalry, for the use of his horse, arms, and accoutrements, and for the risk thereof, except of horses killed in action, forty cents per day; and to each noncommissioned officer, musician, and private, twenty-five cents per day, in lieu of rations and forage, when they shall provide the same.

Pay to commence from the time of appearing at rendez-Fous.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever the militia shall be called into the actual service of the United States, their pay shall be deemed to commence from the day of their appearing at the places of battalion, regimental, or brigade, rendezvous; allowing to each non-commissioned officer, musician, and private A day's pay. &c. soldier, a day's pay and rations for every fifteen miles for every fifteen from his home to such place of rendezvous, and the same allowance for travelling home from the place of discharge.

place of rendezvous. &c.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in addition Pay in addition, Sec. 4. And we is jurtuely endeted, the shall be its landy called to the pay heretofore authorized by law, there shall be its landy called allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers, mufact in the same actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers actual allowed actual allowed and paid to the non-commissioned officers actual allowed actual allowed actual allowed actual allowed actual allowed actual allowed actual actu sicians, and privates, of the militia lately called forth into the actual service of the United States, on an expedition to fort Pitt, such sums as shall, with the pay heretofore by law established, be equal to the allowances respectively provided in the first and second sec-

tions of this act. Provided, nevertheless, That the com- Proviso; the compensations made by any state, to the militia called forth pensation made from goals of the pany state to from such state, shall be deemed to be included in the be included, &co additional allowance authorized by this act; and such The states end-state shall be entitled to receive. from the treasury of from the treasurthe United States, such sums as they shall have paid by shell have paid they have paid, or allowed, to the non-commissioned officers, musicians, &c. and privates, over and above the pay heretofore allowed by law, and not exceeding the additional allow-

ance granted by this act.

SEC. 5.* And be it further enacted. That, for the com- Additional pay pleting and better supporting the military establishment listed, &c. of the United States, as provided by the act, entitled "An act making further and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States." there shall be allowed and paid, from and after the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety five, to each non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, now in service, or hereafter to be enlisted, the additional pay of one dollar per month, during the terms of their respective enlistments; and to each soldier now Additional bourin the service of the United States, or discharged enlisting, &c. therefrom, subsequent to the third day of March last, who shall re-enlist after the first day of January next, an additional bounty of eight dollars, making the entire bounty sixteen dollars; and to each person not now in the army of the United States, or discharged, as above, who shall enlist after the said first day of January next, an additional bounty of six dollars, making the entire bounty fourteen dollars; but the payment of The payment of four dollars of each additional bounty hereby granted, tional bounty deshall be deferred until the soldier enlisting shall join the ferred, &c. regiment or corps in which he is to serve.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That to those in Additional allowthe military service of the United States, who are, or sions to those in shall be, employed on the western frontiers, there shall the military service who are embe allowed, during the time of their being so employed, played on the two ounces of flour or bread, and two ounces of beef or tiers, &c. pork, in addition to each of their rations, and half a pint of salt, in addition to every hundred of their rations.

[Approved, January 2, 1795.]

*This, and the next succeeding section, relate to the regular army. Similar provisions will be found incorporated in the act of 30th May, 1796, to ascertain and fix the military establishment of the United States, which may be regarded as superseding these-See chapter 26, sections 7, 11, & 12.

CHAPTER III.

An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes.*

tu case of invaders to the militia officers, &c.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Resion. See, the pre- presentatives of the United States of America in Congress for he militia assembled, That whenever the United States shall be inmost convenient, vaded, or be in imminent danger of invasion, from any foreign nation or Indian tribe, it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to call forth such number of the militia of the state, or states, most convenient to the place of danger, or scene of action, as he may judge necessary to repel such invasion, and to issue his orders, for that purpose, to such officer or officers of the militia as he shall think proper. And in case of an in-In case of insur-surrection in any state, against the government thereof, it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, of a state, the president, on application of the legislature of such state, or of the president or application, &c. executive, (when the ... g and forth such number of the militia of any other the militia of call forth such number of the militia of any other states, &c. or states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, &c. or states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, &c. or states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, &c. or states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, &c. or states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, &c. or states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for, as he may judge sufficient states, as may be applied for the militation of the

In case of oppoby powerful combinations, &c. the president may call forth the militia

rection against

the government

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever the laws of the United States shall be opposed, or the execution thereof obstructed, in any state, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordiof any state, &c. nary course of judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshals by this act, it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to call forth the militia of such state, or of any other state or states, as may be necessary to suppress such combinations, and to cause the laws to be duly executed; and the use of militia so to be called forth may be continued, if necessary, until the expiration of thirty days after the commencement of the then next session of congress.

Whenever the military force is necessary, the president, by proclamation, to surgents to disperse, &c.

SEC. 3. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That whenever it may be necessary, in the judgment of the president, to use the military force hereby directed command the in- to be called forth, the president shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insargents to disperse, and refire peaceably to their respective abode, within a limited time.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the militia Militia, in service, to be subemployed in the service of the United States, shall be je to the rules and articles of subject to the same rules and articles of war as the war, &c.

^{*}See supplementary act, chapter 6, appendix.

troops of the United States: And that no officer, non-militia not to commissioned officer, or private, of the militia, shall be serve more than compelled to serve more than three months after his ar- arrival at the rival at the place of rendezvous, in any one year, nor vous, &c. more than in due rotation with every other able bodied man of the same rank in the battalion to which he be-

longs.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every officers, privates non-commissioned officer, or private, of the militia. who see failing to shall fail to obey the orders of the president of the United dent. See, for States, in any of the cases before recited, shall forfeit a ceeding, &c. sum not exceeding one year's pay, and not less than one month's pay, to be determined and adjudged by a courtmartial; and such officer shall, moreover, be liable to be officers liable, cashiered by sentence of a court-martial, and be incapa-moreover, to be cashiered, &c. citated from holding a commission in the militia, for a term not exceeding twelve months, at the discretion of the said court: And such non-commissioned officers and Non-commissioned privates shall be liable to be imprisoned, by a like sen ed officers and privates libble to tence, on failure of the payment of fines adjudged against be imprisoned on failing to pay them, for one calendar month, for every five dollars of fines, &c. such fine.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That courts-martial courts martial for the trial of militia shall be composed of militia offi fiers only. cers only.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That all fines to be fines to be error assessed, as aforesaid, shall be certified by the presiding siding officer of officer of the court-martial before whom the same shall fail to the marshal of the district in which the shall ke, who is to levy, &c. delinquent shall reside, or to one of his deputies, and also to the supervisor of the revenue of the same district, who shall record the said certificate in a book to be kept for that purpose. The said marshal, or his deputy, shall forthwith proceed to levy the said fines, with costs. by sale of distraindistress and sale of the goods and chattels of the delin-ed goods according to state laws quent; which costs, and the manner of proceeding, &c. with respect to the sale of the goods distrained, shall be agreeable to the laws of the state in which the same shall be, in other cases of distress. And where any non-commissioned officer or private shall be adjudged where non-comto suffer imprisonment, there being no goods or chattels and privates are to be found whereof to levy the said fines, the marshal adjudged to sufof the district on his deputy, mark account and the district of the d of the district, or his deputy, may commit such delin-neut &c. the quent to gaol, during the term for which he shall be so may commit, &c. adjudged to imprisonment, or until the fine shall be paid, in the same manner as other persons condemned to fine and imprisonment at the suit of the United States may be committed,

The marshals to pay fines to supervisors, &c.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the marshals and their deputies shall pay all such fines by them levied, to the supervisor of the revenue in the district in which they are collected, within two months after they shall have received the same, deducting therefrom five per centum as a compensation for their trouble; and in case of failure, the same shall be recoverable by action of debt or information, in any court of the United States, of the district in which such fines shall be levied, having cognizance thereof, to be sued for, prosecuted, and recovered, in the name of the supervisor of the district, with interest and costs.

Five per cent. compensation to the marshal. The mar hals failing to pay over, may be sued, &c.

Marshals, in ex-

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the marshals eewing the hard of the several districts, and the deputies, shall have ed as sheriffs, &c., the same powers, in executing the laws of the United States, as sheriffs and their deputies, in the several states, have by law in executing the laws of the respective states.

The act mentioned, repealed,

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions." passed the second day of May, one thousand seven bundred and ninety-two, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

[Approved, February 28, 1795.]

CHAPTER IV.

An act providing arms for the militia throughout the United States.*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-30,000 stand of arms to pro vided, for ale to presentatives of the United States of America in Congress the stare govern-assembled, That there shall be provided, at the charge ments, &c. and expense of the government of the United States, thirty thousand stand of arms, which shall be deposited, by order of the president of the United States, at suitable places, for the purpose of being sold to the governments of the respective states, or the militia thereof, under such regulations, and at such prices, as the president of the United States shall prescribe.

Arms remaining unsold may be derivered to the milicia when called into service, &:c.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to ause all or any part of the arms herein directed to be provided and deposited for sale, which shall, at any

^{*}See act of 23d April, 1808, chapter 56.

time, remain unsold, to be delivered to the militia, when called into the service of the United States, proper receipts and security being given for the return of the same.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the moneys Amount of sales arising from such sales shall be paid into the treasury the treasury, &c. of the United Stases, and the amount received shall be

annually reported to congress.

SEC. 4 And be it further enacted, That, for the pur-Appropriation of pose of carrying this act into effect, the president of the the purposes of United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to this act. draw from the treasury of the United States a sum not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any meney in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, July 6, 1798.]

CHAPTER V.

An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States,"*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re- The adjutant general of the milipresentatives of the United States of America in Congress tia in each state, assembled. That it shall be the duty of the adjutant-ge- to make return, neral of the militia, in each state, to make return of the annually, &c. militia of the state to which he belongs, with their arms, accoutrements, and ammunition, agreeably to the directions of the act to which this is an addition, to the president of the United States, annually, on or before the first Monday in January, in each year: and it shall be the duty of the secretary of war, from time to time, to The secretary of give such directions to the adjutant-generals of the mi-rections to the litia, as shall, in his opinion, be necessary to produce rals, &c. and lay an uniformity in the said returns, and he shall lay an fore congress, anabstract of the same before congress, on or before the nually. first Monday of February, annually.

first Monday of February, annually.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That, every citi-rolled in the militia, shall be constantly prolitia, to be constantly prolitia, to be constantly prowided with arms, accourtements, and ammunition, agreewith a manufacturery agreements, and ammunition, agreewith a manufacturery agreements, and a manufacturery agreements, and a manufacturery agreements. ably to the direction of the said act, from and after he fied, &c. shall be duly notified of his enrolment; and any notice Notice to muster, and any notice according to the or warning to the citizens so enrolled, to attend a com-laws of a state, pany, battalion, or regimental muster, or training, gal notice of enwhich shall be according to the laws of the state in rolment,

^{*}For original act, see chapter 1, appendix.

which it is given for that purpose, shall be deemed a

legal notice of his enrolment.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition and chaplains to to the officers provided for by the said act, there shall the militia, &c. be, to the militia of each state, one quartermaster general, to each brigade one quartermaster of brigade, and to each regiment one chaplain.

[Approved, March 2, 1803.]

CHAPTER VI.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes," and to increase the pay of volunteer and militia corps.*

Fines imposed by

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Recourts-martial to presentatives of the United States of America in Congress omprofiler of assembled, That, in every case in which a court-martial shall have adjudged and determined a fine against any officer, non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, of the militia, for any of the causes specified in the act to which this act is a supplement, or in the fourth section of an act, entitled "An act to authorize a detachment from the militia of the United States,"+ all such fines, so assessed, shall be certified to the comptroller of the treasury of the United States, in the same manner as the act to which this act is a supplement directed the same to be certified to the supervisor of the revenue.

Marshals to pay SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, I hat the marshals fines, within two shall pay all fines which have been levied and collected months after col. shall pay all fines which have been levied and collected SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, 'I hat the marshals lection, into the hy them, or their respective deputies, under the authotreasury, deduct hy them, or their respective deputies, under the authoingfive per cent. Lity of the acts herein referred to, into the treasury of the United States, within two months after they shall have received the same, deducting five per centum for their own trouble; and in case of failure, it shall be the duty of the comptroller of the treasury to give notice to the district attorney of the United States, who shall proceed against the said marshal in the district court.

by attachment, for the recovery of the same.

*For original act, see chapter 3, appendix.

[†]The act here referred to, is not comprised in this selection, it having been determined, from their special character, to exclude the acts authorizing de achments from the militia. The section quoted, does not specify any additional cause of fine, but merely declares the detachment to which it relates, subject to the penalties of the "Act for calling forth the militia, &c." which constitutes chapter 3 of this appendix.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That the non-com- Non-commissionmissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of volunteer et officers, nusicians and militia corps, who, subsequent to the thirty-first vates, of volunteer and militia corps, each of the corps, entitled to twelve, shall have been, or may hereafter be, called out, ly pay, rations, while in the service of the United States shall, during and forage, &c. the continuance of the present war between the United army of the U.S. Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependence of the continuance of the present war between the United army of the U.S. Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and the United States of America, and their territories, be entitled to and receive the same monthly pay, rations, and forage, and furnished with the same camp equipage, as are or may be provided by law for the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the army of the United States.

[Approved, February 2, 1813.]

CHAPTER VII.

An act in further addition to an act, entitled "An act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States."*

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress in addition to the miassembled, That, in addition to the officers of the mili-lita provided for by the act, entitled "An act more effectuated, there is tually to provide for the national defence, by establishing in be a division an uniform militia throughout the United States." ap-opening of the opening of proved May the eighth, one thousand seven hundred and ninety two, and by an act in addition to the said recited act, approved March the second, one thousand eight hundred and three, there shall be, to each division, one division inspector, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and one division quartermaster, with the rank of major; to each brigade, one aid-de-camp, with the rank of captain; and the quartermasters of brigade, heretofore provided for by law, shall have the rank of captain. And it shall be incumbent on the said officers to do and perform all the duties which, by law and military principles, are attached to their offices, respectively. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAPTER VIII. An act concerning field officers of the militia.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress heutenat colored

*For original act, see chapter 1, appendix. +See chapter 5, appendix.

1816.

herein to annul

any commission

May next.

in force, &c.

jor, to cach regi- assembled, That, from and after the first day of May ment of minua consisting of two next, instead of one lieutenant-colonel commandant to battations, instead, &c. after each regiment, and one major to each battalion, of the the ist of May, militia, as is provided by the act, entitled "An act more 1516, effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the States," approved May the eighth, one thousand seven hundred and ninety two.* there shall be one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, and one major, to each regiment If only one bat of the militia consisting of two battalions. talion, a major is there shall be only one battalion, it shall be commanded to command. Proviso; nothing by a major: Provided, That nothing contained herein shall be construed to annul any commission in the militia which may be in force, as granted by authority of any state or territory, in pursuance of the act herein recited, and bearing date prior to the said first day of

[Approved, April 20, 1816.]

CHAPTER IX.

rendezvous.

ed by marching An act to defray the expenses of the militia when marching to places of militia to places of rendezvous, upon the president's requisition or calls of state authorities approved by him, to be adjusted and paid in the same manner as

expenses incur-red after arrival.

Proviso; no species of expenditure authorized previously to ar-

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the expenses incurred, or to be incurred, by marching the militia of any state or territory of the United States to their places of rendezvous, in pursuance of a requisition of the president of the United States, or which shall have been, or may be, incurred in cases of calls made by the authority of any state or territory, which shall have been, or may be, approved by him, shall be adjusted and paid in like manner as the expenses incurred after their arrival at such places of rival, not provide rendezvous, on the requisition of the president of the of to be paid for United States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be considered as authorizing any species of expenditure, previous to arriving at the place of rendezvous, which is not provided by existing laws to be paid for

after their arrival at such place of rendezvous.

[Approved, April 20, 1818.]

CHAPTER X.

An act to establish an uniform mode of discipline and field exercise for the militia of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-The system of presentatives of the United States of America in Congress discipline and field exercise observed. That the system of discipline and field exercise observed by the recise, which is and shall be ordered to be observed by observed by the the regular army of the United States, in the different militual corps of infantry, artillery, and riffemen, shall also be observed by the militia, in the exercise and discipline of the said corps, respectively, throughout the United States.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That so much of so much of the the act of congress, approved the eighth of May, one act of 8th May, thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, as approves lishes the baron and establishes the rules and discipline of the baron de rules and discipline of the milline, repealed. litia throughout the United States, he, and the same is hereby, repealed.

[Approved, May 12, 1820.]



SUPPLEMENT.*

IN CONGRESS-June 30, 1775.

Whereas his majesty's most faithful subjects in these colonies are reduced to a dangerous and critical situation, by the attempts of the British ministry, to carry into execution, by force of arms, several unconstitutional and oppressive acts of the British parliament for laying taxes in America, to enforce the collection of those taxes, and for altering and changing the constitution and internal police of some of these colonies, in violation of the natural and civil rights of the colonies.

And whereas hostilities have been actually commenced in Massachusetts bay, by the British troops, under the command of general Gage, and the lives of a number of the inhabitants of that colony destroyed; the town of Boston not only having been long occupied as a garrisoned town in an enemy's country, but the inhabitants thereof treated with a severity and cruelty not to be justified even towards declared enemies.

And whereas large reinforcements have been ordered, and are soon expected, for the declared purpose of compelling these colonies to submit to the operation of the said acts, which hath rendered it necessary, and an indispensable duty, for the express purpose of securing and defending these colonies, and preserving them in safety against all attempts to carry the said acts into execution, that an armed force be raised sufficient to defeat such hostile designs, and preserve and defend the lives, liberties and immunities of the colonists: for the due regulating and well ordering of which;

Resolved, That the following rules and orders be attended to, and observed by such forces as are or may hereafter be

raised for the purposes aforesaid:

ARTICLE I. That every officer who shall be retained, and every soldier who shall serve in the continental army, shall, at the time of his acceptance of his commission or enlist-

*The insertion of the matter comprised in this supplement, is rather a departure from the original design; which was, to embrace such only, of the resolutions of the old congress, as are referred to and recognized by the laws passed under the constitution. It was thought, however, that as these show the origin of our present rules and articles of war, and mark an important event in our history, they might be acceptable, if not useful, to the inquiring reader,

ment, subscribe these rules and regulations. And that the officers and soldiers, already of that army, shall also, as soon as may be, subscribe the same; from the time of which subscription every officer and soldier, shall be bound by those regulations. But if any of the officers or soldiers, now of the said army, do not subscribe these rules and regulations, then they may be retained in the said army, subject to the rules and regulations under which they entered into the service, or be discharged from the service, at the option of the commander in-chief.

II. It is earnestly recommended to all officers and soldiers, diligently to attend divine service; and all officers and soldiers who shall behave indecently or irreverently at any place of divine worship, shall, if commissioned officers, be brought before a court-martial, there to be publicly and severely reprimanded by the president; if non-commissioned officers or soldiers, every person so offending, shall, for his first offence, forfeit one sixth of a dollar, to be deducted out of his next pay; for the second offence, he shall not only forfeit a like sum, but be confined for twenty four hours, and for every like offence, shall suffer and pay in like manner; which money so forfeited, shall be applied to the use of the sick soldiers of the troop or company to which the offender belongs.

111. Whatsoever non-commissioned officer or soldier shall use any profane oath or execuation, shall incur the penalties expressed in the foregoing article; and if a commissioned officer be thus guilty of profane cursing or swearing, he shall forfeit and pay for each and every such offence, the sum of

four shillings, lawful money.

IV. Any officer or soldier, who shall behave himself with contempt or disrespect towards the general or generals, or commanders-in-chief of the continental forces, or shall speak false words, tending to his or their hurt or dishonor, shall be punished according to the nature of his offence, by

the judgment of a general court martial.

V. Any officer or soldier, who shall begin, excite, cause, or join in any mutiny or sedition, in the regiment, troop, or company to which he belongs, or in any other regiment, troop or company of the continental forces, either by land or sea, or in any part, post, detachment, or guard, on any pretence whatsoever, shall suffer such punishment, as by a general court-martial shall be ordered.

VI. Any officer, non-commissioned officer, or soldier, who being present at any mutiny or sedition, does not use his utmost endeavors to suppress the same, or coming to the knowledge of any mutiny, or intended mutiny, does not, without delay, give information thereof to the commanding officer, shall be punished by order of a general court-martial, according to the nature of his offence.

VII. Any officer or soldier, who shall strike his superior

officer, or draw, or offer to draw, or shall lift up any weapon, or offer any violence against him, being in the execution of his office, on any pretence whatsoever, or shall disobey any lawful commands of his superior officer, shall suffer such punishment as shall, according to the nature of his offence, be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

VIII. Any non-commissioned officer, or soldier, who shall desert, or without leave of his commanding officer, absent himself from the troop or company to which he belongs, or from any detachment of the same, shall, upon being convicted thereof, be punished according to the nature of his offerce, at the discretion of a general court martial.

1X. Whatsoever officer, or soldier, shall be convicted of

having advised or persuaded any other officer or soldier, to desert, shall suffer such punishment, as shall be ordered by

the sentence of a general court-martial.

X. All officers, of what condition soever, shall have power to part and quell all quarrels, frays, and disorders, though the persons concerned, should belong to another regiment, troop, or company; and either order officers to be arrested, or non-commissioned officers, or soldiers, to be confined and imprisoned, till their proper superior shall be acquainted therewith: and whoever shall refuse to obey such officer, (though of an inferior rank,) or shall draw his sword upon him, shall be punished at the discretion of a general courtmartial.

XI. No officer or soldier shall use any reproachful or provoking speeches or gestures to another, nor shall presume to send a challenge to any person to fight a duel; And whoever shall, knowingly and willingly, suffer any person whatsoever to go forth to fight a duel, or shall second, promote, or carry any challenge, shall be deemed as a principal; and whatsoever officer or soldier shall upbraid another for refusing a challenge, shall also be considered as a challenger; and all such offenders, in any of these or such like cases, shall be

punished at the discretion of a general court-martial.

XII. Every officer, commanding in quarters or on a march, shall keep good order, and, to the utmost of his power, redress all such abuses or disorders which may be committed by any officer or soldier under his command: If upon any complaint being made to him, of officers or soldiers beating, or otherwise ill-treating any person, or of committing any kind of riot, to the disquieting of the inhabitants of this continent; he the said commander, who shall refuse or omit to see justice done on the offender or offenders, and reparation made to the party or parties injured, as far as the offender's wages shall enable him or them, shall, upon due proof thereof, be punished as ordered by a general courtmartial, in such manner as if he himself had committed the crimes or disorders complained of.

XIII. If any officer should think himself to be wronged by

his colonel or the commanding officer of the regiment, and shall, upon due application made to him, be refused to be redressed, he may complain to the general or commander-inchief of the continental forces, in order to obtain justice, who is hereby required to examine into said complaint, and

see that justice be done.

XIV. If any inferior officer or soldier, shall think himself wronged by his captain or other officer commanding the troop or company to which he belongs, he is to complain thereof to the commanding officer of the regiment, who is hereby required to summon a regimental court-martial, for the doing justice to the complainant; from which regimental court-martial, either party may, if he thinks himself still aggrieved, appeal to a general court-martial; but if, upon a second hearing, the appeal shall appear to be vexatious and groundless, the person so appealing, shall be punished at the discretion of the general court-martial.

XV. Whatsoever non-commissioned officer or soldier, shall be convicted, at a regimental court martial, of having sold, or designedly, or through neglect, wasted the ammunition, arms, or provisions, or other military stores, delivered out to him, to be employed in the service of this continent, shall, if an officer, be reduced to a private sentinel; and if a private soldier, shall suffer such punishment as shall be or-

dered by a regimental court-martial.

XVI. All non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who shall be found one mile from the camp, without leave in writing from their commanding officer, shall suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted on him or them by the sen-

tence of a regimental court-martial.

XVII. No officer or soldier shall lie out of his quarters or camp, without leave from the commanding officer of the regiment, upon penalty of being punished according to the nature of his offence, by order of a regimental courtmartial.

XVIII. Every non-commissioned officer and soldier shall retire to his quarters, or tent, at the beating of the retreat; in default of which, he shall be punished according to the nature of his offence, by order of the commanding officer.

XIX. No officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier, shall fail of repairing, at the time fixed, to the place of parade or exercise, or other rendezvous appointed by the commanding officer, if not prevented by sickness or some other evident necessity; or shall go from the said place of rendezvous, or from his guard, without leave from his commanding officer, before he shall be regularly dismissed or relieved, on penalty of being punished according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a regimental court-martial.

XX. Whatsoever commissioned officer shall be found drunk on his guard, party, or duty, under arms, shall be cashiered for it; any non-commissioned officer or soldier so

offending, shall suffer such punishment as shall be ordered

by the sentence of a regimental court-martial.

XXI. Whatsoever sentinel shall be found sleeping upon his post, or shall leave it before he shall be regularly relieved, shall suffer such punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court martial.

XXII. Any person belonging to the continental army, who, by discharging of fire arms, beating of drums, or by any other means whatsoever, shall occasion false alarms, in camp or quarters, shall suffer such punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

XXIII. Any officer or soldier, who shall, without urgent necessity, or without leave of his superior officer, quit his platoon or division, shall be punished according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a regimental court-

martial.

XXIV. No officer or soldier shall do violence, or offer any insult, or abuse, to any person who shall bring provisions, or other necessaries, to the camp or quarters of the continental army; any officer or soldier so offending, shall, upon complaint being made to the commanding officer, suffer such punishment as shall be ordered by a regimental court-martial.

XXV. Whatsoever officer or soldier shall shamefully abandon any post committed to his charge, or shall speak words inducing others to do the like, in time of an engagement,

shall suffer death immediately.

XXVI. Any person belonging to the continental army, who shall make known the watch-word to any person who is not entitled to receive it, according to the rules and discipline of war, or shall presume to give a parole, or watch-word, different from what he received, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

XXVII. Whosoever belonging to the continental army, shall relieve the enemy with money, victuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbor or protect an enemy, shall suffer such punishment as by a general court-martial shall be or-

dered.

XXVIII. Whosoever belonging to the continental army, shall be convicted of holding correspondence with, or of giving intelligence to, the enemy, either directly or indirectly, shall suffer such punishment as by a general courtmartial shall be ordered.

XXIX. All public stores taken in the enemy's camp or magazines, whether of artillery, ammunition, clothing, or provisions, shall be secured for the use of the United Colonies.

XXX. If any officer or soldier shall leave his post or colors, in time of an engagement, to go in search of plunder, he shall, upon being convicted thereof before a general courtmartial, suffer such punishment as by the said court-martial

shall be ordered.

XXXI. If any commander of any post, intrenchment, or fortress, shall be compelled, by the officers or soldiers under his command, to give it up to the enemy, or to abandon it, the commissioned officer, non-commisssioned officers, or soldiers, who shall be convicted of having so offended, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as may be inflicted upon them by the sentence of a general court-martial.

XXXII. All sutlers and retailers to a camp, and all persons whatsoever, serving with the continental army in the field, though not enlisted soldiers, are to be subject to the articles, rules, and regulations of the continental army.

XXXIII. No general court-martial shall consist of a less number than thirteen, none of which shall be under the degree of a commissioned officer; and the president shall be a field officer: And the president of each and every court-martial, whether general or regimental, shall have power to administer an oath to every witness, in order to the trial of offenders. And the members of all courts-martial shall be duly sworn by the president; and the next in rank on the court martial, shall administer the oath to the president.

XXXIV. The members, both of general and regimental courts-martial, shall, when belonging to different corps, take the same rank which they hold in the army; but when courts-martial shall be composed of officers of one corps, they shall take their ranks according to their commissions by which

they are mustered in the said corps.

XXXV. All the members of a court-martial, are to behave with calmness, decency, and impartiality; and in giving of their votes, are to begin with the youngest or lowest in commission.

XXXVI. No field officer shall be tried by any person under the degree of a captain; nor shall any proceedings or trials be carried on, excepting between the hours of eight in the morning, and three in the afternoon, except in cases which

require an immediate example.

XXXVII. The commissioned officers of every regiment may, by the appointment of their colonel or commanding officer, hold regimental courts-martial for the inquiring into such disputes or criminal matters as may come before them, and for the inflicting corporeal punishment, for small offences, and shall give judgment by the majority of voices; but no sentence shall be executed till the commanding officer (not being a member of the court-martial) shall have confirmed the same.

XXXVIII. No regimental court-martial shall consist of less than five officers, excepting the cases where that number cannot be conveniently assembled, when three may be sufficient; who are likewise to determine upon the sentence by the majority of voices; which sentence is to be confirmed

by the commanding officer, not being a member of the courtmartial.

XXXIX. Every officer commanding in any fort, castle, or barrack, or elsewhere, where the corps under his command consists of detachments from different regiments or of independent companies, may assemble courts-martial for the trial of offenders in the same manner as if they were regimental, whose sentence is not to be executed till it shall be confirmed by the said commanding officer.

XL. No person whatsoever shall use menacing words, signs, or gestures in the presence of a court-martial then sitting, or shall cause any disorder or riot, so as to disturb their proceeding, on the penalty of being punished at the

discretion of the said court-martial.

XLI. To the end that offenders may be brought to justice; whenever any officer or soldier shall commit a crime deserving punishment, he shall, by his commanding officer, if an officer, be put in arrest; if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, be imprisoned till he shall be either tried by a courtmartial, or shall be lawfully discharged by proper authority.

XLII. No officer or soldier who shall be put in arrest, or imprisonment, shall continue in his confinement more than eight days, or till such time as a court-martial can be conve-

niently assembled.

XLIII. No officer commanding a guard, or provost marshal, shall refuse to receive or keep any prisoner committed to his charge, by an officer belonging to the continental forces; which officer shall at the same time deliver an account in writing, signed by himself, of the crime with which the said prisoner is charged.

* XLIV. No officer commanding a guard, or provost-marshal, shall presume to release any prisoner committed to his charge, without proper authority for so doing; nor shall he suffer any prisoner to escape, on the penalty of being punished for it, by the sentence of a general court-martial.

XLV. Every officer or provost marshal, to whose charge prisoners shall be committed, is hereby required, within twenty-four hours after such commitment, or as soon as he shall be relieved from his guard, to give in writing to the colonel of the regiment to whom the prisoner belongs (where the prisoner is confined upon the guard belonging to the said regiment, and that his offence only relates to the neglect of duty in his own corps,) or to the commander-inchief, their names, their crimes and the names of the officers who committed them, on the penalty of being punished for his disobedience or neglect, at the discretion of a general court-martial.

XLVI. And if any officer under arrest shall leave his confinement before he is set at liberty by the officer who confined him, or by a superior power, he shall be cashiered for it. XI.VII. Whatsoever commissioned officer shall be convicted before a general court-martial, of behaving in a scandalous, infamous manner, such as is unbecoming the character of an officer and a gentleman, shall be discharged from the service.

XLVIII. All officers, conductors, gunners, matrosses, drivers, or any other persons whatsoever, receiving pay or hire, in the service of the continental artillery, shall be governed by the aforesaid rules and articles, and shall be subject to be tried by courts-martial, in like manner with the of-

ficers and soldiers of the continental troops.

XLIX. For differences arising amongst themselves, or in matters relating solely to their own corps, the courts-martial may be composed of their own officers; but where a number sufficient of such officers cannot be assembled, or in matters wherein other corps are interested, the officers of artillery shall sit in courts-martial, with the officers of the other corps.

L. All crimes, not capital, and all disorders and neglects, which officers and soldiers may be guilty of, to the projudice of good order and military discipline, though not mentioned in the articles of war, are to be taken cognizance of by a general or regimental court-martial, according to the nature and degree of the offence, and be punished at their discre-

tion.

LI. That no persons shall be sentenced by a court-martial to suffer death, except in the cases expressly mentioned in the foregoing articles; nor shall any punishment be inflicted at the discretion of a court-martial, other than degrading, cashiering, drumming out of the army, whipping not exceeding thirty nine lashes, fine not exceeding two months' pay of the offender, imprisonment not exceeding one month.

Ltl. The field officers of each and every regiment are to appoint some suitable person belonging to such regiment, to receive all such fines as may arise within the same, for any breach of any of the foregoing articles, and shall direct the same to be carefully and properly applied to the relief of such sick, wounded, or necessitous soldiers as belong to such regiment; and such person shall account with such officer for all fines received, and the application thereof.

LIII. All members sitting in courts-martial shall be sworn by the president of said courts, which president shall himself be sworn by the officer in said court next in rank: The oath to be administered previous to their proceeding to

the trial of any offender, in form following, viz:

"You A. B. swear that you will well and truly try, and impartially determine the cause of the prisoner now to be tried, according to the rules for regulating the continental army. So help you God."

LIV. All persons called to give evidence, in any case, be-

fore a court-martial, who shall refuse to give evidence, shall be punished for such refusal at the discretion of such courtmartial:—The oath to be administered in the following form, viz:

"You swear the evidence you shall give in the case now in hearing, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but

the truth. So help you God."

LV. Every officer commanding a regiment, troop, or company, shall, upon notice given to him by the commissary of the musters, or from one of his deputies, assemble the regiment, troop, or company under his command, in the next

convenient place for their being mustered.

LVI. Every colonel or other field officer, or officer commanding any corps, to which there is no field officer, and actually residing with it, may give furloughs to non-commissioned officers and soldiers, in such numbers, and for so long a time, as he shall judge to be most consistent with the good of the service; but no non-commissioned officer or soldier shall, by leave of his captain, or inferior officer, commanding the troop or company, (his field officer not being present,) be absent above twenty days in six months, nor shall more than two private men be absent at the same time from their troop or company, excepting some extraordinary occasion should require it, of which occasion the field officer present with, and commanding the regiment or independent corps, is to be judge.

LVII. At every muster the commanding officer of each regiment, troop, or company, then present, shall give to the commissary of musters certificates signed by himself, signifying how long such officers, non-commissioned officers, and soldiers, who shall not appear at the said muster, have been absent, and the reason of their absence; which reasons, and the time of absence, shall be inserted in the muster-rolls, opposite to the respective names of such absentees: The said certificates shall, together with the muster-rolls, be by the said commissary transmitted to the general, and to this or any future congress of the Umted Colonies, or committee appointed thereby, within twenty days next after such muster being taken; on failure whereof, the commissary so of-

fending shall be discharged from the service.

LVIII. Every officer who shall be convicted before a general court-martial of having signed a false certificate, relating to the absence of either officers, non-commissioned

officer, or private soldier, shall be cashiered.

LIX. Every officer, who shall knowingly make a false muster of man or horse, and every officer or commissary who shall willingly sign, direct, or allow the signing of the muster-rolls, wherein such false muster is contained, shall, upon proof made thereof, by two witnesses, before a general courtmartial, be cashiered, and moreover forfeit all such pay as

may be due to him at the time of conviction for such offence.

LN. Any commissary who shall be convicted of having taken any gift or gratuity on the mustering any regiment, troop or company, or on the signing the muster rolls, shall be displaced from his office, and forfeit his pay, as in the preceding aritcle.

LXI. Any officer who shall presume to muster any person as a soldier, who is at other times accustamed to wear a livery, or who does not actually do his duty as a soldier, shall be deemed guilty of having made a false muster, and shall

suffer accordingly.

LXII. Every officer who shall knowingly make a false return to the commander-in-chief of the American forces, or to any his superior officer, authorized to call for such returns, of the state of the regiment, troop, independent company, or garrison under his command, or of arms, ammunition, clothing, or other stores thereunto belonging, shall, by

a court-martial, be cashiered.

LXIII. The commanding officer of every regiment, troop, independent company, or garrison, in the service aforesaid, shall, in the beginning of every month, remit to the commander-in-chief of said forces, an exact return of the state of the regiment, troop, independent company, or garrison under his command, specifying the names of the officers not then residing at their posts, and the reason for, and the time of their absence: whoever shall be convicted of having, through neglect or design, omitted the sending such returns, shall be punished according to the nature of his crime, by the judgment of a general court-martial.

LXIV. No satter shall be permitted to sell any kind of liquors or victuals, or to keep their houses or shops open, for the entertainment of soldiers, after nine at night, or before the beating of the reveilles, or upon Sundays, during divine service or sermon, on the penalty of being dismissed from all

future sutling.

LXV. All officers commanding in the camp, or in any forts, barracks, or garrisons, are hereby required to see that the persons permitted to suttle shall supply the soldiers with good and wholesome provisions at a reasonable price,

as they shall be answerable for their neglect.

LXVI. No officers commanding in any camp, garrisons, forts, or barracks, shall either themselves exact exorbitant prices for houses or stalls let out to sutlers, or shall connive at the like exactions in others, nor lay any duty or impositions upon, or be interested in the sale of such victuals, liquors, or other necessaries of life, which are brought into the camp, garrison, fort or barracks, for the use of the soldiers, on the penalty of being discharged from the service.

LXVII. That the general, or commander-in-chief for the time being, shall have full power of pardoning, or mitigating

any of the punishments ordered to be inflicted, for any of the offences mentioned in the foregoing articles; and every offender, convicted as aforesaid, by any regimental court-martial, may be pardoned, or have his punishment mitigated by

the colonel or officer commanding the regiment.

LXVIII. When any commissioned officer shall happen to die, or be killed in the service of the United Colonies, the major of the regiment, or the officer doing the major's duty in his absence, shall immediately secure all his effects or equipage, then in camp or quarters; and shall, before the next regimental court martial, make an inventory thereof, and forthwith transmit to the office of the secretary of the congress, or assembly of the province in which the corps is stationed or shall happen to be at the time of the death of such officer; to the end that his executors may, after the payment of his debts in quarters, and interment, receive the overplus, if any be, to his or their use.

LXIX. When any non-commissioned officer or private soldier, shall happen to die, or be killed in the service of the United Colonies, the then commanding officer of the troop or company, shall, in the presence of two other commissioned officers, take an account of whatever effects he dies possessed of, and transmit the same, as in the case above provided for, in order that the same may be secured for, and

paid to their respective representatives.

IN CONGRESS-November 7, 1775.

Resolved, That the following additions and alterations or amendments, be made in the RULES and REGULATIONS of the continental army.

1. All persons convicted of holding a treacherous correspondence with, or giving intelligence to the enemy, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as a general court-martial shall think proper.

11. All commissioned officers found guilty by a general court-martial of any fraud or embezzlement, shall forfeit all his pay, be ipso facto cashiered, and deemed unfit for far-

ther service as an officer.

III. All non-commissioned officers and soldiers, convicted before a regimental court-martial of stealing, embezzling or destroying ammunition, provision, tools, or any thing belonging to the public stores, if a non-commissioned officer, to be reduced to the ranks, and punished with whipping, not less than fifteen, nor more than thirty-nine lashes, at the discretion of the court-martial; if a private soldier with the same corporeal punishment.

IV. In all cases where a commissioned officer is cashiered

for cowardice or fraud, it be added in the punishment, that the crime, name, place of abode, and punishment of the delinquent be published in the newspapers, in and about the camp, and of that colony from which the offender came, or usually resides: after which it shall be deemed scandalous in any officer to associate with him.

V. Any officer or soldier, who shall begin, excite, cause, or join in any mutiny or sedition in the regiment, troop, or company to which he belongs, or in any other regiment, troop, or company of the continental forces, either by land or sea, or in any party, post, detachment or guard, on any pretence whatsoever, shall suffer death, or such other punishment, as a general court-martial shall direct.

VI. Any officer or soldier, who shall desert to the enemy, and afterwards be taken, shall suffer death, or such other

punishment, as a general court-martial shall direct.

VII. Whatsoever commissioned officer shall be found drunk on his guard, party, or other duty under arms, shall be cashiered and drummed out of the army with infamy; any non-commissioned officer or soldier, so offending, shall be sentenced to be whipt, not less than twenty, nor more than thirty-nine lashes, according to the nature of the offence.

VIII. Whatsoever officer or soldier, placed as a sentinel, shall be found sleeping upon his post, or shall leave it before he shall be regularly relieved, if a commissioned officer, shall be cashiered, and drummed out of the army with infamy; if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, shall be sentenced to be whipt, not less than twenty, nor more than thirty-nine

lashes, according to the nature of the offence.

IX. No officer or soldier shall lie out of his quarters or camp, without leave from the commanding officer of the regiment, upon penalty, if an officer, of being mulcted one month's pay for the first offence, and cashiered for the second; if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, of being confined seven days on bread and water for the first offence; and the same punishment and a forfeiture of a week's pay for the second.

X. Whatsoever officer or soldier shall misbehave himself before the enemy, or shamefully abandon any post committed to his charge, or shall speak words inducing others to do the

like, shall suffer death.

XI. All public stores taken in the enemy's camp or magazines, whether of artillery, ammunition, clothing, or provisions, shall be secured for the use of the United Colonies: and all commissioned officers, found guilty, by general courtmartial, of embezzling the same, or any of them, shall forfeit all his pay, be ipso facto cashiered, and deemed unfit for farther service as an officer. And all non-commissioned officers and soldiers, convicted before a regimental court-martial of stealing or embezzling the same, if a non-commissioned of the same, if a non-commissioned of the same is a non-commissioned of the same

with whipping, not less than fifteen, nor more than thirtynine lashes, at the discretion of the court-martial; if a pri-

vate soldier, with the same punishment.

XII. If any officer or soldier, shall leave his post or colors, in time of an engagement, to go in search of plunder, he shall, if a commissioned officer, he cashiered, and drummed out of the army with infamy, and forfeit all share of plunder; if a non-commissioned officer or soldier, he whipped, not less than twenty, nor more than thirty uine lashes, according to the nature of the offence, and forfeit all share of the plunder taken from the enemy.

XIII. Every officer commanding a regiment, troop, or company, shall, upon notice given to him by the commissary of the musters, or from one of his deputies, assemble the regiment, troop, or company under his command, in the next convenient place for their being mustered, on penalty of his

being cashiered, and mulcted of his pay.

XIV. At every muster, the commanding officer of each regiment, troop, or company there present, shall give to the commissary of musters, certificates signed by himself, signifying how long such officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who shall not appear at the said muster, have been absent, and the reason of their absence, which reasons and the time of absence, shall be inserted in the muster rolls, opposite the names of such absentees: and the surgeons or their mates, shall at the same time give to the commissary of musters a certificate signed by them, signifying the state of health or sickness of those under their care, and the said certificate shall, together with the muster rolls, be by the said commissary transmitted to the general, and to this or any future congress of the United Colonies, or committee appointed thereby, within twenty days next after such muster being taken, on failure whereof, the commissary so offending, shall be discharged from the service.

XV. Every officer who shall be convicted before a general court-martial, of having signed a false certificate, relating to the absence of either officer, non-commissioned officer, or private soldier; and every surgeon or mate, convicted of signing a false certificate, relating to the health or sickness

of those under his care, shall be cashiered.

XVI. All officers and soldiers who shall wilfully, or through negligence, disobey any general or special orders, shall be punished at the discretion of a regimental court-martial, where the offence is against a regimental order; and at the discretion of a general court-martial, where the offence is against an order given from the commander-in-chief, or the commanding officer of any detachment or post, and such general court-martial can be had.





